

MAECCANO

(TRADE MARK 296321)

INSTRUCTIONS

BOOK No. 1.

2/6

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No. 19

ENGLISH EDITION



MECCANO

Hornby's Original System, First Patented 1901

PATENTS & DESIGNS, GREAT BRITAIN:

577,272

577,207

648,958

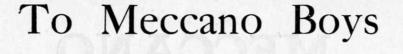
 22,962-13
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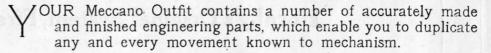
 20,535-13
 4183-14

 21,117-12
 3869-14

4564-15 103,537-17

PATENTED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD





The value of a constructional system does not lie in the number of parts which it contains, but entirely in the uses to which the various parts can be put. It is a sweeping statement to make, but a perfectly true one, that Meccano will do all and more than all other constructional toys put together, and that no other system will do the same as Meccano. Every other metal constructional toy is an imitation of Meccano, which was the first toy of its kind. The genius and knowledge and experience are in the Meccano parts. Each part will fill a hundred different purposes in a perfect manner, and there is no limit to the uses to which they can be applied.

Meccano is sold as a children's toy, to give them fun, interest them, and instruct them in the fascinating wonders of engineering, but every day sees a fresh use for it. Engineers and architects use it for designing models and inventing movements. Professors and teachers in technical schools use it to demonstrate mechanical principles to their students. We have received enthusiastic letters from inventors who have designed practical commercial machines with Meccano parts for weaving and other purposes. It is largely used in institutions for the blind, for teaching patients, and in very many children's hospitals it brings happiness and relief to thousands of afflicted ones.

To Meccano Boys-(continued).

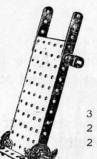
There is no hard work attached to building Meccano models. All the work and thought have been put into the parts when they were designed, and all you have to do is to follow the instructions, and screw the parts together.

Bright boys are inventing new Meccano models every day, and sending them in to win prizes in our big competitions. These new models will be included in subsequent editions which we shall publish from time to time, and which you should look out for and secure as they are published. Notification of these will be made in the **Meccano Magazine** and through your dealers. If you are not already a Subscriber to the **Meccano Magazine**, we strongly recommend that you write us at once to have your name placed on our list so that you may not miss any of the pleasures of Meccano.

MECCANO PRIZE COMPETITIONS

MONEY AND FAME FOR MECCANO BOYS. Each year there is a big Meccano Prize Competition, in which we offer big prizes in money, and new Meccano Outfits to clever boys, who are able to design new models. Send your own ideas in, and get your share of the prize money. Be sure to ask your dealer for full particulars and entry forms. If you have any difficulty send us a postcard, and we will see that you get what you want. There are no entrance fees or restrictions of any kind.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—In some of the models throughout this manual we have made use of the Meccano Braced Girder, large wheels, sprocket wheels and chain, etc., which are only supplied in the Inventor's Accessory Outfit, or as separate parts. We have employed these parts, as they improve the appearance and working of the models, and they also form a suggestion for the use of the Inventor's Accessory Outfit, but in every case the same models may be effectively built with the parts contained in the regular Meccano outfits.



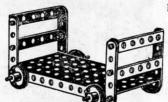
Types of Trucks and Luggage Carts

Model No. 1

Parts Required:

3	of	No.	5	1	of	No.	15A
2	,,	,,	10	2	,,	,,	22
2	,,	,,	12	8	,,	,,	37
		1	of	No.	52		

Model No. 2

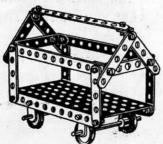


Parts Required:

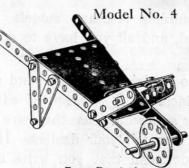
4	of	No.	5
4	,,	,,	60
2	,,	,,	15A
4	,,	,,	22

Model No. 3 Parts

Required:



3 of No. 2



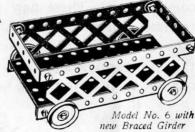
Parts Required :

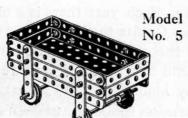
2	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	24
9	,,	,,	5			,,	
		,,				,,	
1	,,	,,	17	1 1	"	"	54



Parts

R	eq	uired	:
4	of	No.	2
4	,,	,,	5
4	,,	,,	60
2	,,	,,	15A
4	,,	,,	22
12	,,	,,	37
1			E2

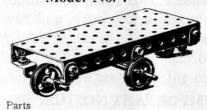




Parts Required:

1	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	22
1	,,	,,	5	20	,,	,,	37
1	,,	,,	60 15 _A	1	,,	,,	52
2			15A				

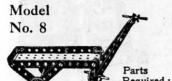
Model No. 7



1	Rec	uire	d:				
2	of	No.	10	2	of	No.	22A
8	,,	,,	12	4	,,	,,	35
1	,,	,,	15A	10	,,	.,	37
2	,,	,,	17	1	,,	,,	52
2			22				



Fig. 7A



Types of Trucks and Luggage Carts (continued)

Parts

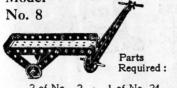
Required:

4 of No. 2

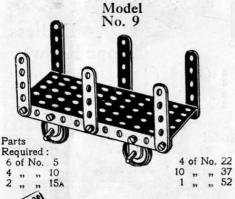
8 " " 5 2 " " 15A 4 " " 22

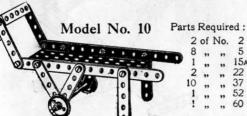
1 ,, ,, 52

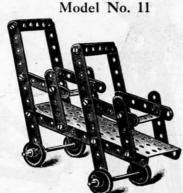
Parts

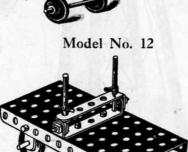


2	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	24
		**				**	
1	,,	**	15A			**	
2			17		**		
2	**		22 2 of			"	52







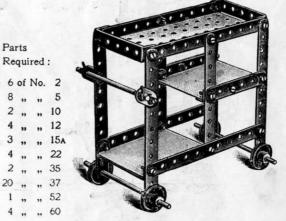


Parts	4 of No. 22
Required:	2 ,, ,, 35
4 of No. 10	8 " " 37
2 " " 15A	1 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 17	2 ,, ,, 60

Model No. 13

Parts Required: 2 of No. 15A 4 " " 22 1 " " 52

Model No. 14

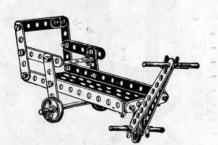


The two lower platforms are constructed out of pieces of ordinary cardboard, their outer edges resting on 21" bent strips and their inner edges on angle brackets.



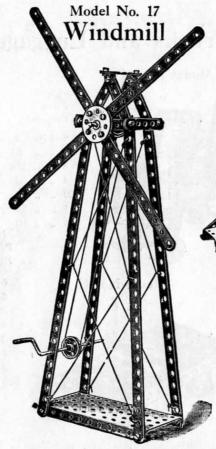
Model No. 15 Swing

P	art	S	
R	equ	iired	:
4	of	No.	1
1	,,	,,	2
6	"	.,,	5
4	,,	,,	12
12	,,	,,	37
1	,,	,,	52
3			60



Model No. 16 Bath Chair

	2	of	No	2	4	of	No.	35
Parts Required:	6	,,	,,	5			,,	37
	1	,,	**	15A	1	"	,,	
	2	**	**	17	1	12	.,,	52
	3			22	- 3		20	60



Model No. 18 Well Windlass

Parts 4 , , , 12
Required: 1 , , , 12
2 2 . , , 22



	4	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	19	1	12	of	No.	37
Parts	4	,,	,,	5	4	,,	.,	22 22 _A	1	1	,,	,,	52
Required:	8	,,	,,	12	2	"	,,	22A	1	2	"		54
	3			15A	4	.,	**	35	1	2	**	**	60

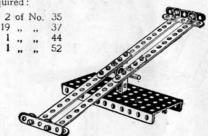
Model No. 20 Seesaw

Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	2	of	No.	35	
6	,,	,,	5	19		.,	37	
		,,	12	1		**	44	
1	,,	,,	17	1	**		52	



4	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	15A	4	of	No.	35
.4	,,	,,	2	1	,,	,,	19 22 24	20	,,	,,	37
7	"	,,	5	2	,,		22	1	"	"	52
2	**	**	12	1	"	**	24	2	**	,,	60



Rope Railway

Model No. 21

Travelling Ladder

Parts
Required:
6 of No. 2
4 5
2 15A
4 22
16 37
1 52
4 60



Parts Required: 4 of No. 2

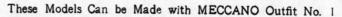
2 of No. 12 12 .. , 37 4 .. , 60

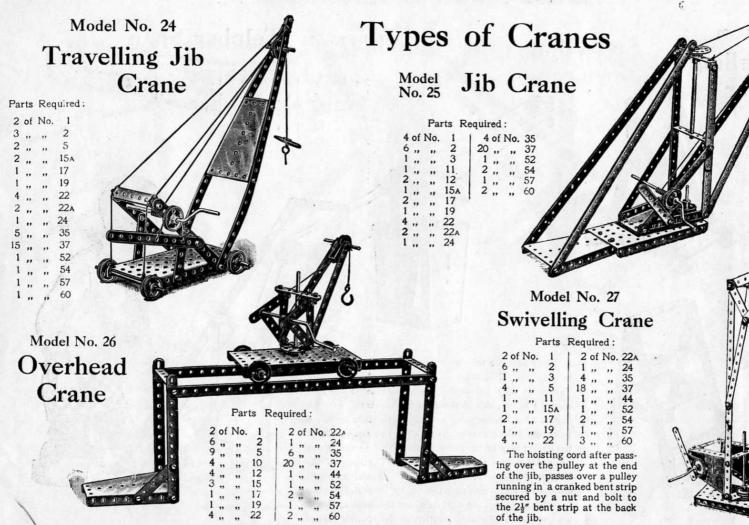
Model No. 23 Telpher Span

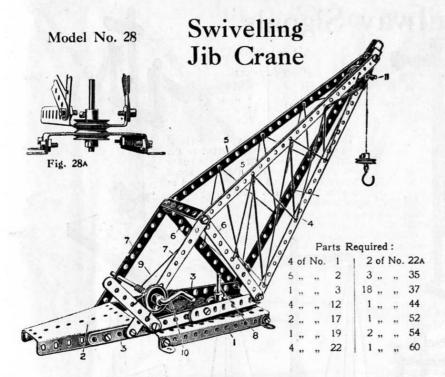
Parts Required:



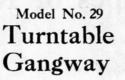
Many hours of enjoyment can be obtained from this model. The illustration shows just how it is worked. The cords may be made to any length, and the load carried from one side of the room to the other. In order to give a better grip, the operating cord should be wound twice round the crank handle pulley. The open sides of the bucket may be filled in with cardboard, so that it can be loaded with marbles, or beads, etc. The body of the Telpher should be screwed down on to a solid base with ordinary wood screws, and the pulley bracket, and that to which is secured the cord on which the bucket travels, are screwed in a suitable position on the opposite side of the room.







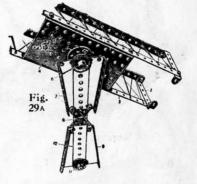
The fixed base of this Crane is a perforated flanged plate 1, and the swivelling base of the Crane is formed by two sector plates 2 and 3. The jib is formed from two $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips 4 bolted to the ends of the sector plate 3, two other $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips 5 being bolted to the top of the strips 4 and to cross strips 6, the outer ends of these latter strips being stayed by strips 7 bolted to the other sector plate. The upper structure of the Crane swivels about a rod 8, and is secured as shown in Fig. 28A. The winding rope 9 is operated by the crank handle 10 and passes over a pulley in the head of the Crane on a short rod 11.





Parts Required:

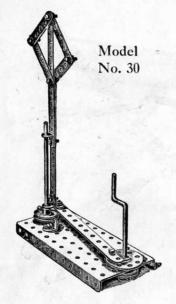
4 of	No.	1	19	of	No.	37
2 "	,,	5	1	,,	,,	52
2 "	,,	17	2	,,	,,	54
3 "	,,	22	4	,,	,,	60
1 ,,	,,	24				



The side frames of the gangway are made of $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 1 bolted by means of $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips 2 to lower strips 3, the strips 3 and 1 being set at right angles to each other, and the side frames being connected by a perforated flanged plate 4. A bush wheel 5 is bolted to the underside of the flanged plate and fitted with a rod on which is mounted a 1" pulley 6, the rod passing through one of the end holes of a sector plate 7. This sector plate 7 is connected by diagonal strips 8 to another sector plate 9, through the end hole of which a rod 10 is threaded carrying two 1" pulleys 11. An operating cord 12 passes from the pulley 11 to the pulley 6. In this way the gangway may be rotated by operating the spindle 10.

10

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 1



Parts Required:

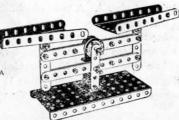
3	of	No.	2	3	of	No.	22
4	"	,,	5	1	,,	,,	24
4			12	14	,,	,,	37
1	,,	"	15A	1	"	,,	52
1			19				

Model No. 33

Scales

Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	1 2	of	No.	22A
8	,,	,,	5	4	,,		35
1	,,		11	1 19	"	,,	37
	,,		12	1	,,	,,	52
2	,,	,,	17	1 2	"	"	54



Types of Railway Signals

Model No. 31

In fixing the lever to the lower end of the sector plate. lock the nuts, so as to prevent the screw from working out.

Parts Required:

4	OI	140.	1
	,,	,,	2
1	,,	,,	3
4	,,	.,	12
1	,,	,,	17
2	"	**	22
19	,,	**	37
2	,,	,,	35
1		440	52

2 of No 1

Model No. 32

Parts Required:		Parts	Red	uired	:
-----------------	--	-------	-----	-------	---

3	of	No.	2	1	of	No	22	
9	,,	,,	5	1	.,	,,	35	(
1	,,	,,	11	16	.,	**	37	
1	,,	**	1/	1 1	,,	**	52	

The two outside signals of this Model are operated by the levers pivoted to the upright, and the centre signal by the pulley wheel. The cord operating this latter signal is securely tied round the pulley wheel so that when the wheel is turned the signal is raised or lowered.

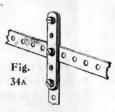


of this model is pivoted in a slot at the top of the upright standard. This slot is formed by bolting a 21in. strip to the standard, nuts being placed between the strip and the standard

Model No. 34

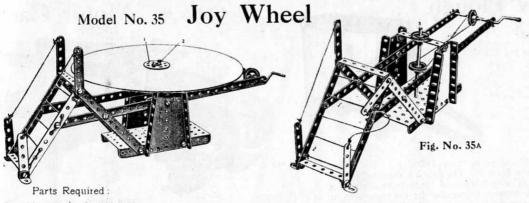
before screwing up. These nuts hold the strip and the standard at the required distance apart to give the beam free play.





Parts Required:

2	of	No.	1	19	of	No.	37
		,,	5 12	1	,,	,,	52
		,,	5	2		,,	
4			12	2			60



2 of No. 1 | 3 of No. 22 4 , , , 2 | 1 , , , 24 4 , , , 5 | 3 , , , 35 2 , , , 12 | 20 , , , 37 1 , , , 15A | 1 , , , 52 1 , , , 19 | 2 , , , 54 3 , , , 60

Parts

Required 4 of No.

37

The driving mechanism and construction of the framework of this model are clearly brought out in Fig. 35A. Cut out a circular piece of cardboard, 8" in diameter, and in the centre of the disc fix a bush wheel 1 by nuts and bolts 2. The eye of the bush wheel is then threaded over the top of the vertical spindle 3, and secured by its set-screw. The rotating table is cut out of a piece of ordinary cardboard.

Model No. 36

Go Chair

Parts

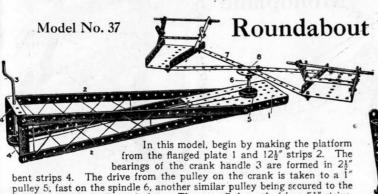
Required:
2 of No. 2
7 ,, ,, 5
2 ,, ,, 15A
4 ,, ,, 22
13 ,, ,, 37
2 ,, ,, 60

Model No. 38

Cot on Wheels

Parts Required:

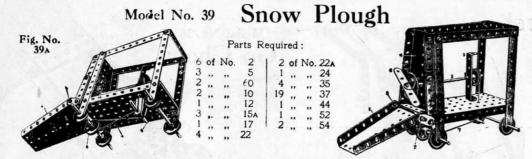
4 of No. 2 | 4 of No. 22
6 , , 5 | 17 , , 37
2 , , 12 | 3 , , 60



spindle beneath the flanged plate. The arms 7, formed of four 5%" strips,

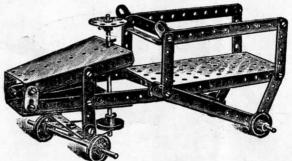
are bolted to a bush wheel 8 fast on the spindle 6.

Fig. 38A Cot with new Braced Girder



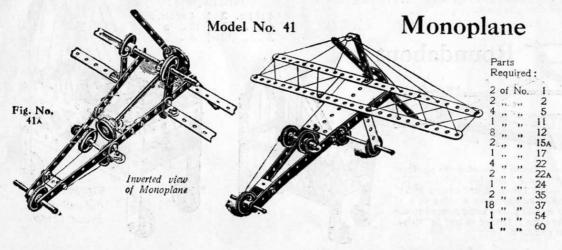
The construction of the framework of this Model presents no difficulty. The sector plate 1 forming the plough is loosely pivoted on the bolts 2. The axle 3 is mounted in the front sector plate 4 and the $2\frac{1}{8}$ " bent strip 5. A $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strip 6 is bolted by angle brackets to a bush wheel on the front of the axle and forms a dispersing propeller for the snow after it ries up the inclined sector plate 1. A continuous cord 7 is passed round a 1" pulley wheel 8 and round a short axle 9 and a 1" pulley wheel on the propeller axle. In this way, as the plough is moved along the track, the propeller is revolved.

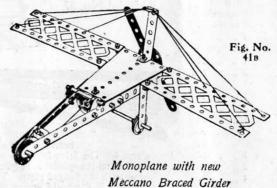
Model No. 40 Motor Cart

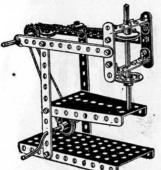


Parts Required:

6	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	24
	,,	**	5		**	,,	35
	.,	**	10	20	,,	**	37
3	,,	**	15A	1	"	"	52
3	**	**	22	2	**	**	54
2	**	**	22A	4	**	**	60



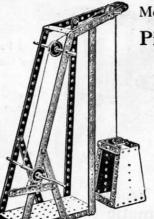




Model No. 42 Drilling Machine

Parts Required:

5 " " 5 6 " " 12 2 " " 15A 1 " 19 4 " 22 1 " 24 4 " 35 18 " 37	4	of	No.	2
2 " " 15A 1 " 19 4 " " 22 1 " 24 4 " 35 18 " 37 1 " 52	5	,,	,,	200
1 " " 19 4 " " 22 1 " " 24 4 " " 35 18 " " 37 1 " " 52		,,	,,	V/00/35000
4 " " 22 1 " " 24 4 " " 35 18 " " 37 1 " " 52		"	"	
1 " " 24 4 " " 35 18 " " 37 1 " " 52		"	**	
4 " " 35 18 " " 37 1 " " 52	4	"	,,	22
18 , , 37	10.70	,,,	**	24
1 52	0.015	,,	"	100000
	18	"	**	50180
1 54	572	**	**	
1 11 11 04	1	**	**	54



Model No. 43

Pit Headgear

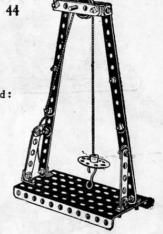
Parts	1	Requ	ired:
4	of	No.	1
4	,,	**	3 5
1 4	**	**	- 3
4	**	"	11
1	**	**	15A
i	"	"	17
1	"	"	19
1 1 3 2 24	,,	"	22
2	,,	,,	35
24	,,	"	37
1 2	"	**	22 35 37 52 54
~	**	**	04

Model No. 44

Hoisting Block

Parts Required:

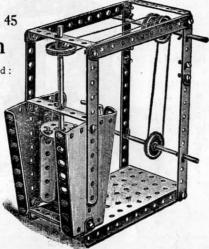
. 4	of	No.	2
3	,,	**	5
8	"	33	12
1	"	"	17
1	"	"	22
22	"	"	24 37
1	**	"	52
i	"	"	57
i	**	"	60
	99	**	-



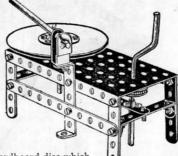
Model No. 45

Churn

Parts Required: 6 of No. 2



Model No. 46 Potter's Wheel



The cardboard disc which forms the wheel is not provided in the outfit.

Parts Required:

View Potter's Wheel

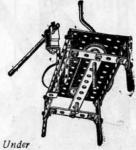
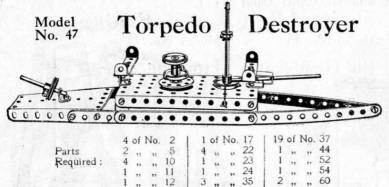
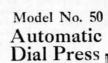
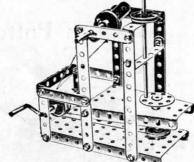


Fig. 46A









Parts Required:

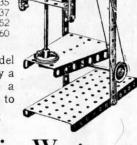
4	of i	No.	2	2	of l	No.	224
7	,,	,,	5	1	,,	,,	24
2	,,	,,	15A	6	,,	,,	35
1	,,	,,	17	18	"	"	37
1	,,	,,	19	1	,,	,,	52
4	**	**	22	1	**	**	54
				3	**	**	60

Model No. 48 Drop Stamp

Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	22
7	,,	"	5	1	,,	"	24
4	,,	**	12	2	,,	**	35
2	33	11	15A	20	11	10	37
1	,,	,,	19	1	,,	**	52
				1	91	"	60

The stamp of this model is raised and dropped by a $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strip attached to a bush wheel similar to Model No. 55.

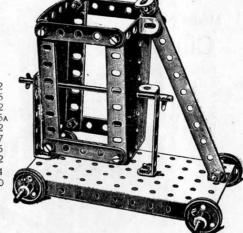


Model No. 51

Tip Wagon

Parts Required:





No. 52

Model Polishing Spindle Model No. 53 High Level Bridge

Parts

Required:

1 of No. 2 4 5

2 ,, ,, 10

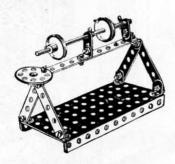
8 " " 12

1 " " 15A 2 ,, ,, 22

1 ., ., 24

2 ,, ,, 35 15 ,, ,, 37

1 ,, ,, 52



Model No. 54

Level Crossing

Parts Required:

3 of No. 2

2 ., ., 5

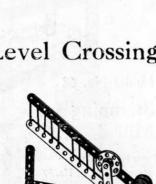
2 ,, ,, 12 1 ,, ,, 17

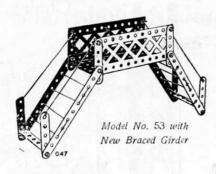
4 22

1 ,, ,, 24

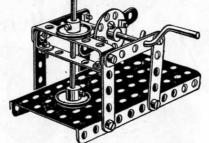
9 ,, ,, 37

1 ,, ,, 52





Ore Model No. 55 Crusher



Parts Required:

8 of No. 5 | 1 of No. 19 2 of No. 35

Model Buffing No. 56 Spindle

Parts Required:

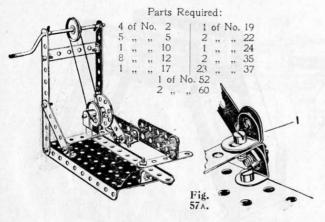
6 of No. 2 | 4 of No. 12



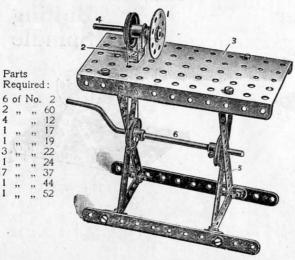
Parts Required:

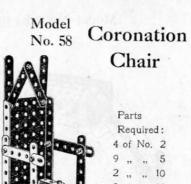
6 of No. 5 | 1 of No. 24 1 ,, ,, 15A 8 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 22 | 1 ,, ,, 52





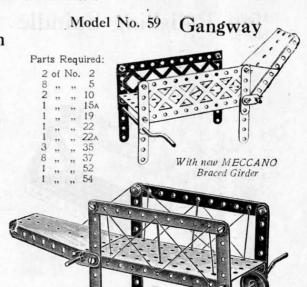
Model No. 60 Lathe

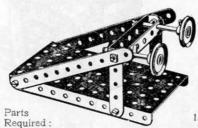




2 " " 12 19 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52

Buffers



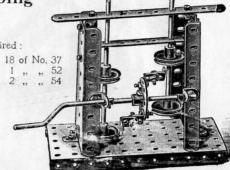


Model

No. 61

Model No. 62 Stamping Mill

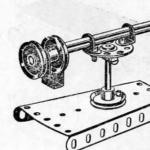
Parts Required: 1 of No. 2



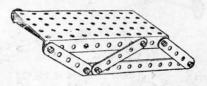


Model No. 64 Sharpshooter Gun

Model No. 65 Sleigh



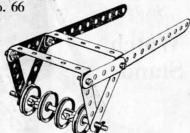
Parts Required: 2 of No. 12



Parts Required:

4 of No. 22

Model No. 66



Anti-	No. 67
Aircraft	t la
Gun .	
/	060
() S	0 0 0 0 0
	000000

Model

Furrowing Roller

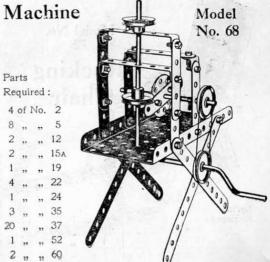
	2 of No. 2	2 2 of No. 35	
Parts	6 ,, ,, 5	5 4 ,, ,, 37	
Required:	1 ,, ,, 15	SA 2 ,, ,, 60	
	4 22	2	

Parts Required:

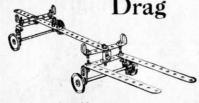
2 of N	lo. 2	1 4	of	No.	22	1 1	of	No.	44	
6 ,,	,, 5	1	"	11	24	1	,,	,,	52	
4 ,,	" 12 " 15 _A	5	11	11	35	1	,,	**	54	
2 ,,	, 15A	1 23	12	17	37	1 2	, ,,	11	60	

Stamping



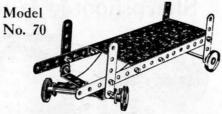


Model No. 69 Timber Drag



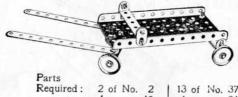
Parts	4	of	No.	2	1 4	of	No.	22
Required:	4	,,	,,	10	18	,,	,,	37
	6	,,	,,	12	3	**	**	60
	2			15A				

Steering Truck



	2	of	No.	2	11	of	No.	37
Parts	4	,,	,,	5	1	,,	No.	52
Required:	2	,,	,,	15A	2		,,	60
				4 of N	0. 2	2		

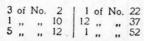
Model No. 73 Lurry



Parts
Required: 2 of No. 2 | 13 of No. 37
4 , , , 10 | 1 , , , 24
2 , , 12 | 1 , , , 52
2 , , 15A | 2 , , , 60

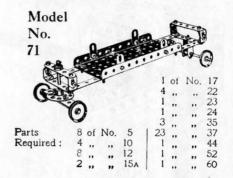
Model Telegraph No. 75 Code Key

Parts Required:





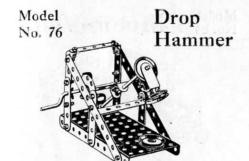
Boiler Truck



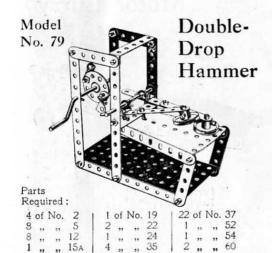




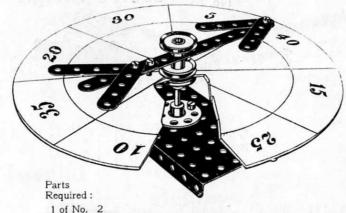
Model No. 72 Rocking Chair Parts Required:



Parts 2 of No. 2 3 of No. 22 Required: 7 ,, 5 1 ,, 24 6 ,, 12 23 ,, 37 1 ,, 15A 1 ,, 44 1 ,, 19 1 ,, 52 2 of No. 60



Model No. 77 Roulette Wheel



Cut out a circular piece of cardboard

mark as shown to form scoring
board. This is clamped between two 1"
pulley wheels. The pointer revolves
pulley wheels. The pointer revolves
pulley wheels. The pointer revolves
pulley on the upright spindle and is held
in position by anotier 1" pulley wheel.

Model No. 80

2 ,, 60

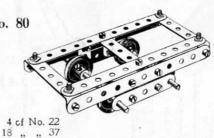
Bogey Truck

Parts

Required:

4 of No. 2

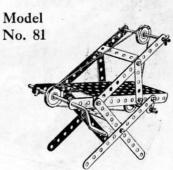
3 ,, ,, 5 4 ,, ,, 10 2 ,, ,, 15A



Model Spinning
No. 78
Top

Parts 1 of No. 17
Required: 1 , , , 22
1 , , , 24

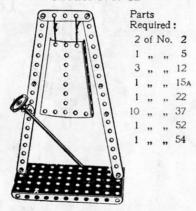
Band Saw



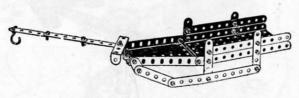
Parts
Required:
6 of No. 2 | 3 of No. 22
4 ", " 5 | 6 ", " 35
2 ", " 10 | 10 ", " 37
2 ", " 15A | 1 ", " 52
1 ", " 19 | 2 ", " 60

Gong

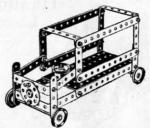
Model No. 82



Model No. 83 Horse Sleigh



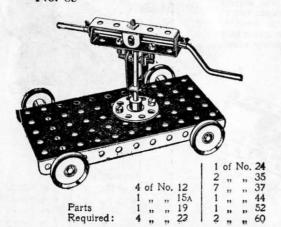
 Model Motor Van



Parts Required:

6	of	No.	2	1 2	of	No.	15 _A	1 22	of	No.	37
1	,,	**	3	4	,,	"	22	1	,,	,,	52
9	,,	**	5	1	"	,,	22 _A	4	**	**	60
1	,,	11	11	1	12	**	24	1			

Model Rock Drill



Model
No. 86

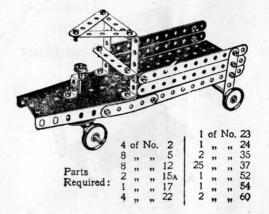
Bed
Table

Parts Required:

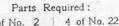
3 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 17
2 ", " 5 4 ", " 22
1 ", " 11 | 15 ", " 37
4 ", " 12 1 ", " 52
1 ", " 15A 3 ", " 60

Model Motor Lurry

Model Lurry



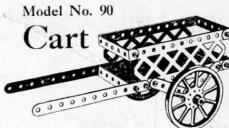
Model No. 88 Lawn Mower





Parts Required:

5	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	22	
1	,,	.,,	5	1	,,			
4	**	**	10	4	,,	,,	35	
i	,,	**	11	15	,,	,,	37	
3	**	**	12	1	.,,	**	44	
2			17					



Parts Required:

4 of No. 2	2 of No. 22	2 of No. 59
4 5	15 ,, ,, 37	4 ., ,, 60
1 ,, ,, 15	1 ,, ,, 44	2 ,, ,, 100
2 " " 19A	1 ,, ,, 52	

Model No. 91 Deck Chair

Parts

Required:

4 of No. 1

4 ,, ,, 2

6 ,, ,, 12



Chair

Model Invalid

Parts

1 of No. 15A 30 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52 2 60

Required: 4 of No. 2 22 of No. 37 1 ,, ,, 52 8 ,, ,, 5 1 ., , 54 2 10 2 ,, ,, 60 2 ., " 15A

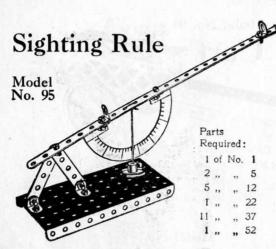


Required: 4 of No. 2 1 of No. 19

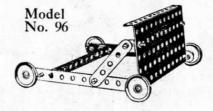


Parts Required:

4	of I	No.	2	4	of l	No.	35	
8	**	,,	5	16	,,	,,	37	
2	,,	,,	10	1	,,	,,	52	
1	**	,,	15A	2	,,	,,	60	
2			19A					

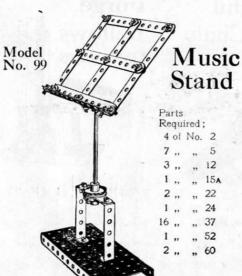


Devil Wall



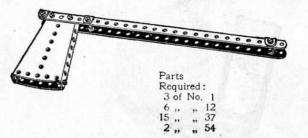
Parts Required:

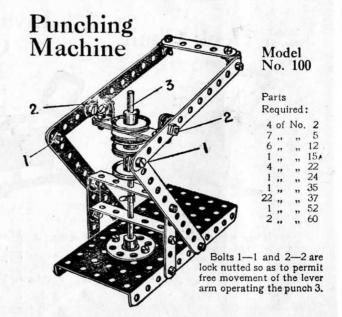
3	of	No.	2	1 4	of	No.	22
2	,,	,,	5	18	,,	,,	37
6	,,	"	12	1	,,	"	52



Model No. 97

Hatchet

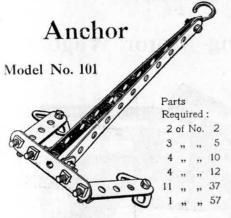






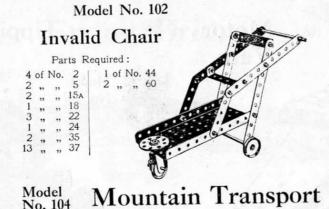
Mail Bag Hanger

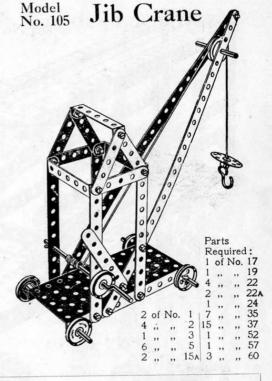
4 of No. 2



Model

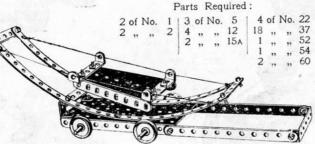
No. 103





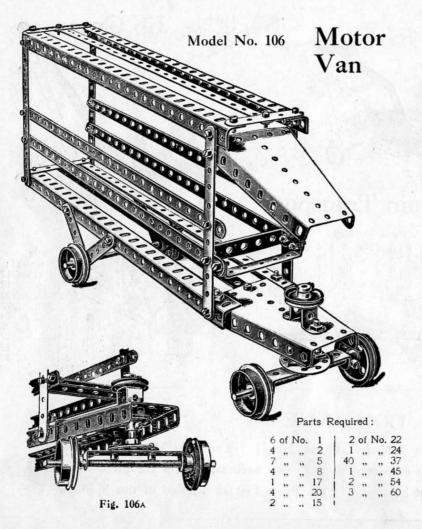




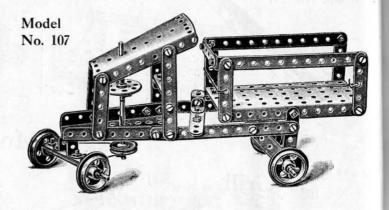


HOW TO CONTINUE

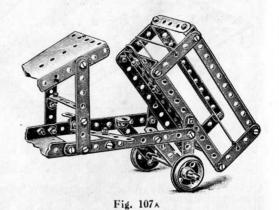
This completes the Models which may be made with Meccano Outfit No. 1. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 1A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.



Tipping Motor Wagon

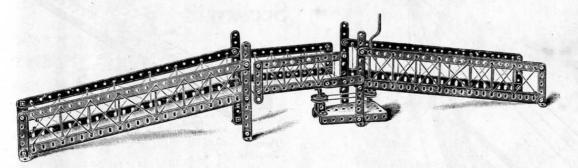


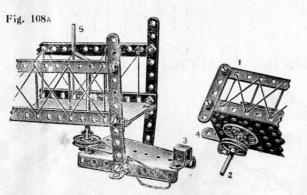




These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A

Model No. 108 Swing Bridge





Parts Required:

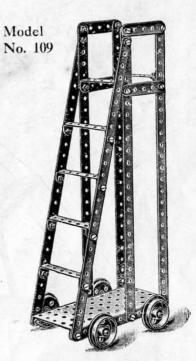
4	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	24	
6	,,	,,	2	1	,,	11	35	
9	,,	,,	5	31	,,	,,	37	
4	,,	,,	8	1	,,	,,	45	
8	,,	,,	12	1	,,	,,	52	
1	,,	,,	17	1	,,	,,	54	
1	,,	,,	19	4	19	,,	60	
2	,,	17	22	1				

The action for swinging the middle section of the Bridge will be made clearer by the detail Fig. 108A, the middle section 1 being fitted with a spindle 2 journalled in the double bent strip 3; the upper end of the spindle being secured to a bush wheel.

A short strip 4 acts as a stop against the middle section of the Bridge swinging past the central position.

The operating cord passes round pulleys on the spindles 2 and crank handle 5.

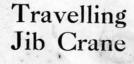
Ladder on Wheels



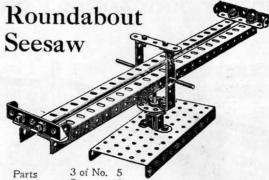
Parts Required:

6	of	No.	1	24 of No. 37
4	,,	,,	5	1 ,, ,, 52
2	,,	,,	15	6 ,, ,, 60
4	,,	,,	20	





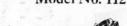


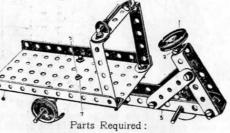


Parts 3 of No. 5
Required: 2 ,, ,, 8
4 ,, ,, 12 | 14

1 , , 15 | 1 , , 45 1 , , 24 | 1 , , 52 2 , , 35 | 4 , , 60

Model No. 112 Carrier Tricycle

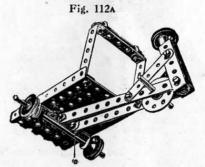




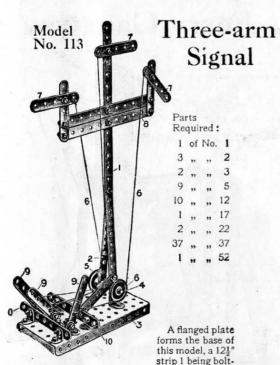
2 of No. 2 3 of No. 22 3 , , , 5 1 , , , 24 1 , , 11 2 , , 35 2 , , 12 16 , , 37 1 , , 15 1 , , 5 2 , , 17 5 . . . 60



10	of	No.	1	1 2	of	No.	15A	1 35		No.	37
	"		5	2	,,	**	17	1	"	"	57
1	"	"	60	4	"	"	19	1	"	"	35 44
2	"	"	8	2	,,	,,	22	1	,,	,,	52
4	"	17	12	1 1	"	11	22A	1 2	77	11	54



These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A



ed to a 5½" strip 2, the feet of both these strips being connected to the flanged plate 3 by angle brackets. A rod 4 is passed through the lower holes of the strips 1 and 2 and is fitted with guide pulleys 5 leading the actuating cords 6 to the signal arms 7. The cord operating the central arm is run under the rod 4. The signal arms 7 are carried from transverse strips 8. The operating cords 6 are led to three strips 9, pivoted to angle brackets bolted to the flanged plate, and transverse strips 10 are bolted to the privated strips 9 to limit their movement.

Types of Windmills

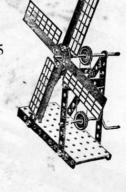


Parts Required:

10	of	No.	1	1 1	of	No.	19
14	,,	,,	2	2	,,	,,	22
2	,,	"	3	1	17	22	24
2	**	"	5	4	"	"	35
4	**	,99	8	45	,,,	**	37
4	19	**	12	1 2	11	**	54
1	**	**	15	1			

Model No. 115

Par	qui	red!	3
4	01	No.	2
. 2	35	,,	60
1	17	,,,	15
1	,,	,,	19
-2	"	,,	22
1	,,	"	24
12	"	,,	37
3	"	**	35
1	,,	**	52
4	99	33	61



Model No. 116

Parts

Required:

4 of No. 1

7 " " 5

2 " " 60

2 " " 12

1 " " 15

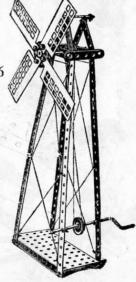
1 " " 19

2 " " 22

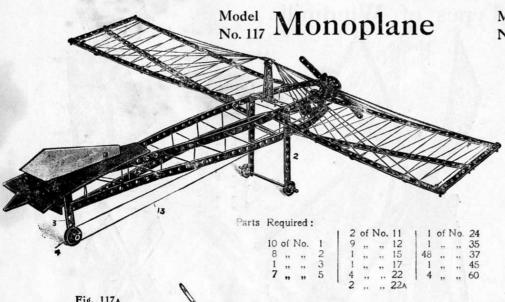
1 " " 24

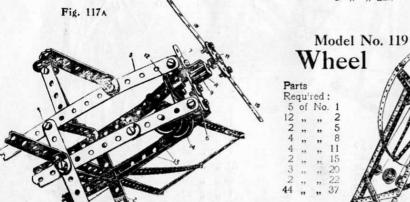
20 " " 35

1 " " 52

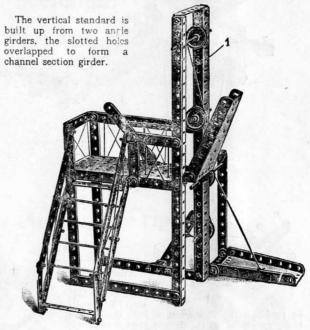


These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A





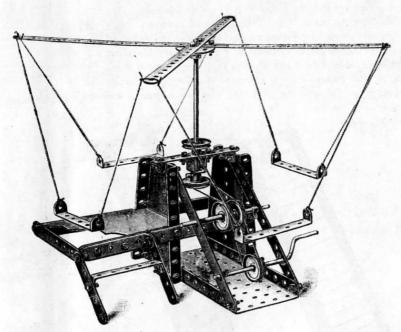
Model No. 118 Ferry Gangway



Parts Required:

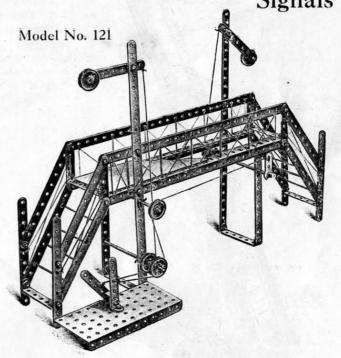
14	01	No.	2	2	of	No.	15	50	of	No.	37
2	,,	,,	3	2	**	,,	17	1	,,	,,	45
6	,,	,,	5	2	,,	**	22	1	"	,,	52
3	,,	,,	8	2	,,	99	22A	2	,,	,,	54
2	11	,,	10	6	,,	,,	35	6	,,		60
7	**	**	12	1				1			

Model No. 120 Roundabout



D	2 of No. 1	1 2 of No. 22A
Parts	2 01 140. 1	2 01 140. ZZA
Required:	4 ,, ,, 2	1 ,, ,, 24
	2 ,, ,, 3	4 ,, ,, 35
	4 ,, ,, 5	33 ,, ,, 37
	3 ,, ,, 12	1 ,, ,, 45
	1 ,, ,, 15	1 ,, ,, 52
	1 ,, ,, 16	2 ,, ,, 54
	1 ,, ,, 19	6 ,, ,, 60
	3 22	

Railway Foot Bridge and Signals

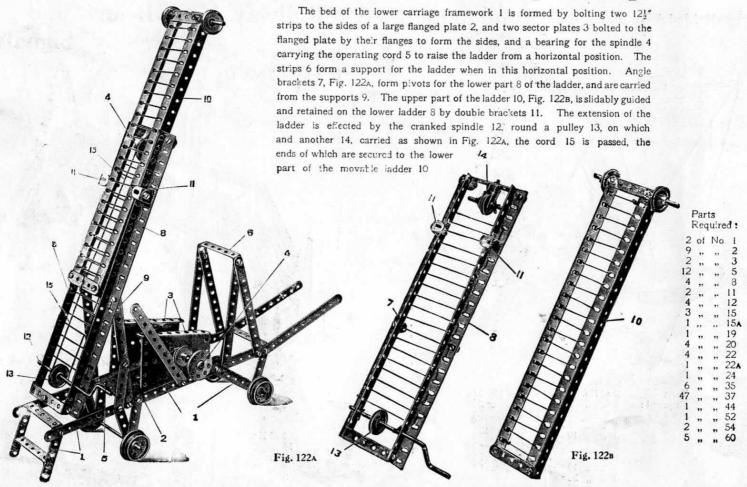


Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	1 2	of	No.	8	1	6	of	No.	35
		"					22A				,,	
							22		4	**	17	60
8	**	**	5	43	22	**	37		2	17	1)	62
3		4	15	1			52	1				

Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A

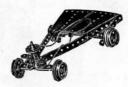
Model No. 122 Extending Ladder on Running Carriage



Model No. 123 Mat Frame

Model No. 124

Coaster



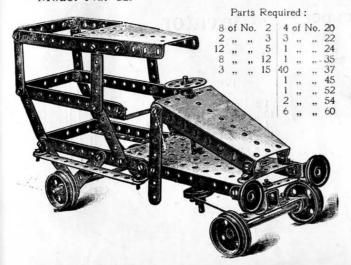
Parts Re	quired:
----------	---------

2	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	22
5	.,	,,	5	1	,,	,,	24
1	,,	**	15	12	,,	,,	37
1	,,	,,	16	1	**	,,	45
1	,,	,,	17	2	,,	. **	54
4	,,	**	20	1	"	**	60

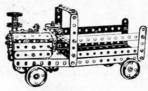
Model No. 127

Parts Required:

Motor Van



Model No. 125 Locomotive



Parts	Rem	red	

4	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	16	146	of	No.	37
2			3	1	.,		17	1	.,	,,	45
		**	5	4	,,	,,	20	1	**	**	52
4		**	10	4	,,	,,	22	1	**	91	54
1	,,	,,	11	- 1			23	6	**	,,	60
8	,,	,,	12	1	,,	,,	24	2	,,	**	62
2	,,	11	15A	3	,,	,,	35				

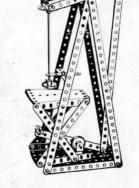


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Par	rts							R	Н	R		ı	
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3	,,	No.	5					•	Q	o		ч	
2	**	**	5						o	o		3	
2			8					•	П			ч	
1	37	**	12					0	o	o		a	ļ
	"	"	14					0	α	0		а	
1	,,	"	16						8	6	а	х	
2	,,	"	17					10	٥		Z	М	ĺ
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4	,,	,,	22 24		-3	3	-	0	Ù	H	-	l.	į
1	.,		24		-		N	(5)	'n	H	7,	7	ı
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1	**	"	45		10	0 3		10	О	10/	4	и	ľ
1	,,	**	52		A	1.	B.L	d	7	Œ	7	Я	į
1		**	54		M	4.	1		"	ø	9	7	
4	**		54 60	4	23	3		đ	1	00	0	7	
1	"	"	62	0	-	200	-	0(4					

Model No. 126

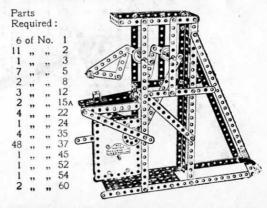
Embossing Machine

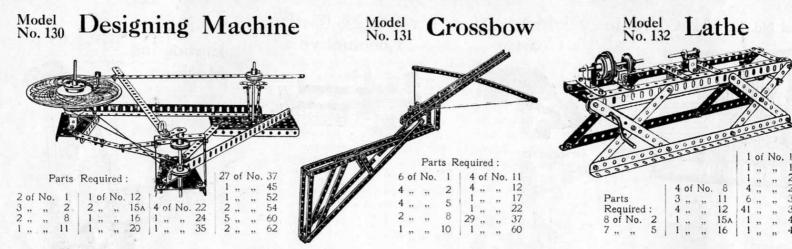


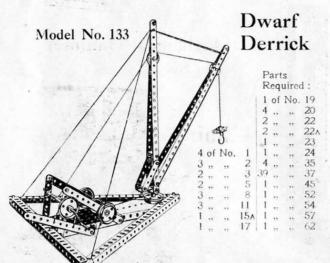


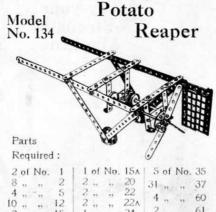
Mechanical Hammer

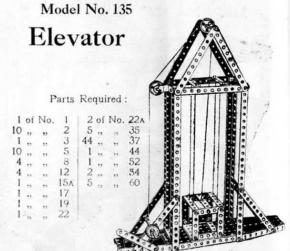
Model No. 129







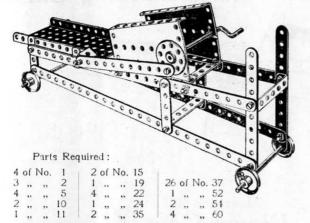




These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A

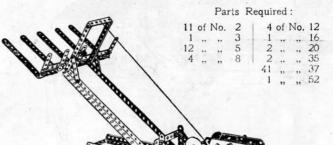
Model No. 136

Maize Sheller



Model No. 137

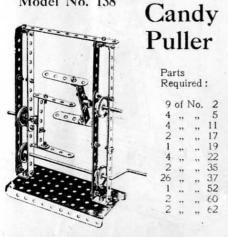
Hay Stacker

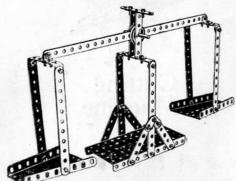


Model No. 139

Beam Scales

Model No. 138





Parts Required

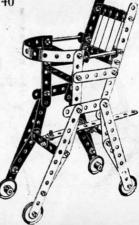
1	of	No.	1	4	of	No.	12	32	of	No.	37	
6			2	1		**	17	1	**	,,	53	
5		.,	5				22A			**		
4			10	2			35	5			60	

Model No. 140

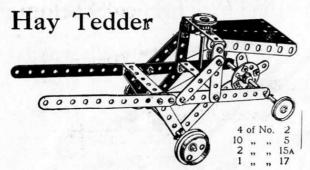
Baby Chair

Parts Required:

8	of	No.	2
2	**	,,	3
10	,,	"	5
6	,,	**	12
2		"	17
4	77	,,	22
32	177	"	37
6			60



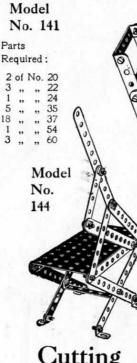








Parts
Required:
4 of No. 1
6 " " 2
2 " " 3
6 " " 5
12 " " 12
46 " " 37
1 " " 52
3 " " 60



Cutting Machine

Parts

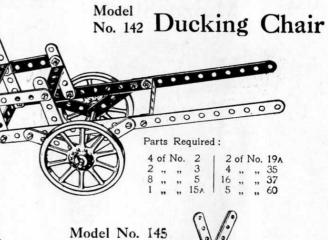
Required:

8 of No. 2

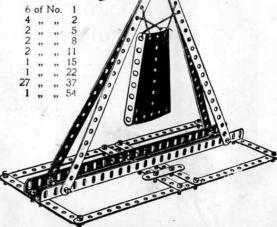
1 ,, , 3

1 ,, , 5

4 ,, , 12



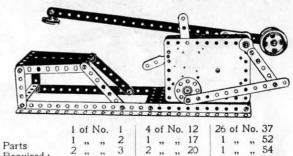




These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A

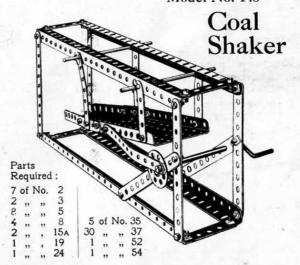
Model No. 146 Seashore Aeroplage Farts Required:

Model No. 147 Mechanical Hammer

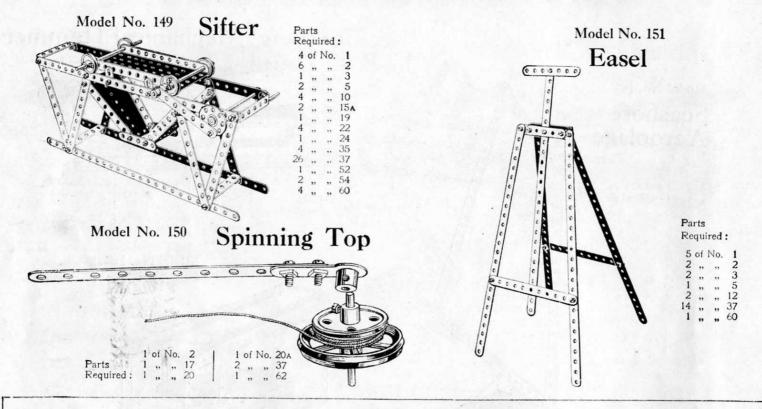


	1	of	No.	1	4	of	No.	12	26	of	No.	37
Parts Required :	1	,,	,,	2	1	,,	,,	17	1	,,	,,	52
	2	,,	,,	3	2	,,	,,	20	1	**	**	54
	2	,,	,,	5	1	,,	,,	22	1	,,	"	60
	2		**	8	1	**	,,	24	2	,,	11	62

Model No. 148



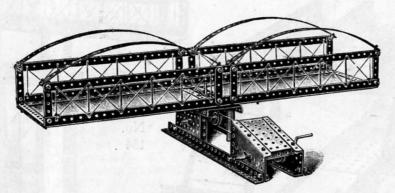
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A



HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 2A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

Model No. 152 Swing Bridge



 4
 "
 2
 2
 "
 22
 1
 "
 52

 8
 "
 5
 1
 "
 24
 3
 "
 53

 6
 "
 8
 1
 "
 26
 2
 "
 54

 10
 "
 12
 1
 "
 32
 2
 "
 59

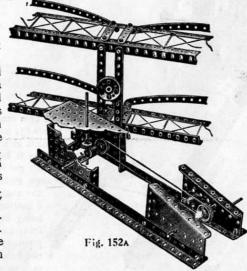
 2
 "
 15
 3
 "
 35
 1
 "
 60

This is a fine engineering model of the highest value to the young student, and any thought

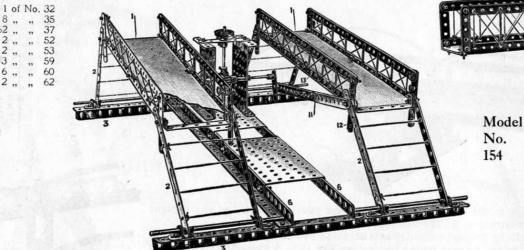
and care expended on its construction will be well repaid.

The base portion containing the perpendicular axle actuated by the worm and pinion should be constructed first. This, as will be seen by the illustration, Fig. 152A, is formed by connecting a small flanged plate to an angle girder three holes from one end and a sector plate at the other end to form one side of the base. The other side is constructed in a similar manner. These two sides are then connected together at one end by a large flanged plate containing the spindle, upon which the bridge swings, and at the other by a small flanged plate. A $2\frac{1}{2}$ bent strip is connected to the angle girders to carry the lower portion of the perpendicular axle upon which the bridge swings. A $\frac{1}{2}$ pinion is secured to this axle, which is operated by the horizontal spindle upon which is secured a worm wheel. A pulley wheel is also secured to this spindle around which a driving rope passes from the pulley at the other end of the base secured to a crank handle, as shown in the illustration.

The platform is constructed by connecting two angle girders in the third holes. Two $2\frac{1}{2}''$ strips are attached to these in the centre and one at each end, with two $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips along the top. Two $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips are curved and connected by four angle brackets to form one side of the bridge. The other side is formed in a similar manner, and both are connected together by $5\frac{1}{2}''$ strips at the end and in the centre. Attached to the two $5\frac{1}{2}''$ strips in the centre is a bush wheel upon which the platform rotates.



Cake Walk Model No. 153



This model comprises two side platforms I carried upon 51" strips 2 pivoted to angle brackets bolted to angle girders 3. The gear box, Fig. 153A, consists of small flanged plates 4 bolted to a large flanged plate 5, which in turn is bolted to angle girders 6 overlapped 14 holes. It is necessary to bolt the flanges to the flanged plate 5 outside the vertical parts of the angle girders 6 so that the end holes 7 shall register with the holes in the angle girders 3. The platforms 1 are rocked from a vertical shaft 8 gearing with a shaft 9 by a worm and pinion, the ends of the shaft 9 being fitted with cranks 10 pivotally bolted to connecting rods 11 formed of two 51" strips overlapped two holes. The strips 11 are also pivotally bolted to the end strips 2, a vertical 21" strip 12, and the lower end hole of the lower strip 13 of each side platform, so as to give free rocking movement.

Tower Wagon

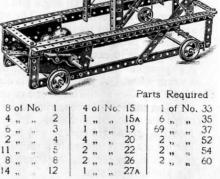


Fig. 153A

Parts Required:

8 of No. 1

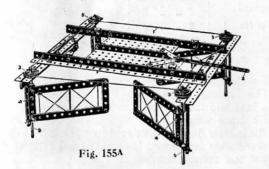
Model No. 155 Level Crossing Gate

	Parts	Require	d :		
9 of No.		of No. 8		of No	. 22
4 ,, ,,		,, ,, 12	54	,, ,	, 37
2 ,, ,,		,, ,, 15	2	,, ,	, 52
6	5		4	,, ,	, 60

This Model, if constructed with care, is a most admirable one, as the gates are opened simultaneously by the operation of one lever.

To construct it, commence by taking two angle girders and connecting them together in the second hole from each end with a $3\frac{1}{2}''$ strip placed perpendicularly between them to form the supports of one pair of gates as shown in Fig. 155. The supports for the other pair of gates are arranged in a sim lar manner. These two structures are connected by two other angle girders and two flanged p'ates, as shown in the illustration.

The gates are formed by connecting two $5\frac{1}{2}''$ strips with a $2\frac{1}{2}''$ strip at the outer end of the gate and a $2\frac{1}{2}''$ bent strip at the inner end, to permit the axle rods to pass through upon which the gates swing.



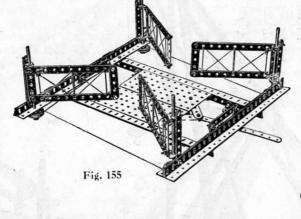
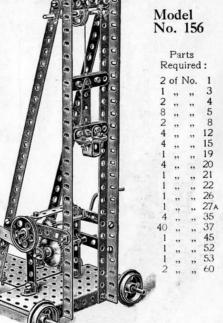


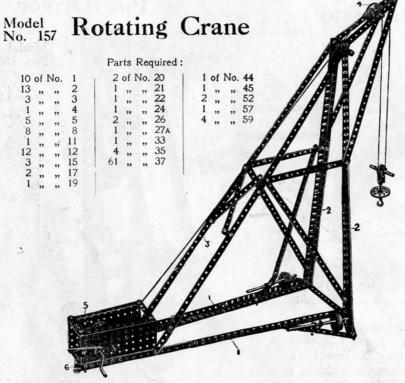
Fig. 155A is an inverted view showing the arrangement of operating cord 1 which is passed from the operating lever 2, around the corner pulleys 3, and back to the lever 2. In order to obtain a better grip on the pulleys it is desirable to wind the operating cord twice around them. It is to be noted that the cord 1 is wound in opposite directions around the diagonal pairs of pulleys 3.

Pinching screws 4 are fitted in the inner sides of the gates to grip them to the spindles 5 so that all rotate together.

Pile Driver

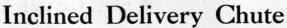


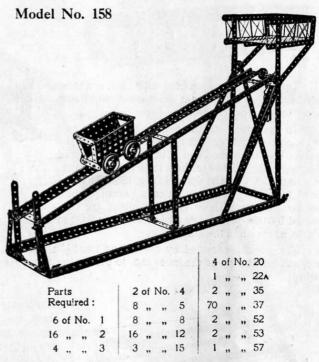
This illustration shows a model pile driver in which the pile head is guided on the two vertical angle girders. The raising of the pile head is controlled from the main driving shaft through the pinion and gear wheel. This latter is mounted on the end of the pivoted lever, and in order to drop the pile head the lever is raised to free the gear wheel. A grooved pulley is fitted on the pinion shaft to enable the model to be driven from an engine.



The lower horizontal ribs 1 and main vertical members 2 are made of angle girders overlapping nine holes; and the diagonal ties 3 of two $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips and one $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strip, the $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips being overlapped three holes, and the lower $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strip seven holes.

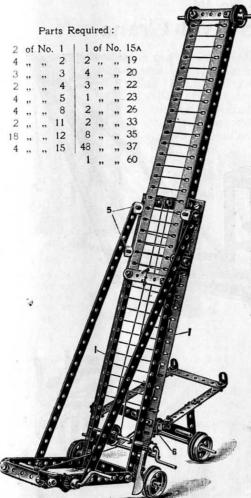
The pulley 4 is carried in a nosing made of two $5\frac{1}{2}''$ strips and two $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips connected at their apex by angle brackets. The rear swivel point of the crane is made by bolting the gear box 5 to a double bent strip 6 secured to the floor. The crane runs on the flanged wheels 7, the spindles of which are secured in their position by collars and set-screws.





This model furnishes an illustration of the inclined plane. The loading platform at the extreme right delivers a load into the truck, which being now heavier than the balance weight, runs down the incline, and when at the bottom discharges its load by tipping. The weight immediately overcoming the empty truck returns it quickly to the loading platform.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A



Model No. 159 Fire Escape

In constructing this model, take two angle girders 1 and tie these together with 51" strips 3 are then attached at right angles to one 31" strips 2 at top and bottom. end of the frame, diagonal stays 4 tying these short strips to the angle brackets attached to the frame. The sliding ladder, Fig. 159B, is constructed from two angle girders reversed to those of the main frame, the angle girders of the sliding ladder being tied together by two 21 strips, and being retained and guided in the main carriage by the short angle brackets 5 which act as clips. The framework of the running truck, Fig. 159A, is very simply constructed, and is pivotally attached by angle brackets 6 to the main frame. Fig. No. 159B Fig. No. 159A

Model No. 160

Railway Wagon Swivel Crane

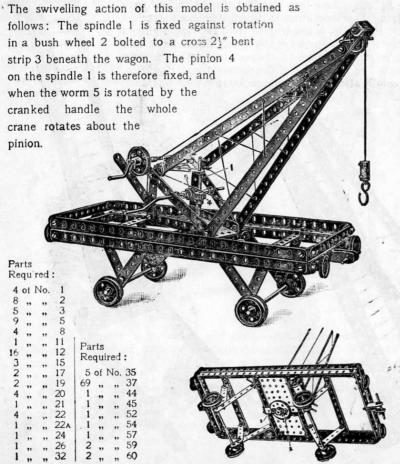
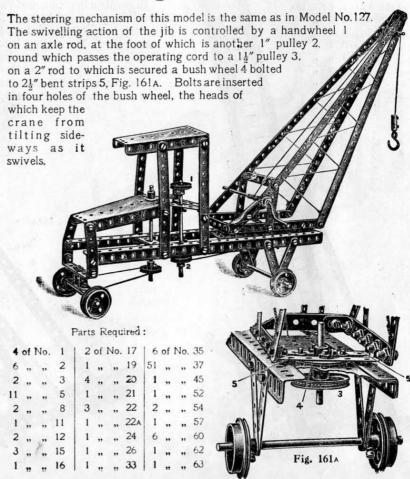


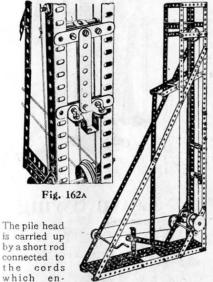
Fig. 160A

Model No. 161

Travelling Swivel Crane



Model No. 162 Pile Driver

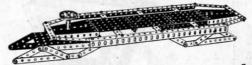


gages a catch on the head formed by an angle bracket. The short rod is disengaged from the angle bracket, being drawn away by a fixed cross rod as the short rod travels upward, and the pile head is thus released.

Parts Required:

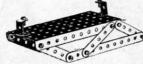
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5 of	No.	1	3 of	No.	15A	6 of	No. 3	5
10 ,,	,,	2	2 ,,	,,	17	69 ,,		
6	,,	3	1 ,,		19	1 ,,	,, 4	
2 ,,	**	4	4 ,,		20	2 ,,	,, 5	2
4		5	1 ,.	,,	21	1	,, 5	
6 ,,	"	8	1 ,,	"	22	1 ,,		0
6 ,,	"	12	1 ,,	**	26	2 ,,	,, €	2
2	**	15	1 ,,	**	27A			

Model Bob Sleigh No. 163



Parts Required:

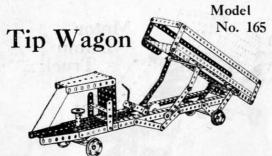
7	of	No.	2	1 1 of	No.	24
6		,,	3	59 .,	,,	37
12	,,	,,	5	1 ,,	,,	45
2			8	2 ,,	,,	52
	,,	11	11	3 ,,	**	53
	,,	**	17	2 ,,	,,	54
1	,.	,,	21	1 1 ,,	,,	63



Model No.

164

Fig. 163A

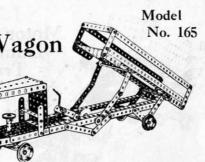


Parts Required

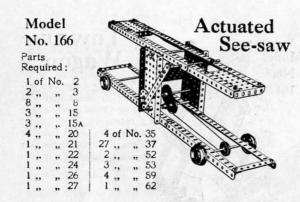
						oquiro	• •					
2 of	No.	1	2 of	No.	16	1 of	No.	32	4	of	No.	59
5 ,,	**	3	1 ,,	,,	17	2 ,,	**	35		**	**	60
2 ,,	,,	4	1 ,,	,,	19	54 ,,	,,	37	2	.,		62
2 ,,	**	5	4 ,,	**	20			45	1	**	"	63
4 ,,	**	8	1 ,,	**	22			52				
5 ,,	**	12	. "		24	1 - "		53				
3		I AGI	1		27	2		04				

Tower Wagon

The lazy tongs are collapsed by the action of a spring I fixed at one end to a cross rod, and at the other to the axle rod passing through the foot of the lazy tongs which slide in the grooves.

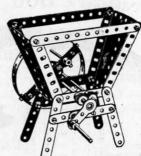


			11		12 10	oqu.							
2 of	No.	1	3 of	No.	15	4	of	No.	22	1 1	of	No.	45
12 ,,	,,	2	2 ,,	,,	15A	1	,,	**	24	1	,,		52
6 ,,		3	1 ,,		17		,,		26		,,		53
2 ,,	,,	4	1 ,,	11	19	1	**	,,	27	2	,,	,,,	54
4 ,,	,,	8	4 ,,	11	20	1	,,	**	33	4	,,	**	59
1 ,,	,,	10	1 ,,	"	21	65	,,	**	37	2	,,	"	62
4 ,,	"	12								1			

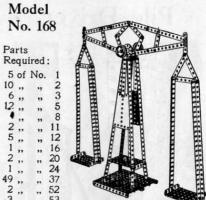


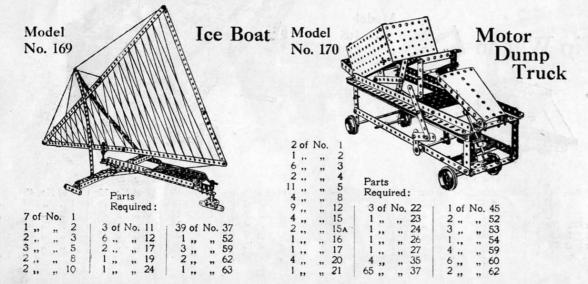
Model No. 167 Coffee Grinder

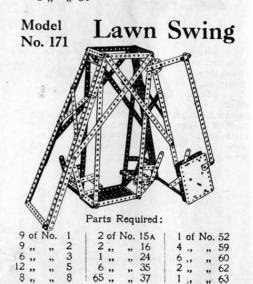
1	of	No.		uired 2		No	17	
							-	
2	,,	**	2	1	,,	,,	24	
6	,,	"	3	2	,,	,,	26	
2	,,	,,	4	28	,,	,,	37	
4	,,	**	5	2	,,	"	54	
4	.,	,,	12	4	,,	,,	59	
1	,,	,,	15	2	,,	"	62	
1	,,	,,	16					

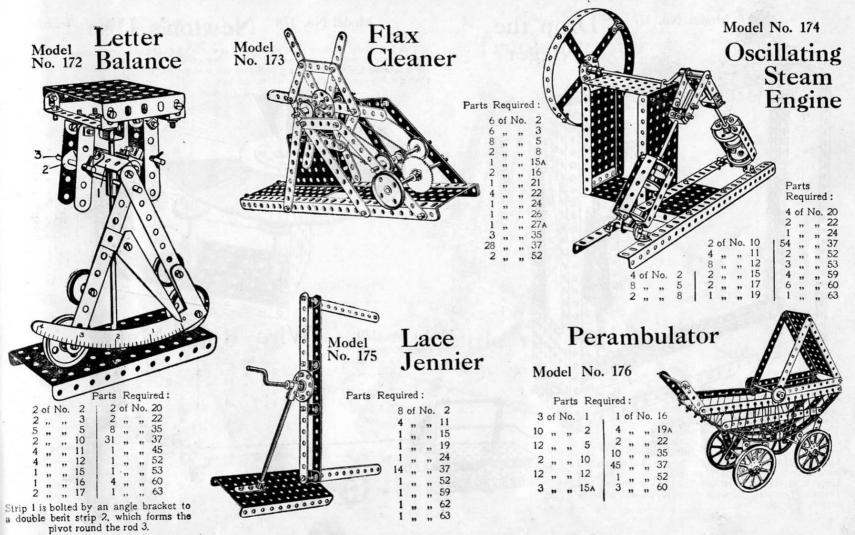


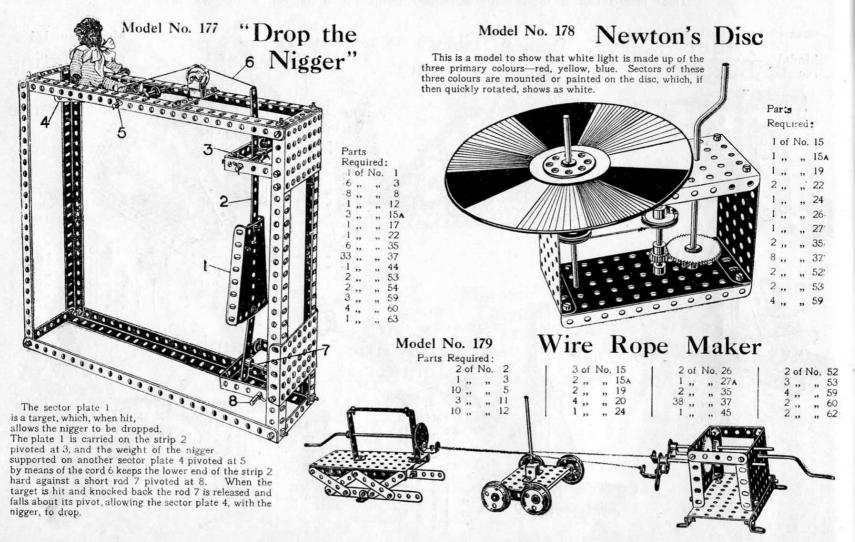
Demonstration Scales



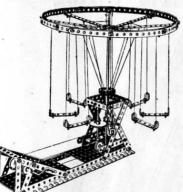








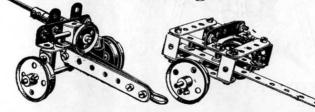




Parts Required:

3	of	No.	1	1		of	No.	
14	,,	,,	2	-	2	,,	,,	26
2 2	"	**	3		1	,,	,,	27
	,,	**	4		1	,,	11	32
12	,,	,,	5		68	,,	11	37
2	,,	"	8	1	2	,,	,,	52
24	,,	,,	12		4	,,	**	59
3	,,	,,	15		4	,,	,,	60
1	,,	,,	16		1	,,	"	63
1	,,	,,	19		12	,,	**	38
1	.,	,,	21	1				

Model No. 182 Field Gun and Carriage

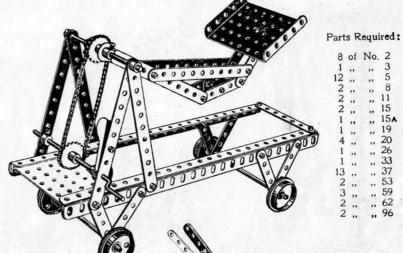


Parts Required

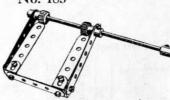
1 of No. 2	2 of No. 15A	27 of No. 37
5 ,, ,, 3	1 ,, ,, 16	1 ,, ,, 45
12 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,, 57
2 ,, ,, 10	4 ,, ,, 20	2 " " 59
4 ,, ,, 11	1 ,, ,, 22	2 " " 60
5 " " 12	1 ,, ,, 32	1 ,, 63

Model No. 181

Trunk Hesister



Model Rattle



	2	of	No.	4	2	of	No	. 2
Parts			"				,,	
Required:	4	,,	,,	12	2	,,	,,	5
	1	,,	,,	15	1	,,	,,	6

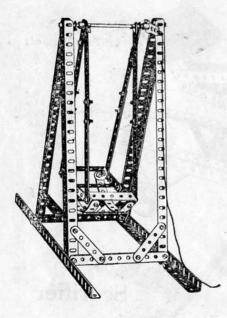
Model No. 184

Scarifier



6	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	17
3	,,	,,	3	1	,,	,,	22
10	,,	,,	5	22	.,	"	37
6	,,	"	12	2	,,	,,	59

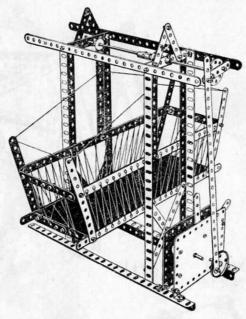
Model No. 185 Swing



Parts Required:

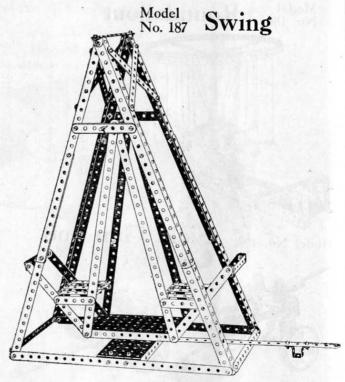
12	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No	15
10	,,	,,	5	45	,,	,,	37
6	,,	"	8	4	,,	,,	60
2	,,	,,	11	2	"	,,	62
4			12				

Model Automatic No. 186 Swing Boat



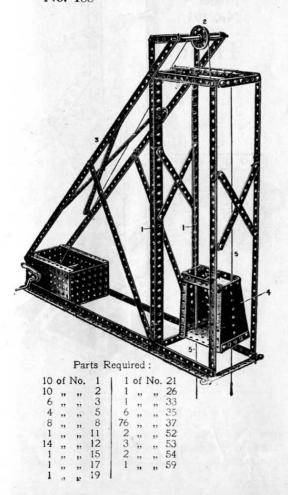
Parts Required:

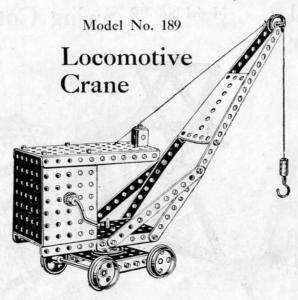
7	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	21
10	,,	,,	2	1	,,	,,	24
3	,,	11	3	66	**	,,	37
12	,,	,,	5	2	,,	11	59
4	"	**	8	2	"	"	62
12	,,	11	12	1	,,	"	63
2	,,	17	15				



7	of	No.	1	1 1	of	No.	15
11	,,	,,	2	6	,,	"	35
2	"	,,	3	67	,,	,,	37
10	11	,,	5	1	,,	,,	45
8	"	11	8	2	,,	,,	52
6	**	"	12	6	"	"	60

Model No. 188 Pit Head Gear

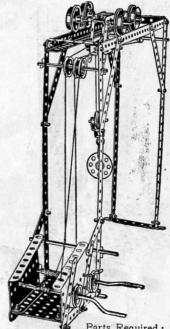




Parts Required:

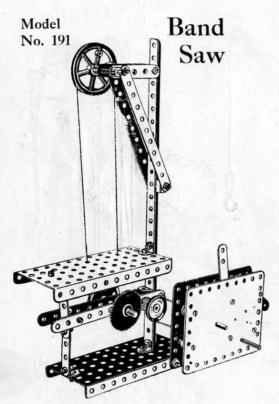
2	of	No.	1	1 1	of	No.	24
2	,,	11	2	1	,,	,,	26
2	17	,,	3	1	,,	,,	33
3	,,	"	11	2	**	,,	35
2	"	,,	12	33	,,	,,	37
2	,,	,,	15a	2	,,	"	52
1	"	,,	17	3	,,	,,	53
1	"	"	18	1	,,	**	54
1	,,	19	19	1	,,	,,	57
4	,,	12	20	2	,,	,,	59
1	,,	"	21	5	,,	,,	60
1	11	"	22	1	,,	"	63

Model No. 190 Crane



		19	100	1 4	112	Ke	qui	rea:
	of	No.	1	1	4	of	No.	20
6	,,	,,	2		1	,,	,,	21
2	**	,,	3		4	,,	,,	22
10	"	**	5		2	,,	,,	22 _A
3 4	,,	,,	8		1	,,	,,	23
3	,,	"	11		1	,,	,,	24
	,,	,,,	12		12	,,	,,	35
3	**	**	15		32	,,	,,	37
3	**	.,,	15/	1	1	,,	,,	44
	"	**	16		1	**	,,	52
1	**	**	17	1	2	**	,,	54
1 2	**	,,,	18	1	1	**	**	57
2	11	37	19	1	3	"	11	60

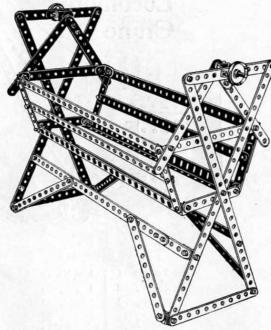
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A



Parts Required:

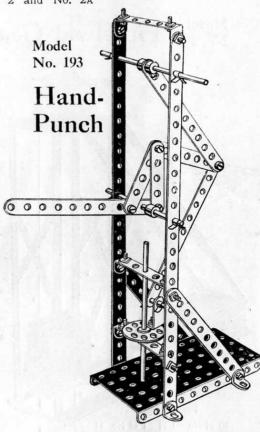
4	of	No.	2	2	of	No.	. 17	1	of	No.	27A
4	,,	,,	5	1	,,	,,	20A	21	,,	,,	37
1	,,	,,	8	1	**	**	21	2	,,	,,	52
3		**	11	1	,,	,,	22	2	,,	**	59
3	,,	,,	12	1	11	,,	26	1	,,	97	60
1	**	11	16								

Model No. 192 Swing Cot



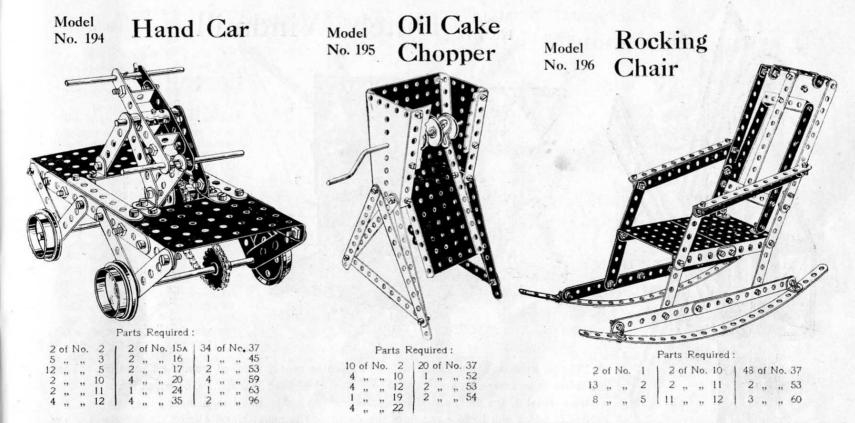
Parts Required:

10	of	No.	1	1	20	of	No.	1.
14	,,	,,	2		2	,,	,,	1
2	,,	,,	3		2	,,		
8	,,	,,	5	9	62	. ,,	,,	3
2	,,	**	8		2	11	11	6
2	11	27	11					



Parts Required:

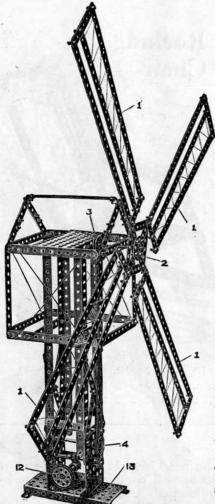
2	of	No.	1	1 1	of	No.	15	23	of	No.	37
5			2	2	**	"	16	1	**	,,	44
1			3	1			18	1			52
2	**	,,	5	1	**	. ,,	24	4	,,	,,	59
8	17	"	12	16	,,	,,	35	3	,,	**	60



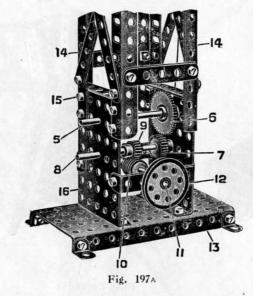
HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 3A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A



Model No. 197 Dutch Windmill



Parts
Required:

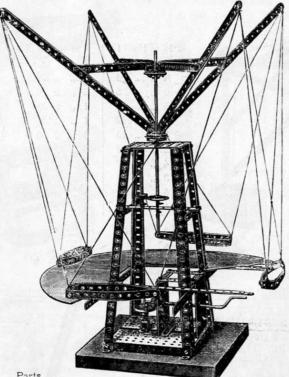
12 of No. 1
19 " " 2
4 " " 3
4 " " 4
14 " " 5
4 " " 8
22 " " 12
1 " 14
3 " 16
1 " 21
2 " 22
1 " 24
1 " 32
1 " 32
1 " 32
1 " 37
2 " 52
3 " 59
2 " 60

The construction of the sails 1 of the mill will be readily followed from the illustration. They are bolted to an inner strip frame 2 and to a bush wheel fixed on a spindle, on which is also mounted a pulley wheel 3, the driving cord passing round this pulley wheel to a lower pulley wheel 4, the driving of which will be followed from the detail. The pulley wheel 4 is on the outer end of the shaft 5, on which is fitted a gear wheel 6 driven by a pinion $\frac{3}{4}$ 7 on the axle 8, this axle also carrying a pinion $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 engaged by a worm 10 on the driving shaft 11, which carries the driving pulley 12. This driving gear is enclosed in two small side flanged plates 16 bolted to a base plate 13, the vertical stroke of the mill being made from corner angle girders 14 bolted at 15 to the side plates 16.

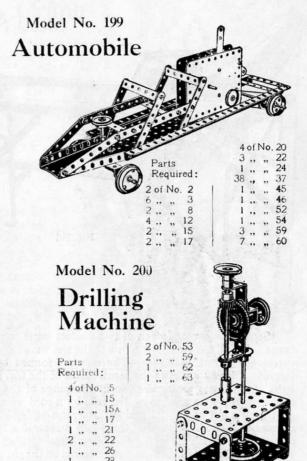
Model No. 198 Flying Machine

Most boys will have seen the Maxim Flying Machine at work, and will hardly fail to be interested in constructing a working model of it.

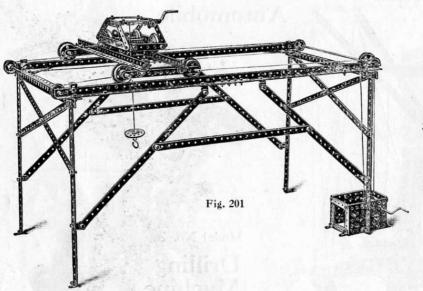
The main frame is composed of four angle girders connected at the bottom by two large flanged plates separated one hole apart and connected together by two small flanged plates carrying the crank handle, and at the top by a small flanged plate. Across the centre on opposite sides in the ninth hole down is attached a 31" strip connected together by a 51" strip. These transverse 31 and 51 and 51 strips and the small flanged plate at the top carry the perpendicular spindle upon which the upper structure revolves. A bush wheel is secured to this spindle to support the four arms, which are attached by four angle brackets. A pulley wheel is placed between this bush wheel and the perforated plate. The arms are supported by means of 51" strips connected to a bush wheel secured on to the spindle, and the boats are connected to these by cord arranged as shown in the illustration. The platform is supported by four 121" strips attached to the sides of the main framework. The manner of constructing the mechanism for operating the model is clearly shown in the illustration.



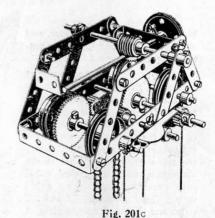
equired:		
8 of No. 1	18 of No. 12	1 of No. 28
13 2	2 ,, ,, 13	74 ,, ,, 37
2 ., ,, 3	1 ,, ,, 19	1 ,, ,, 45
2 ,, ,, 5	2 ., ,, 24	2 ,, ,, 52
4 ., ,, 8	2 ., ,, 26	3 ,, ,, 53
4 ,, ,, 11	1 ,, " 27A	4 ,, ,, 59



Model No. 201 Travelling Crane

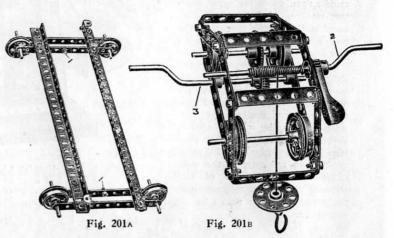


		Pa	rts	Required:
14	of	No.	1	4 of No. 22
6	,,	,,	2	1 ,, ,, 22A
4	,,	,,	4	1 ,, ,, 24
10	,,	,,	5	2 ,, ,, 26
8	,,	,,	8	1 " " 27A
26	,,	**	12	1 ,, ,, 33
2	,,	,,	13	4 ,, ,, 35
2	,,	,,	15	98 ,, ,, 37
4	,,	,,	17	2 ,, ,, 53
3	,,	,,	19	1 ,, ,, 57
8	,,,	,,	20	5 ,, ,, 59
1	,,	,,	21	4 ,, ,, 60



Separate views are given of two distinct parts composing the travelling crane. Fig. 201 is a complete view of the structure showing the braced gantry carrying a rail at each side. The rails are formed by angle girders butt-jointed. Fig. 201a shows the construction of the travelling gantry with two pairs of wheels so arranged as to fit the gauge of the rails. The gantry is caused to travel to and fro on the rails by a cord which is connected to the gantry by a nut and bolt 1 and passes over a pulley at each end of the rail, secured to the rod. On one of these rods is secured a 1½" pulley carrying the driving cord, which passes over a pulley wheel secured to the crank handle. The winch Fig. 201B again is arranged to run on the gantry rails of 201A, and is provided with a cranked hoisting axle 2 and another axle 3 for traversing the winch.





This Model Can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

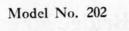
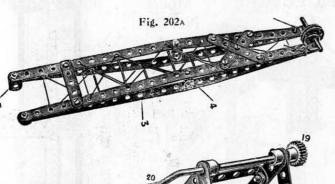


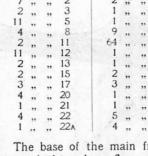
Fig. 202c



1 of No. 24

Parts Required:





The base of the main frame is composed of two large flanged plates 1, to the outer corners of which are bolted the vertical angle girders 2. The jib, Fig. 202A, is made from 12½ strips 3 distended centrally by double brackets 4 and bolted together at the ends. Angle brackets 5 form the pivots for the jib about a spindle 6

mounted in the end holes 7 of the flanges of the sector plate 8 forming the base of the upper gear box, Fig. 202B. The balance weight 9 is composed of several flanged wheels carried from $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 10. The hoisting cord 11 passes over the jib end pulley to the guide pulley 12, and winds on the upper end of the vertical spindle 13, carried in the angle bracket 14, and the top plate 15. The vertical spindle 13 is operated by a gear wheel 16 meshing with a $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion on the other vertical spindle 17, which is driven by a contrate wheel 18 from a $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion 19, Fig. 202c, on the cranked spindle 20. The swivelling of the jib is effected from the cranked spindle 21 by the continuous cord 22 which passes round the pulley wheel 23 over the pulley wheel 24, and round the $1\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley wheel 25, bolted to the under surface of the base sector plate 8 of the upper gear box.

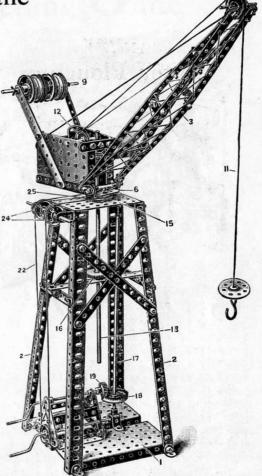
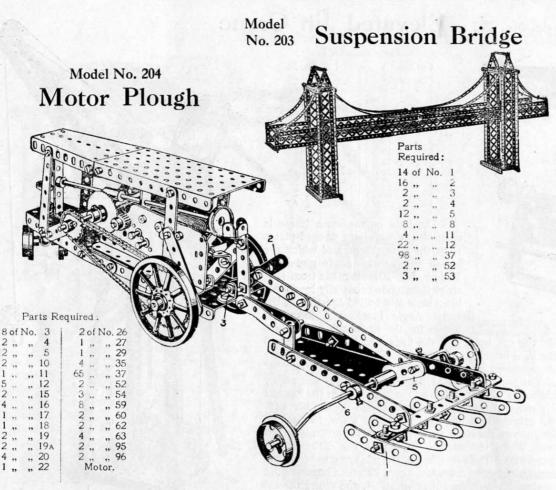


Fig. 202B

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

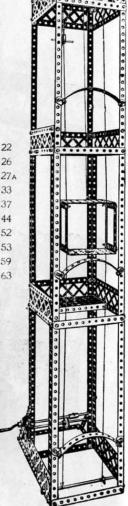


Model No. 205

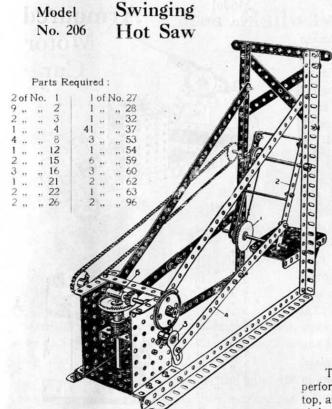
Elevator

Parts Required:

4 of	No.	1	3	of	No.	22
20 ,,	,,	2	1	,,	**	26
4 ,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	1	,,	**	27A
2	,,	4	1	,,	1	33
2 .,	35	5	74	**		37
8 ,,		8	1	,,	**	44
9 ,.	.,	12	2	,,	,,	52
2 ,,	**	14	2	,,		53
1 ,,	,,	15	5	,,	. ,,	59
2 ,,	,,	17	1	,,	**	63
1 ,,	11	19				

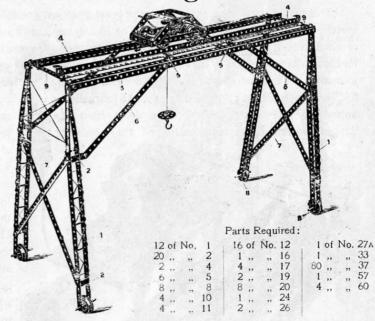


The ploughshares 1 are raised or lowered by the handle 2 pivoted to an angle bracket on the far side of the seat pillar, and connected by strips 4 to a crank 5 secured on the bent axle 6 of the wheels formed by crank handles.



Model No. 207

Travelling Crane



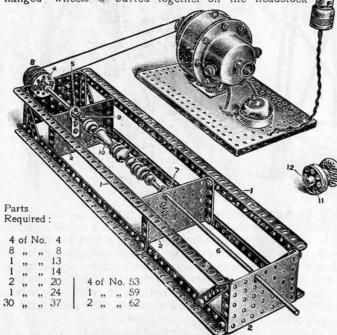
The side frames of this model are similarly constructed. Each leg 1 is made of $12\frac{1}{2}$ " and $5\frac{1}{2}$ " perforated strips overlapped two holes and distended by double brackets 2 and bolted together at the top, and to angle brackets bolted to the ends of the outer horizontal angle girders 3. The inner angle girders 4 are reversed with their webs up, to form rails for the crane. The central parts of the girders 4 are supported by flat brackets 5, and the outer girders 3 are braced by the diagonal $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 6 bolted to the legs 1 and the girders 3. Each end pair of legs is also braced by the crossed $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 7. The whole gantry travels on the flanged wheels 8 carried on 2" rods passed through the lowest holes of the legs 1. $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 9 connect the outer girders 3 and inner girders 4. The winch is constructed as shown in Fig. 2018.

The swinging frame 2 carrying the circular saw 1 is rocked to and fro by a continuous rotary movement of the crank 3 through the connecting strips 4. The coupling 5 is loose on the sprocket wheel spindle and forms a bearing for the spindle of the worm.

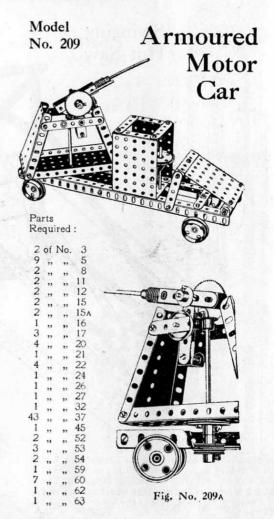
Model No. 208 Lathe

This model is but one example of the great practical possibilities to which the Meccano system of construction may be applied. The illustration shows a model lathe, the framework of which is built very rigidly of overlapped angle girders 1, to which are bolted by their flanges four small flanged plates 2, the fast headstock of the lathe being provided by a rod 3, one end journalled in a bush wheel 4 bolted to the end plate, and the other journalled in the boss of a crank

5. The loose headstock is formed by an axle 6 journalled in bolted to the inner plate. The drive from the flanged wheels 8 butted together on the headstock

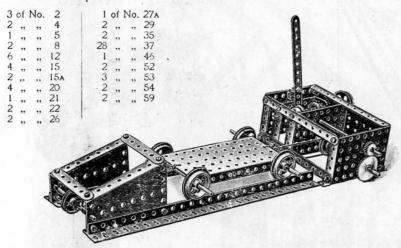


the end plate 2, and a crank 7 motor is carried round two spindle 3, on the other end of which is gripped a coupling 9 by one of its screws, this coupling being also secured to a centre fork driven into the article 10 to be turned. The detail view to the right shows how a knob or other article may be screwed to a bush wheel 11, the base 12 of which is gripped by its screw to the headstock spindle 3 to form a chuck or face plate. The electric motor shown in the illustration is one-thirtieth horse-power.



Model No. 210 Cable Railway

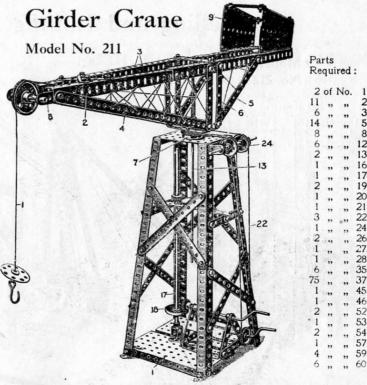
Parts Required:



Our illustration hardly does this excellent model justice, owing to the parts having to be so crowded together. This is a very fine model, both instructive and highly interesting.

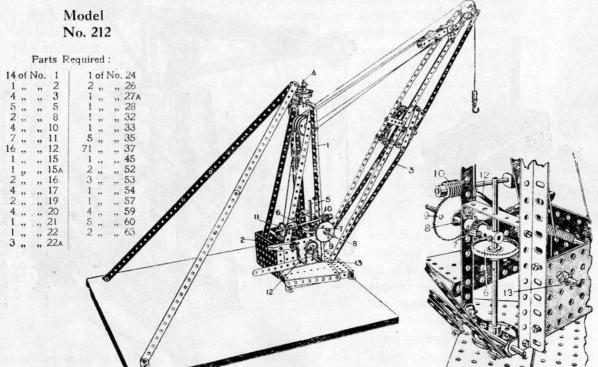
The driving power is received at the outer $1\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley, and is transmitted through the clutch mechanism and the pinion and gear wheels to the lower spindle on which the driving pulley is fixed, the driving rope passing round this pulley and the second pulley at the end of the rails, all as shown in the drawing.

In fixing the lever for operating the clutch mechanism, the nuts should be locked to prevent the screw working out. Only one section of rails is shown in the design, but they may be extended as desired.



The lower structure of this model is identical with that of Fig. 202. The hoisting cord 1 after passing over the end jib pulley, winds on the $11\frac{1}{2}$ " rod 13, as described in Fig. 202. The jib is built up of horizontal angle girders 3, overlapped 8 holes and strengthened by the diagonal $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 4 and $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 5 connected to the vertical $3\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 6 bolted at the bottom to $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips bolted to the flanged wheel 7. $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 8 extend from the angle girders 3 to carry the jib pulley The balance weight is formed by two sector plates 9.

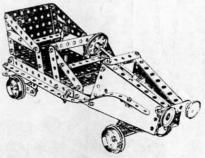
Swivelling and Luffing Jib Crane



This is a model of a crane having a luffing action for the jib, that is raising or lowering, and a swivelling action for swinging the jib round. The whole frame 1, gearbox 2, and jib 3 swivel about the pivots 4 and 5, the lower rod 5 having a contrate wheel 6 fixed thereon engaged by a pinion 7 on the axle rod 8 which carries the worm wheel 9 driven by the worm 10 rotated by the pulley wheel 11, the pinion 7 riding on the fixed wheel 6 as on a rack. The jib is luffed from the crank handle 12, and the load raised or lowered from the handle 13.

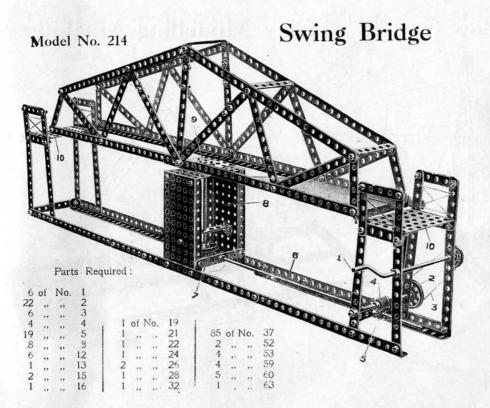
Model No. 213

Automobile



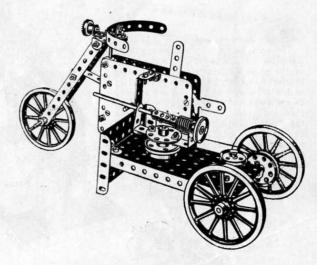
8	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	21
.5	,,	,,	3	2	,,	.,	22
4	,,	,,	4	1	,,	**	24
9	,,	**	5	2	,,	,,	26
6	.,	**	10	1	,,	**	28
28	,,	.,	12	100	,,		29
1	,,	**	14	17			37
1	.,	**	15		,,		45
1	.,		15A		"		53 54
1	**	**	17		"		59
4	,,	11	20	1 500	,,		60

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

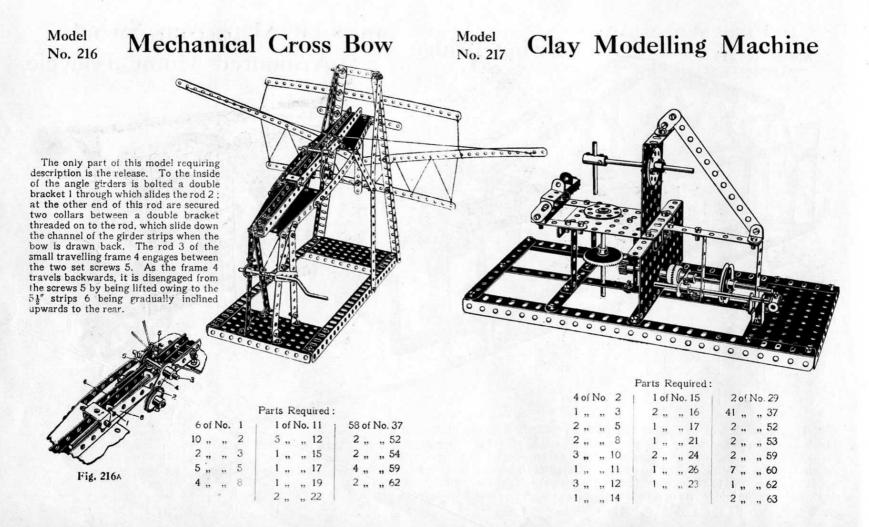


The construction of this model will be quite apparent from the illustration. The crank handle 1 drives a pulley 2 by means of the cord 3. On the pulley spindle 2 is fixed a worm 4 geared with a $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion 5 on the axle 6, another $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion on the end of which drives a contrate wheel 7 on the vertical spindle 8 which carries the bridge, this spindle being secured to a bush wheel fastened to the underside of the small flanged plate 9 in the centre of the bridge. By operating the handle 1 the bridge may be swung round to the open position, or its ends brought opposite to the landing platforms 10.

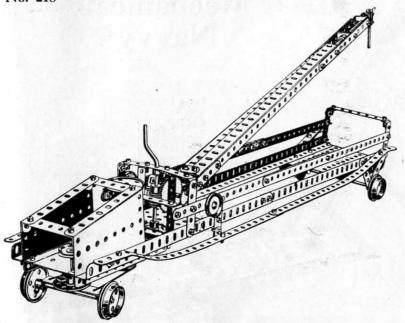
Model No. 215 Armoured Motor Tricycle



4 of 1	No. 2	1 of No. 20	2 of No. 45
1 .,	., 5	1 ,, ,, 21	1 ., ., 46
1 ,,	,, 10	4 ,, ,, 22	1 ,, ,, 52
3 ,,	., 11	1 ,, ,, 22A	1 ,, , 53
6 ,,	., 12	2 ,, ., 24	8 59
2	., 15	1 ,, ., 29	1 ,, ,, 60
1 ,,	., 17	1 ,, ,, 33	1 ,, ,, 62
1 ,,	., 18	29 ,, ,, 37	1 ,, ,, 63



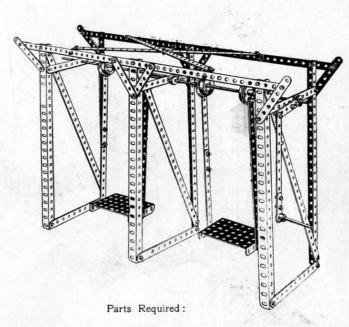
Model No. 218 Fire Watertower



Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	2	of I	No.	16	98	of	No.	37
2	,,	,,	2	2	,,	,,	17	1	,,	,,	45
5	"	"	3	1	,,	**	19	1	,,	,,	52
14	,,	,,	5	4	,,	,,	20	3	,,	**	53
8	,,	,,	8	1	,,	,,	21	2	**	,,	54
2	,,	**	10	4	,,	,,	22	5	**	,,	59
2	,,	"	11	2	,,	**	24	3	,,	"	60
12	"	"	12	1	**	"	26	2	**	"	62
3	"	"	15A	1	**	"	27A	1	"	**	63
				1 1			32				

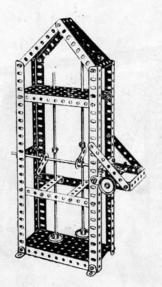
Model No. 219 Alternating Swing



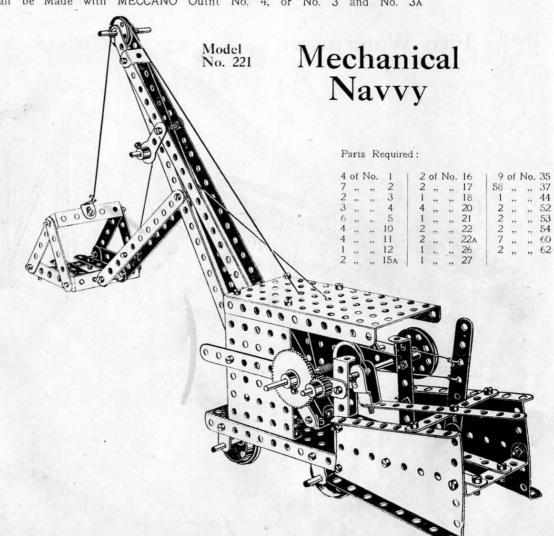
9	of	No.	1	. 4	of	No.	20
15	,,	,,	2	2	,,	,,	26
6	,,	,,	3	68	,,	,,	37
2	,,	,,	4	2	,,	,,	53
		,,		2	,,	,,	59
2	,,	,,	13	2	,,	,,	62
1			17	1			

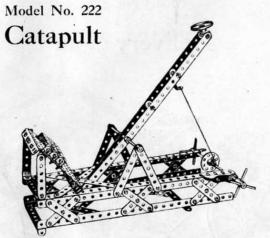


Model No. 220 Trip-Hammer



2	of i	No.	2	3	of	No.	22	
2	,,	,,	-3	1	,,	,,	26	
4	,,	- 55	5	1	,,	12	32	
4	**		8	32	,,	**	37	
4	11	,,	12	2	,,	"	52	
2	**	,,	13	2	,,	,,	54	
1	,,	,,	14	4	,,	**	59	
1	"	.,	16	3	.,	**	60	
1	**	**	17	2	,,,	22	62	
				1	,,	"	63	





2	of	No.	1
5	**	,,	2
6	,,	,,	3
4	,,	**	4
2	"	,,	5
4	**	,,	8
2	,,	,,	11
2	,,		12
1	.,	,,	14
1		"	15
4	**		17
1 1 1	.,	31	24
1	,,		26
		**	28
1	**	**	33
34	,,	,,	37
1	**	,,	43
2	1.	,,	53 59
4	,,	.,	59
2			63

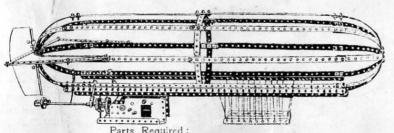
Model No. 223

Double-action Windmill Pump

Parts Required:

2	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	24	
14	,,	,,	5	1-	,,	,,	26	
4	,,	**	8	1	,,	**	28	
2	,,	,,	11	54	,,	,,	37	
10	,,	,,	12	2	,,	,,	45	
3	,,		15	1	,,	**	46	
1	,,	,,	16	5	,,	,,	59	
1	55	**	19	- 1	**	**	60	
1	,,	- "	21	4	,,	,,	61	
2	11	**	22	2	**	**	62	





				200	2 1737											
12	of N	lo.	1	3	of	No.	15	1			1					
20	,,	.,	2	3		.,	17		of	No.	27A	2	of	No.	52	
		,,		1	**	,,	21	1	,,		29	4	.,	.,	59	
6	**		8	4	. ,,	,,	22	2	,,	.,	35	4		**	60	
2	**	.,	10					108			37	2		**	62	
2	.,	,,	12	1	**		26	1	22	+7	45	2	. ,,	11	63	



Model No. 225

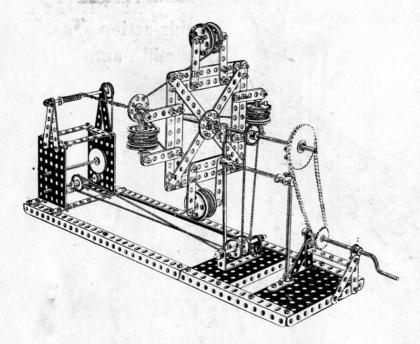
Lawn Mower

4	of	No.	2	11	of	No.	23
2	,,	,,	3	2	,,	,,	24
10	11	**	5	1	,,	**	26
4	,,	**	10	1	**	,,	27A
10	,,	**	12	50	,,	**	37
3	,,	**	15	3	17	55	53
2	,,	**	20	2	,,	**	54
2	**	**	22				

Model No. 226 Wire Rope Maker

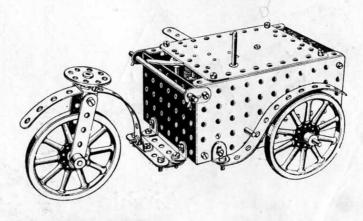


Delivery Van



Parts Required:

10	of i	No.	2	1 2	2 (of	No.	14	2	of	No.	22A
6	77	"	- 3	4	1	,,	,,	15	1	,,	,,	24
4	,,	,,	4	1	1	,,	,,	16	1	,,	,,	26
12	,,	,,	5	4	1	,,	,,	17	1	,,	**	27A
4	"	,,	8	1		,,	,,	19	80	,,	"	37
8	,,	,,	12	8	3	,,	,,	20	2	,,	,,	52
1	17	,,	13	1 4	1	,,	,,	22	7	,,	,,	59



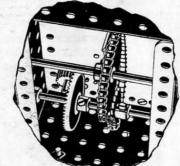
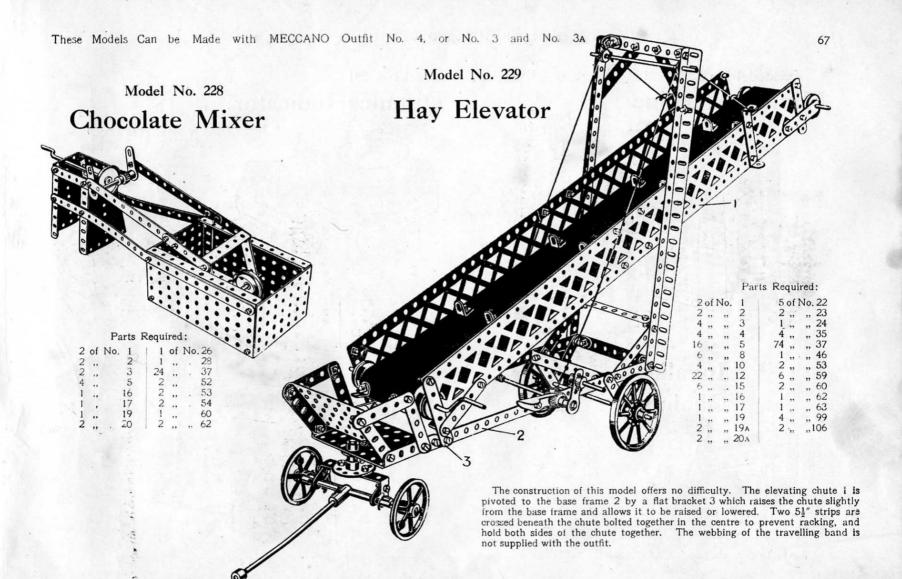
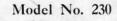


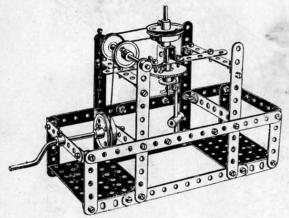
Fig. 227A

3	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	28
4	,,	,,	5	2	,,	,,	35
4	,,	,,	10	27	,,	,,	37
1	,,	,,	11	2	,,	,,	52
5	,,	,,	12	2	,,	,,	53
1	,,	11	15	6	,,	,,,	59
1	,,	,,	15a	9"	,,	,,	94
1	,,	,,	18	1	,,	,,	95
1	,,	,,	24	1	,,	"	96
1	,,,	,,	26				i





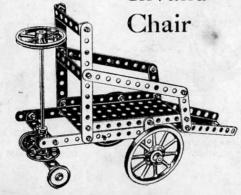
Mixing Machine



Parts Required:

	J	No.	2
6	,,	,,	3
4	,,	***	5
12	,,	39	12
1	,,	**	15A
2	**	**	16
1	,,		19
2	,,	,,	20
2	**	.,	22
1	**	**	26
1	12	,,	27
43	**	,,	37
1	,,	,,	45
2	22	**	53
3	**	**	59
2	**	**	62
2	**	11	63

Model No. 232 Invalid

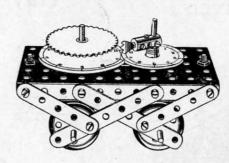


Parts Required:

6	of	No.	2
4	,,	,,	5
2	,,	**	15A
1	,,	,,	16
2	,,	,,	19A
1	,,	**	20A
2			22
1	.,,	.,	24
24	,,	,,	37
1	**	**	46
1	**	**	52
1	**	**	54
1	,,	,,	59
4	17	11	60

Model No. 231

Distance Indicator





Parts Required:

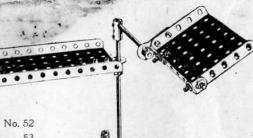
								and an	200	1.5						
4	of	No.	3	1 1	of	No.	15	1	of	No.	32		1	of	No.	63
1	**	**	4	2	,,	,,	16	19	,,	**	37		1	,,	**	65
		- **		4	**	**	20	1	,,	150	52		1			95
2	,,	"	10	2	**	**	26	3	Z "	-	59	100	1	,,		96

Model No. 233

Bed Table



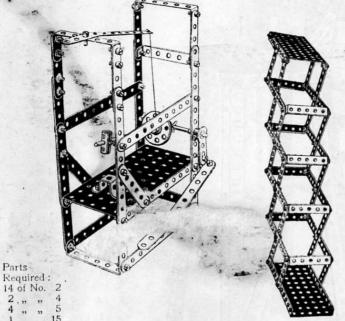
1	of	No.	3	1	1	of	No.	52
2	,,	,,	12		1	,,	,,	53
1	,,	,,	14		1	,,	,,	59
2	,,	19	15a		2	,,	,,	62
1	,,	,,	16		6	**	**	63
8	"	,,	37					
			- 2	18				



Model No. 234

Parts

Treadle Hammer



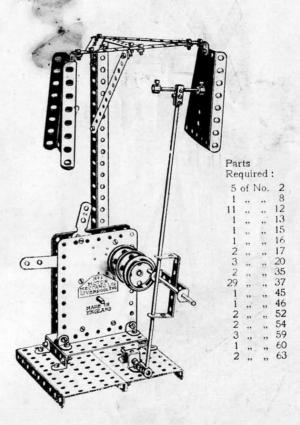
Model No. 235 Periscope

Parts Required:

16 of No. 2 4 ,, ,, 4

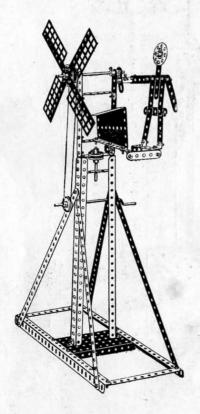
Small pieces of looking glass should be inserted in the top and bottom plates.

Model No. 236 **Automatic Gong**



Model No. 237

Windmill Scare

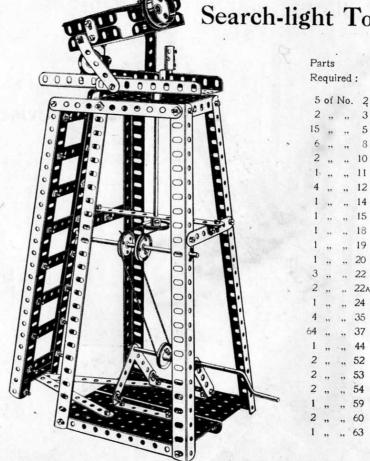


Parts Required:

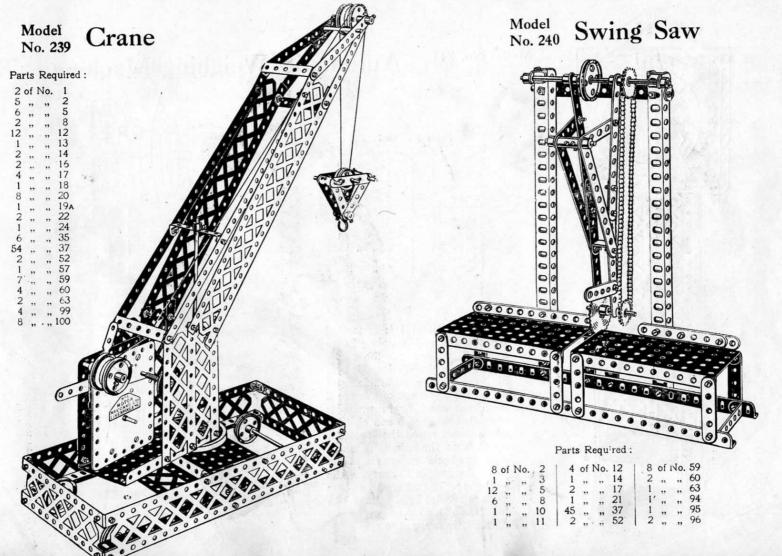
4 of No. 1

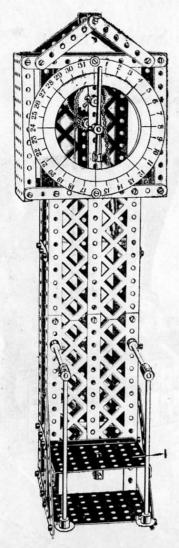
Model No. 238

Search-light Tower



These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A





Model No. 241 Automatic Weighing Machine

Parts Required:

9	of	No.	2	1 61	of	No.	37
4	,,	17	3	6	,,	,,	94
4	,,	,,	4	1	,,	,,	43
4	,,	,,	5	2	,,	,,	52
4	,,	,,	8	2	,,	,,	53
4	,,	**	12	6	,,	,,	59
1	,,	**	13	1	,,	,,	60
2	,,	,,	15A	1 2	,,	,,	62
4	,,	,,	16	3	,,	,,	63
1	,,	**	24	1	,,	**	96
1	,,	,,	26	2	,,	,,	99
1	**	**	27	6			100

The platform 1 is connected by cross rod and coupling 2A to a rod 2 passing up the centre of the machine and guided in 31 strips 3 connected to side strips 4. At the upper end of this rod 2 is a bush wheel 5, to which is connected a cord 6 and chain 7 which passes round the sprocket wheel 8 on the spindle of which is a gear wheel 9 engaging a pinion 10 on the spindle 12 carrying the pointer 13. The other end of the chain is coupled by a spring 14 to the frame, and the pointer is thus always returned to zero.

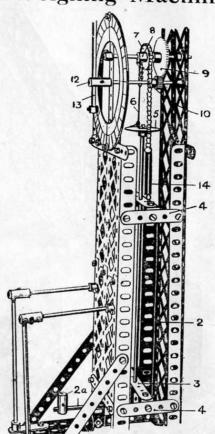
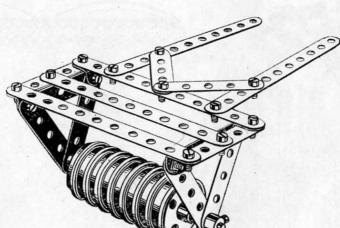


Fig. 241A.

73

Model No. 242 Field Gun

Model No. 243 Field Roller



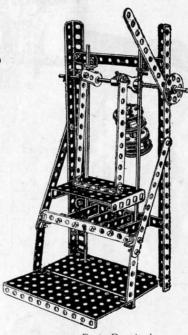
Parts Required:

1 of No. 2	2 of No. 16	17 of No. 37
7 ., , 5	1 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,, 44
2 ,, ,, 10	2 " " 19A	2 ,, ,, 59
6 ,, ,, 12	1 " " 23A	1 ,, ,, 60
1 ,, ,, 14	2 ,, ,, 26	1. " " 62
1 " , , 15	1 ,, ,, 32	2 " " 63
	6 ,, ,, 35	

Parts Required:

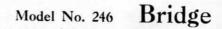
5	of	No.	2	8	of	No.	20
3		,,		15	,,	**	37
4	**	1)	12	4	,,	,,	59
1	,,	,,	15				

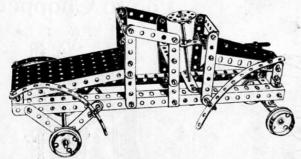
Model No. 244 Potato Chopper



8	ot	No.	2	2	of	No.	16	2	of	No.	52	Ş
		,,										
4			12	1			24	6			60	
2		**	13	5	**	,,	35	1	. ,,	"	63	
1	,,	"	15A	38	,,	,,	37	1				

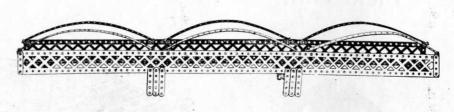
Model No. 245 Motor Car





Parts Required:

5	of	No.	2] 1	of	No.	15	55	of	No.	37
2	,,	,,	3	2	,,	٠,	15 _A	1	,,	,,	45
14	,,	,,	5	4	,,	,,	20	1	11	17	52
2	,,	"	8	1	,,	,,	24	1	,,	,,	
2	,,	"	10	1	,,	,,	35	6	,,	,,	60
12	,,		12					1	,,	,,	62

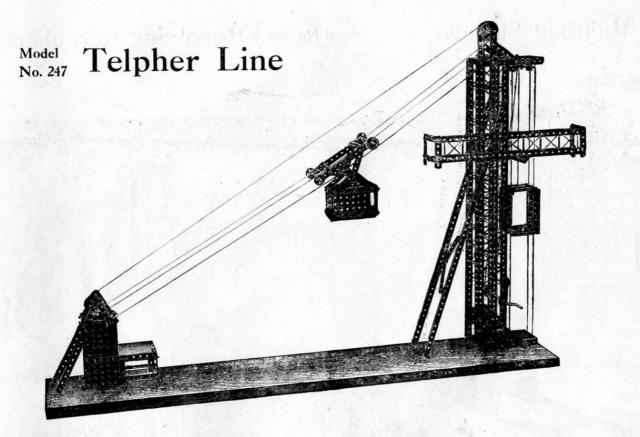


Parts Required:

6	of	No.	1	12	of	No.	12
16	,,	"	5	44	,,	,,	37
4	,,	,,	6	4	,,	,,	53
6	,,	,,	8	6	,,	,,	99

HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 4a Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.



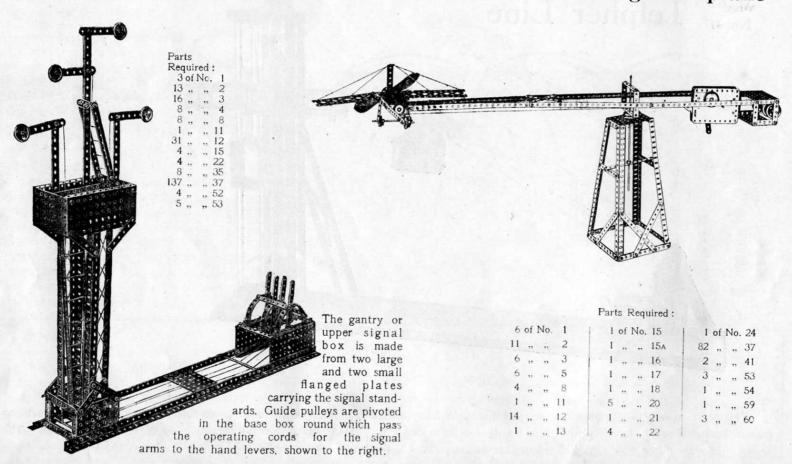
Parts Required:

	of	No.	1
10	.,,	"	2
2	,.	• ••	3
8	**	,,	4
41	,,	,,	5
9	,,	,,	8
32	,,	,,	12
4 3	,,	,,	15
3	,,	,,	154
2 2 4	,,	,,	16
2	.,	,,	19
4	"		20
2		"	21
4	"	**	22
2	,,		22/
2	**	"	26
1	,,	**	27
1	,,	**	27 <i>i</i> 33
1	,,	***	33
9	"	**	35
141	"	**	37
1	**	"	46
4	,,	,,	52
3	,,	,,	53
7	,,	,,	60

This figure represents a Telpher Line such as is used in hilly countries for transporting loads across intervening valleys. The travelling cage or bucket should be loosely pivoted from the roller cage, so that it may hang vertically when travelling down the inclined ropes. The drawing ropes should be wound once round the suspension pulleys of the bucket.

Model No. 249 Railroad Signals

Model No. 248 Revolving Aeroplane



Model No. 25) Extended Tip

	Parts Required:	
14 of No. 1	2 of No. 16	15 of 1 35
17 ,, ,, 2	2 ,, ,, 17	148 " " 37
7,, , 3	1 ,, ,, 19	1 ,, ,, 94
2 ,, ,, 4	1 ., ,, 21	1 ,, ., 44
8 ,, ,, 5	4 ,, ,, 22	2 ,, ,, 46
6,, ,, 6	1 ,, ,, 22A	1 ,, ,, 50
12 ,, ,, 8	4 ,, ,, 23	2 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 11	2 ,, ,, 26	3 ,, ,, 53
26 ,, ,, 12	2 " " 27A	2 ,, ,, 54
2 ,, ,, 14	1 ,, ,, 33	3 ,, ,, 59
2 15		

The main tower of the tip is made from four 12½" angle girders 1 bolted at the top to a small flanged plate 2 and at the bottom to two large plates 3; the side plates 4 of the gear box being bolted to the flanged base plates.

The jib (Fig. 250a) is made from sets of angle girders 5 butted together and coupled by strips, a pair of members 6 being formed from $12\frac{1}{2}''$ strips strengthened by diagonal ties 7. To the ends of the angle girders 5 are bolted two $3\frac{1}{2}''$ strips to carry the $1\frac{1}{2}''$ pulley wheel 8, and the 1" pulley wheel 9 is carried on an axle passed through the third holes from the end of the angle girders.

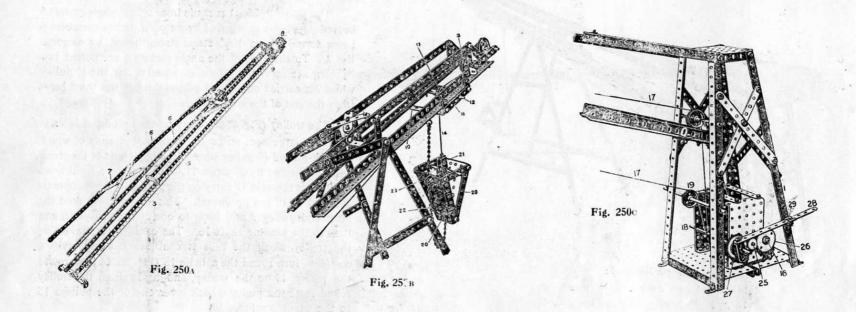
The trolley (Fig. 250B) carrying the tip bucket is made from two large bent strips 10, in the upper ends of which are lock-nutted ½" pulley wheels, the bent ends of the strips being connected by 3" strips 11, in one of the central holes of which is the axle 12 carrying the pulley 13 for the operating cord 14 of the tip bucket. This cord passes round the inner end pulley 9 and back to one of the pulleys 15 and then to the winding shaft 16. The cord 17 for travers ng the trolley along the rails is continuous, being given a complete turn round the spindle 18 (Fig. 250c) then round the pulley 19 to the trolley, and again from the trolley round the outer pulley 8 back over one of the pulleys 15 to the winding spindle 18.

The tip bucket, as will be seen from Fig. 250B, is made from two sector plates 20 bolted together at their lower edges, and coupled by $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strips at their upper encs; the bucket is supported by a single bent strip 21 engaging the axle passed through the strips. A slack chain 22 connects the lower end of the tip bucket to a hook on the trolley, the chain passing between angle brackets 23.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No. 4 and No. 4A

Model No. 250

Extended Tip (continued)



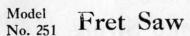
To tip the bucket, the cord 14 is lowered until the chain 22 becomes taut, further lowering of the cord 14 then allowing the bracket to swing over.

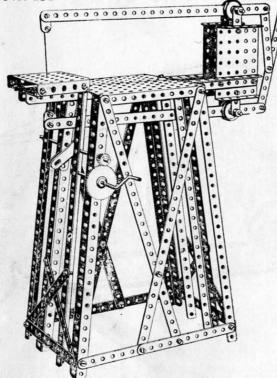
The cranked spindle 24 is provided at its opposite end with a pinion 25 which is permanently in gear with a 1½" gear wheel 26 on the spindle 16 controlling the hoisting cord 14. Another gear wheel 27 is mounted on the spindle 18 and is so controlled by the lever 28 that it may be thrown in or out of gear with the pinion 25. The lever 28 is supported in an eye piece 29 carried from the corner girder 1.

To cause the bucket trolley to traverse the rails without raising or lowering the bucket, the gear wheel 27 is engaged with the pinion 25, but to lift or lower the bucket, the gear wheel 27 is disengaged, the hoisting wheel 26 only being operated.

Parts

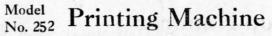
Required: 2 of No. 1

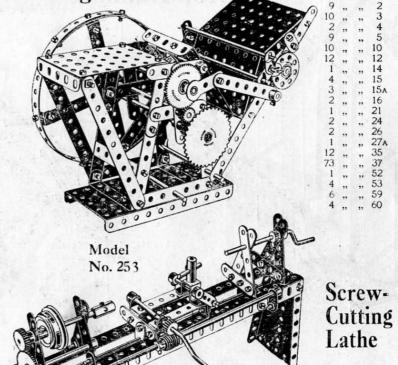




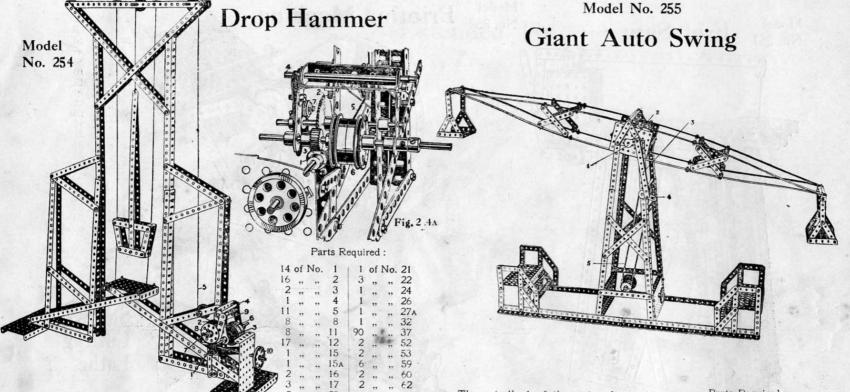
Parts Required:

						-										
8	of	No.	1	110	of	No.	8	1	1	of	No.	19	2	of	No.	52
13			2	2	**	**	10		4	**	,,	22	3	,,	**	53
1	**	.,	3	4	,,	**	12		1	77	. 55	26	6	**	"	59
2	,,	"	4	2	,,	"	16		1	"	"	27A	2	**	17	62
- 1	1		5	1 2			17	16	55	**		31				





8	of	No.	5	1	of	No.	17	1	of	No.	32
4	.,	,,	6	1	,,	**	18	35	"	,,	37
2	**	,,	8	2	,,	,,	19	1	,,	**	45
5	,,	**	10	1	**		20	2	,,	**	54
12	,,	,,	12	1	,,		22		,,	"	59
		19		3		**	26	4	***		60
2	22	31	16	2	27	**	27A	3	15	**	63

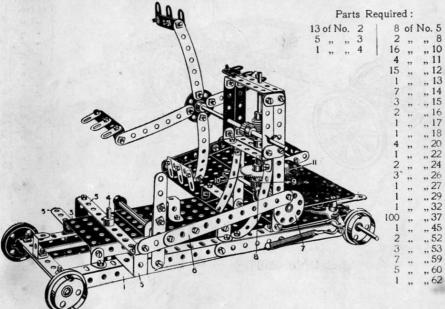


The worm 1 on the driving spindle engages and rotates the gear wheel 2, which drives the pinion 3 on a spindle carried in crank bearings bolted to reversed $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips, which hang from an upper rod 4. The winding rope 5 passing round the wheels 6 keeps the pinion in gear with the gear wheel 2 when raising the hammer. A $\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley 7 bolted to the bush wheel 8 eventually engages a strip 9 carried from the crank piece, and, by swinging the latter out, disengages the pinion 3 from the gear wheel 2, releasing the wheels 6 and permitting the rope to unwind and the hammer to drop. The driving pulley 10 must be driven anti-clockwise.

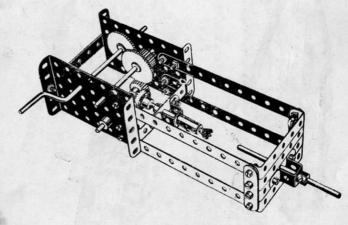
The spindle 1 of the swing frame is fitted with a crank 2 connected by a strip 3 to another crank 4, the spindle of which is journalled in the vertical supports and carries a sprocket wheel driven by the chain 5.

			. 1	1	of l	No	. 21
			2	1	,,	,,	24
			3		,,		
		,,			**		
	,,	.,,	5		,,		
12			8	166			
46			12	4			52
			14	4		,,	53
			15	5		**	59
2	**	31	15A	2	,,	**	62

Model No. 256 Mowing and Reaping Machine



Model No. 257 Spooling Machine

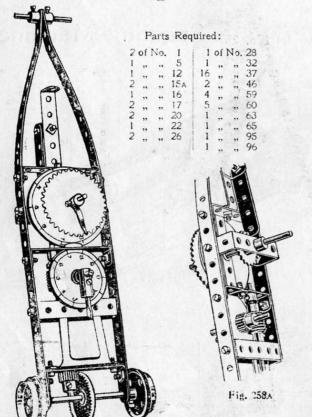


Begin by building the base frame 1 from angle girders bolted to flanged plates 2, a flanged perforated plate 3 being also bolted by angle brackets on the top of frame 1. This forms the bearing for a short rod 4 which is the pivot of the cutter 5, which is oscillated by the strips 6 which form a connecting rod operated by the bush wheel 7. The spindle of this wheel is driven by a contrate wheel 8 from the pinion 9, which is on the same spindle as the gear wheel 10 driven by two pinions 11 on the driving spindle of the motor.

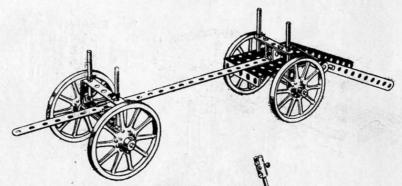
4	of	No.	2	1 2	of	No.	27	1	1	of	No.	46
1	,,	,,	3	1	,,	,,	29	5.4	2	,,	,,	53
3	,,	**	16			,,			7	,,	,,	59
		,,		2	",,	,,	45				,,	
1	**	**	19	-					1	**	**	63
2		"	26						1	,,	,,	65

Model No. 258

Measuring Machine



Model No. 259 Timber Carriage



Carpet

Model No. 260

Parts Required:

6	of I	No.	3	1	of	No.	26
2		,,	10	2			27
8		**	12	14	**	,.	37
1		**	13	2		**	53
2		12	15	3	,,	,,	59
2		,,	15A	2	**	,,	60
4		**	20	2			63
2	"	**	24				



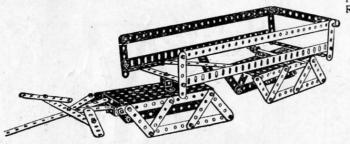
Parts Required: 1 of No.



Sweeper

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No. 4 and No. 4A

Model No. 261 Bob Sleigh



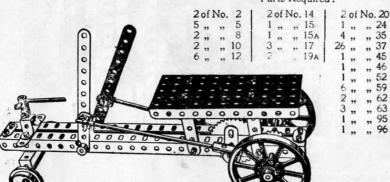
Parts Required:

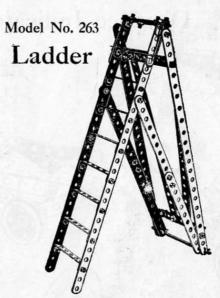
	of	No.	
10	**	**	2
	,,	,,	3
	"	**	5
2	,,	,,	8
7	"	,,	12
1	"	,,	15A
60	,,	**	37
1	,,	,,	45
2	"	,,	52
2	,,	,,	59
2		**	60

Model No. 262

Hand Car

Parts Required:





Parts Required:

4 of No. 1 8 , , , 2 2 , , , 3 3 , , , 5 2 , , , 10 8 , , , 12 1 , , , 16 2 , , , 17 10 , , , 35

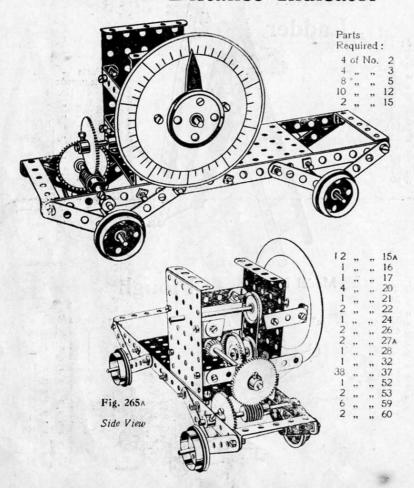
10 , , 35 44 , , 37 2 , , 59 9 , , 60

Model No. 264

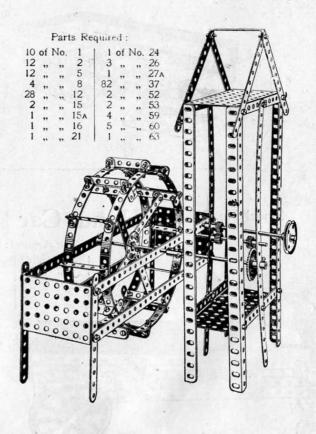
Plough



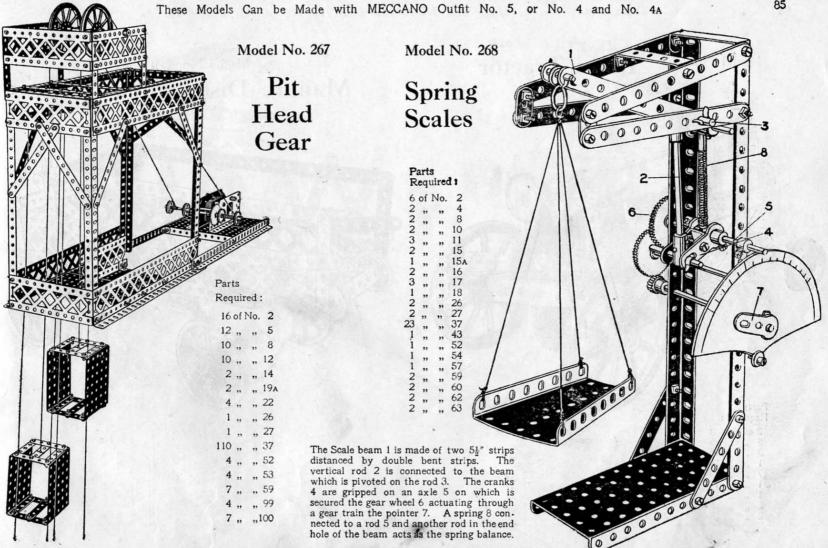
Model No. 265 Distance Indicator



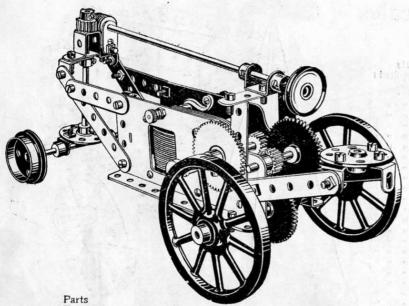
Model No. 266 Belgian Water Wheel







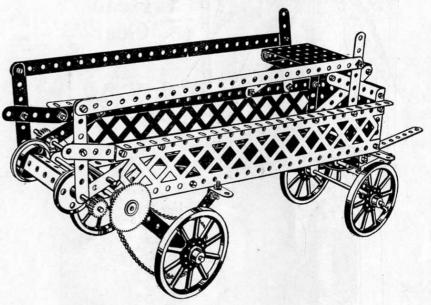
Model No. 269 Farm Tractor



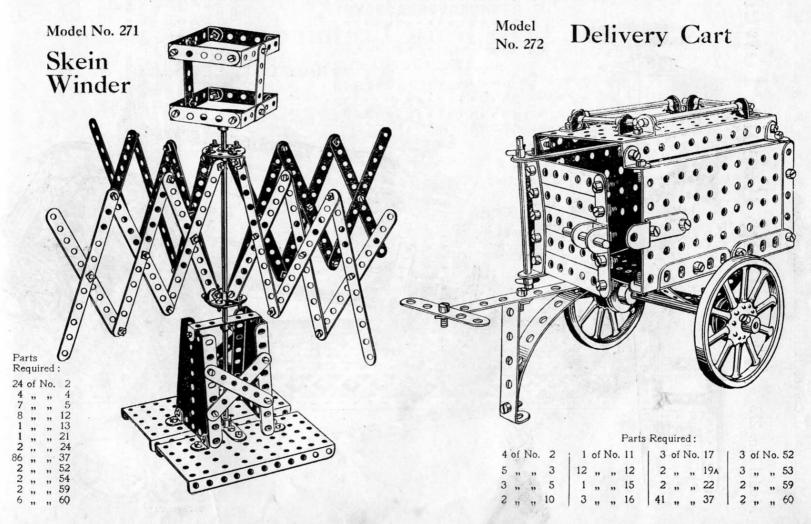
Parts Required:

2 of No. 3	1	
5 " " 5		
3 ,, ,, 10		
7 , , 12	2 of No. 20	1 1 of No. 32
1 ,, ,, 13	1 ,, ,, 22	24 ,, ,, 37
1 ,, ,, 15	2 ,, ,, 24	1 ,, ,, 45
2 , , 15/	11 11	8 ,, ,, 59
6 11 11 172	1 2 ,, ,, 21	1 2 ,, ,, 60

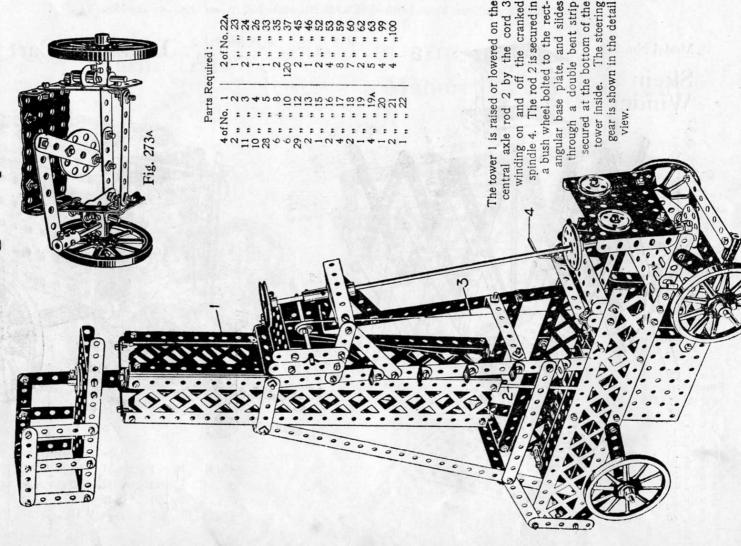
Manure Distributing Cart



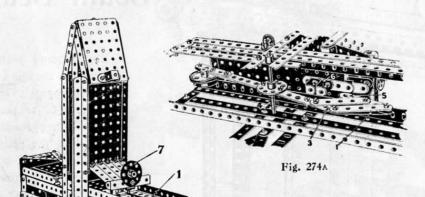
							ad.					
2	of	No.	1	1	2	of I	Vo.	15A	1 1	of	No.	46
3	,,	,,	2		2	,,	"	17	2	,,	,,	53
10	,,	,,	3		4	,,	"	19A	8	,,	"	59
9	,,	,,	5		2	,,	,,	20	4	,,	,,	60
4	,,	"	8		1	,,	**	24	1	"	,,	94
6	,,	"	12		3	"	**	26	1	**	"	95
1	**	"	14	19	1	"	**	27A	1	**	**	96
6	17	**	15		57	"	**	35 37	2	**	**	99
					01	99	"	01				



273 Model No.



Automatic Coin-Freed Machine Model No. 274



Required:

2 of No. 24

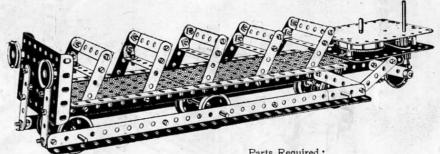
2 ,, ,, 35

Parts

6 of No.

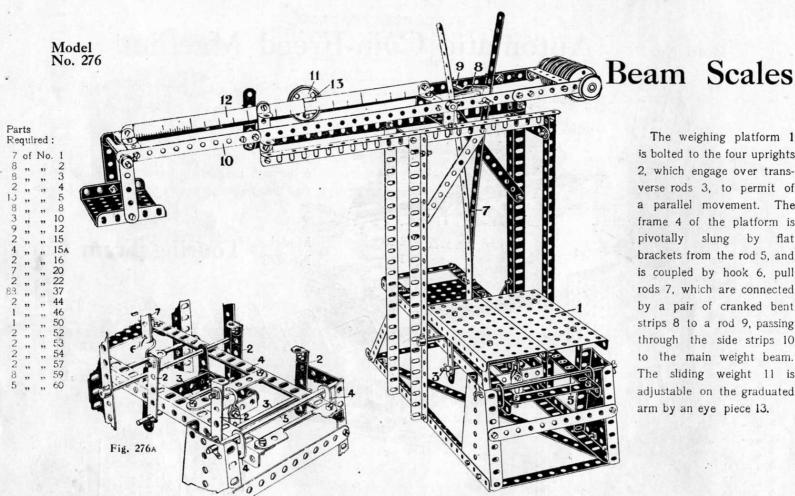
The release mechanism of this model is very clearly shown in the sectional underneath view. The coin on being placed in the slot pivots by its weight the lever 3 about the rod 4, moving the end of the strip 5 clear of the double brackets 6, beneath the sliding drawer, so that the drawer may then be pulled out by the bush wheel 7.

Model Touring Tram Car No. 275



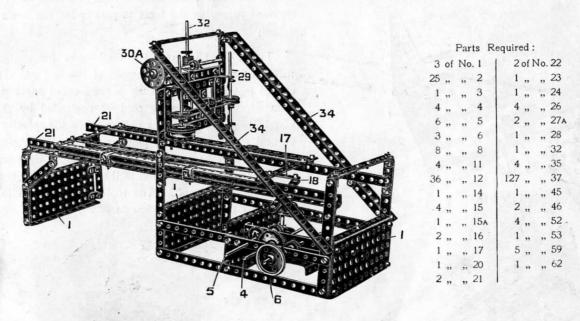
Parts Required:

20 of	No.	5	2	of l	No.	22	3	of	No.	52	
6,	, ,,	8	1	,,	,,	26	1	,,	"	53	
	, ,,					28	2	,,	"	59	
	, ,,					37	8	,,	,,	60	
6,	, ,,	20	1				1				



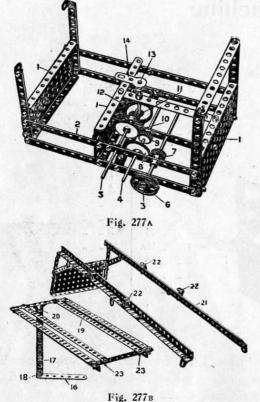
The weighing platform 1 is bolted to the four uprights 2, which engage over transverse rods 3, to permit of a parallel movement. The frame 4 of the platform is pivotally slung by flat brackets from the rod 5, and is coupled by hook 6, pull rods 7, which are connected by a pair of cranked bent strips 8 to a rod 9, passing through the side strips 10 to the main weight beam. The sliding weight 11 is adjustable on the graduated arm by an eye piece 13.

Model No. 277 Planing Machine



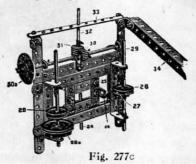
Begin by constructing the gear box, Fig. 277A, consisting of three large flanged plates 1 joined by pairs of $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 2 overlapped three holes. The strips 2 form bearings for the spindles 3, 4, and 5. The spindle 3, on which is the driving pulley 6, carries a pinion 7 meshing with the gear wheel 8 secured with the pinion 9 on the spindle 4. This pinion 9 meshes with the gear wheel 10 on the spindle 5, which also carries a pinion 11 engaging the contrate wheel 12 on the vertical spindle 13. A crank piece 14 is secured to the spindle 13, and is pivotally connected to the link 16, Fig. 277B, the other extremity of which is pivotally connected to the connecting rod 17 by a lock-nutted attachment 18. The rod 17 is coupled to the table 19 by the double bent strip 20. The table 19 runs upon the angle girders 21. The double brackets 22 forming guides for the table are first

Model No. 277 Planing Machine (continued)



bolted in position, and the end nuts and bolts 23 of the table removed to enable the table to pass under the angle brackets initially.

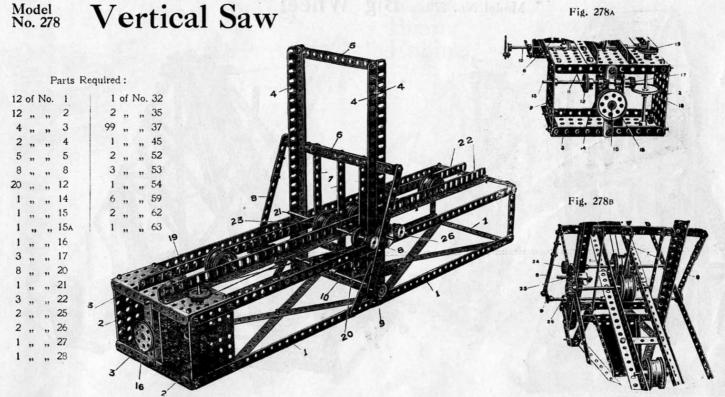
Fig. 277c illustrates the mechanism for controlling the traversing and vertical movement of the tool 24. The tool is carried in the plate 25, to which are secured angle brackets 26 from which the operating cord 27 controlled by the flanged wheel 28a passes round the pulleys 28 on the spindles 29. The vertical movement of the plate is regulated through the bush wheel 30a by means of the pinion 30 engaging the worm 31 here acting as a rack, and secured to the vertically moving spindle 32 guided in the strip 33. The tool head is stayed to the rear plate 1 by the diagonal girders 34.



HOW TO CONTINUE

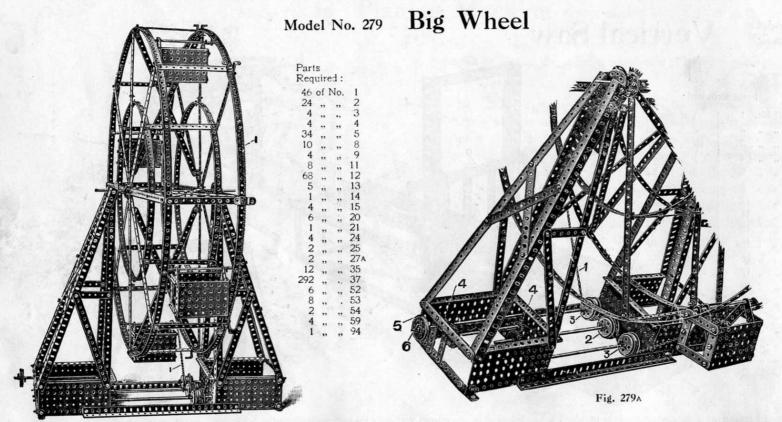
This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 5a Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



This model represents a log-sawing machine in which a number of saws are moved vertically up and down while the log is fed forward to the saws and cut into planks. The base framework of the model is formed of strips 1 connected to small flanged plates 2, forming the sides, and large flanged plates 3 forming the top and bottom of the gear box. Angle girders 4 are bolted to the strips 1 to form vertical guides for the saw frame, a strip 5 being bolted between the flanges and the angle girders to give clearance for the frame strips 6 carrying saws 7 which slide between the angle girders 4. The frame 6 is moved vertically up and down by the connecting rods 8 lock-nutted to the ends of the upper strips 6, and cranks 9 secured on the end of an axle rod 10. This rod 10 is driven by a cord 11 passing over a pulley wheel 12 on a rod 13, which is driven by a pinion 14 engaging with a worm on the driving shaft 15, this driving shaft being fitted with a driving pulley 16. To provide for the travel of the logs, the other end of the rod 13 is fitted with a pinion 17 engaging a contrate wheel 18 on a vertical spindle, the upper end of which is fitted with a pulley wheel 19, the driving cord passing round this pulley 19 to a similar pulley 20 on an axle 21 journalled in the vertical webs of the angle girder rails 22. This rod 21 carries the flanged wheels 23, and is geared by a pinion 24 engaging a gear wheel 25 to another pinion 26 carrying another pair of flanged wheels. The log is carried along on these flanged wheels through the saws 7.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

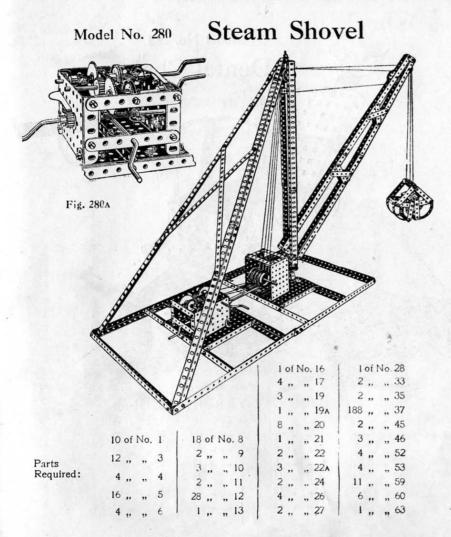


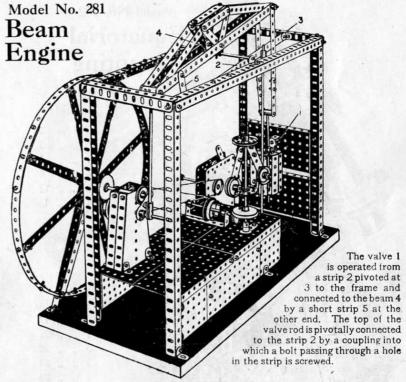
In constructing this model flanged plates are used to form the sides and inner part of the base of the side pedestals and also to form the suspended cages on the wheel.

The driving chain is conveniently kept in position round the periphery of one of the side elements of the wheel by a series of double angle brackets bolted on the ends of the spokes.

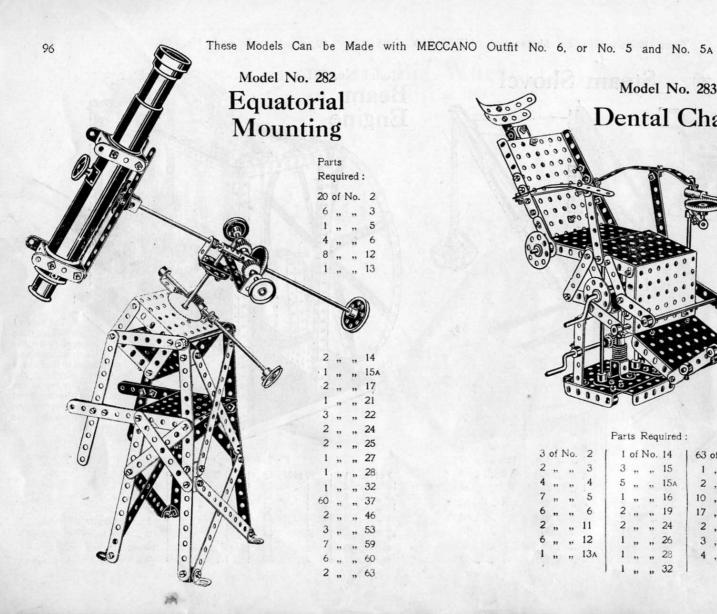
In Fig. 279A is shown how the driving chain 1, passing round the driving wheel 2, is held around the circumference thereof by the guide wheels 3. The driving wheel 2 is driven through the gear wheel 4 from a 1½" pulley wheel 5 carried on the spindle 6.

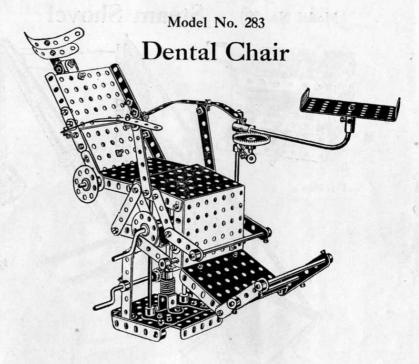
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



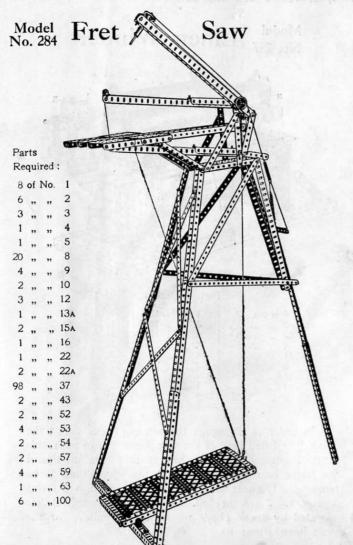


7 of No. 1	27 of No. 12	2 of No. 21	1 of No. 50
18 ,, ,, 2	1 ,, ,, 13	5 ,, ., 22	7 ,, ., 52
3 ,, ,, 4	1 ,, ,, 13A	2 ,, ' ,, 23	4 , , 53
10 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 14	4 ,, ,, 24	2 ., ., 54
1 ,, ,, 6	3 ,, ,, 15	2 ,, ., 26	7 59
8 ,, ,, 8	1 ,, ,, 16	1 ,, ,, 2/	6 60
6 10	2 18	149 37	3 ,, ,, 62
4 " 11	2 " " 20	1 46	5 ,, 63
* ** **	1 11 00	. 11 11	11 11 40

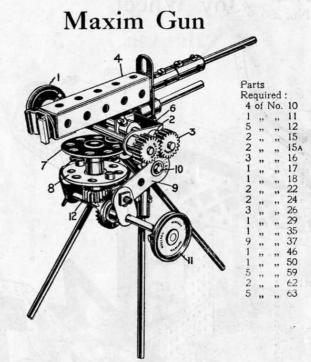




							WILL CO.	•			
3	of .	No.	2	1	of l	No.	14	63	of	No.	37
2	,,	,,	3	3	**	,,	15	1	**	,,	45
4	**	,,	4	5	,,	,,	15a	2	,,	,,	50
7	"	**	5	1	,,	,,	16	10	**	,,	53
6	,,	,,	6	2	,,	**	19	17	,,	,,	59
2	"	,,	11	2	,,	,,	24	2	,,	,,	60
6	"	**	12	1	,,	,,	26	3	"	,,	62
1	11	,,	13 _A	1	,,	,,	28	4	,,	,,	63
1				1	11	11	32				

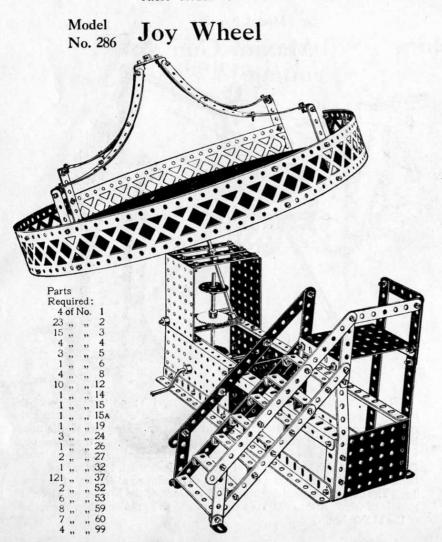


Model No. 285

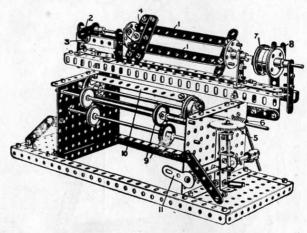


The handwheel 1 operates the pinions 2 and 3; on the spindle of the latter the gun frame 4 is mounted, movement of the wheel 1 elevating the gun. The double bent strip 6 is bolted by an angle bracket to the upper bush wheel 7, the spindle of which passes loosely through the lower bush wheel 8, which is bolted by angle brackets to the cranks 9, a rod 10 joining the cranks to which the front leg of the tripod is secured, the other legs being bolted to a pair of angle brackets secured to a coupling at the top of the front leg. The gun is swivelled horizontally by means of the handwheel 11, on the spindle of which is the contrate wheel engaging the pinion 12 on the spindle of the bush wheel 7.

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



Model No. 287 Linen Winder

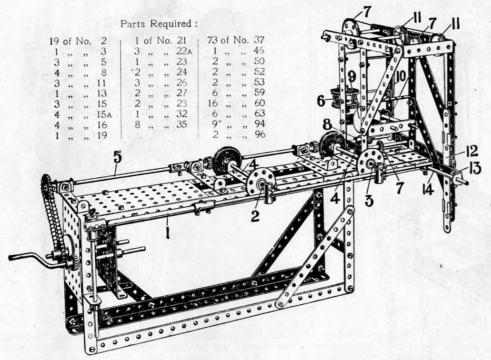


Parts Required:

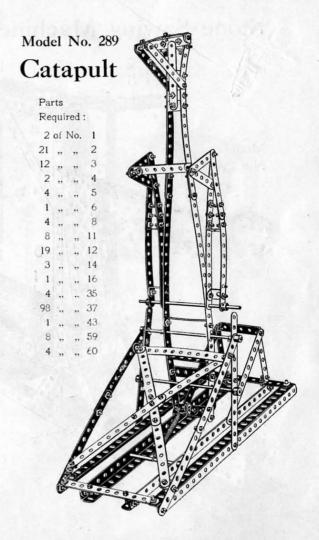
6 of No. 2	1 of No. 15	94 of No. 37
2 ,, ,, 3	3 ., ., 16	1 ,, ,, 43
12 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,, 44
4 ,, ,, 8	4 ,, ,, 20	2 ,, ,, 46
11 ., ,, 10	4 ,, ,, 22	2 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 11	2 ,, ,, 24	7 ,, ,, 59
16 ,, ,, 12	1 ,, ,, 27	3 ,, ,, 60
1 ,, ,, 13	1 ,, ,, 32	2 ,, ,, 62
2 13A	5 ,, ,, 35	1 ,, ,, 63

In order to disengage the winding frame bars 1 the crank 2 is lifted clear of the stop 3 and drawn back, this action disengaging the end cross strips 4 from the tips of the frame bars 1 and permitting the wound linen to be removed. The gear wheel 5 engaging the worm 6 forms a counter. 7 are the bell pulleys, and 8 the bell striker operated by crank 11; 9 are the guide pulleys for the main linen drums 10.

Model No. 288 Profiling Machine

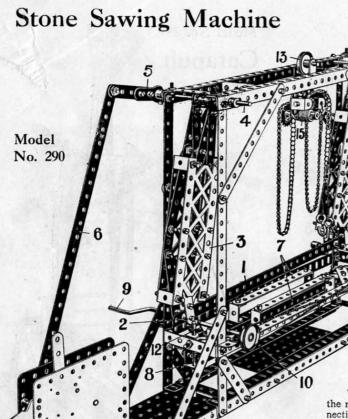


The side shaft 1 carries the follower tool 2 of the medal to be copied, and the cutting tool 3 for the work. The copy and work are rotated by the shafts 4 from the driving shaft 5, and resilient pressure is imparted to the cutting tool 3 by means of a weight 6, the cord of which passes over pulley 7 and is connected to shaft 1. The vertical traverse of the tool is effected by the worm 8 engaging the spur wheel 9, a cord winding on its spindle and passing over pulleys 11 and being connected to the girder strip 12 bolted to the double bent strip 13, which forms a bearing for a rod 14 on which the end of the shaft 1 rests.

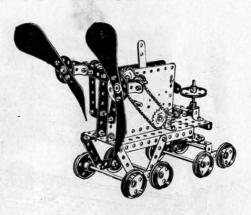


Required:

57



Model No. 291 Velocipede



Parts Required:

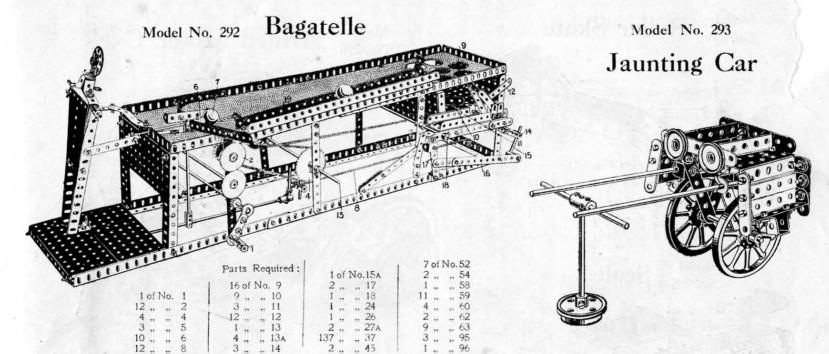
1	of	No.	2	1 8	of	No.	20	1	3	of	No.	45
1	,,	,,	4	3	,,	,,	24		1	,,	,,	46
10	**	**	12	2	**	"	26 29		1	**	17	52 53
2	**	**	15A	47	"	"	37		2	"	"	59
4	"	**	16	2	"	**	41	1	2	"	**	96
2	"	"	17		"	"		4	-	**	,,	,,

The sawing strip 1 is carried from the short rods 2 in the ends of the swinging frames 3 pivoted on the rods 4 carried in the frame. These swinging frames 3 are oscillated from the crank 5 and connecting rod 6 driven by the motor.

The support frame 7 for the stone blocks to be sawn is raised and lowered as follows: The frame 7 is guided on the vertical rods 8 and raised and lowered by the operation of the crank handle 9 on the end of which is a pulley 10 connected by a cord to another pulley 11. End cords 12 wound on the pulley axles are connected to the support frame 7 and raise or lower it as required.

The pulley block runs upon a rod supported by two $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips across the upper framework, the top pulley 13 being carried in a cranked bent strip bolted by an angle bracket to the upper hole of a bush wheel, which forms the framework of the pulley block, two double brackets forming the bearings of a rod on which is the pinion engaged by the worm 15.

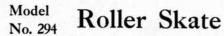
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

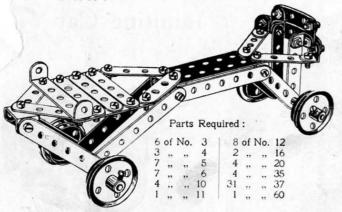


The operating handle I drives the gear wheel 2, a sprocket wheel on the spindle being coupled to a sprocket wheel 4. The spindle 13 of this carries a crank made by short rods and coupling, which crank engages at each revolution and pushes back a pusher-bar 6 by means of which the ball is driven forward. A spring cord 8 returns the pusher-rod. After the ball is driven forward, it drops down one of the holes 9 and is led by the guides into the lifting pocket. The ball is held back by a pivoted strip 12 which is caught and pulled down as the pocket 11 descends, permitting the ball to fall out. The pocket is raised by a chain passing over a 2" sprocket at the opposite end of rod 13, which is coupled to another 2" sprocket on spindle 14, which latter carries a rod 15 arranged as a crank coupled by strips 16 to an arm 17 on the pivot 18 of the lifting pocket 11. The ball is lifted by the pocket and deposited into the chute 19, by which it is returned to the pusher-arm 6.

2	of	No.	3	1	of	No.	16	40	of	No.	37
4	,,	11	4	2	11	19	17	2	,,	,,	45
4	,,	,,	6	2	,,	,,	19A	1	,,	,,	53
14	,,	,.	12	1	. ,,	٠,	20	4	,,	**	59
2	,,	11	13 _A	2	,,	1)	22	. 8	,,	"	60
1	"	,,	15	4	**	.,	35	1	,,	,,	63

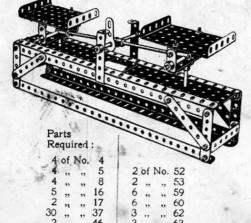
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



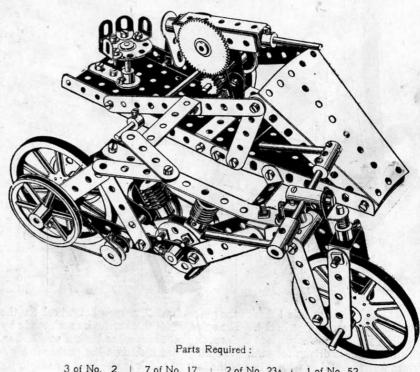


Model No. 295

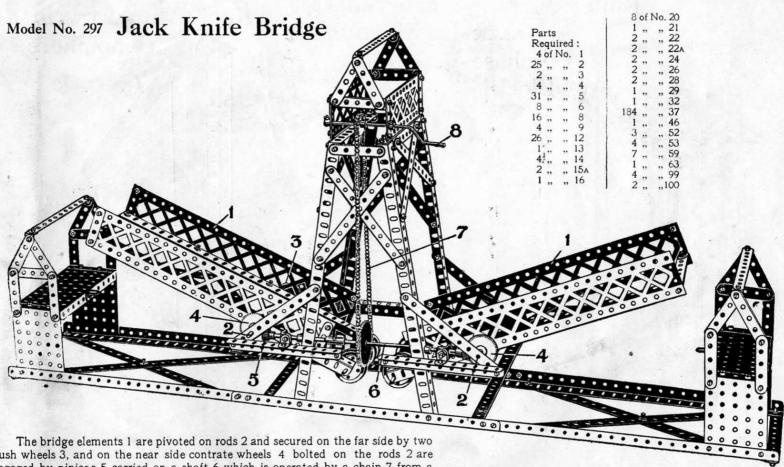
Scales



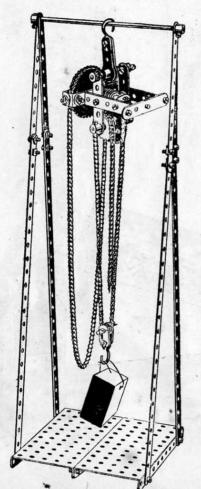
Model Armed Motor Cycle No. 296



3	of of	No.	. 2	7	of l	No.	17	2	of I	No.	23 _A	1 1	of I	No.	52
16	,,	,,	5	3	,,	,,	18	2	,,	,,	24	2	,,	,,	54
4	,,	,,	6	3	,,,	1)	19A	1	,,	,,	26	1			59
4	,,	,,	10	-1	"	,,	20A	1	"		27A	2	,,	,,	60
3	,,	,,	11	2	"	11	21	2	,,	"	32	2	,,	,,	62
11	,,	"	12	1	,,	,,	22	50	"	"	37	4	,,	,,	63
2	, ,,	"	15A	1	,,	,,	23	1	,,	"	44				

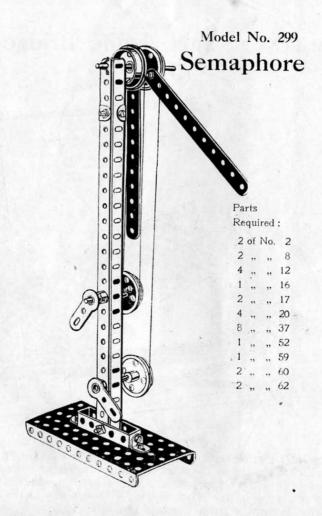


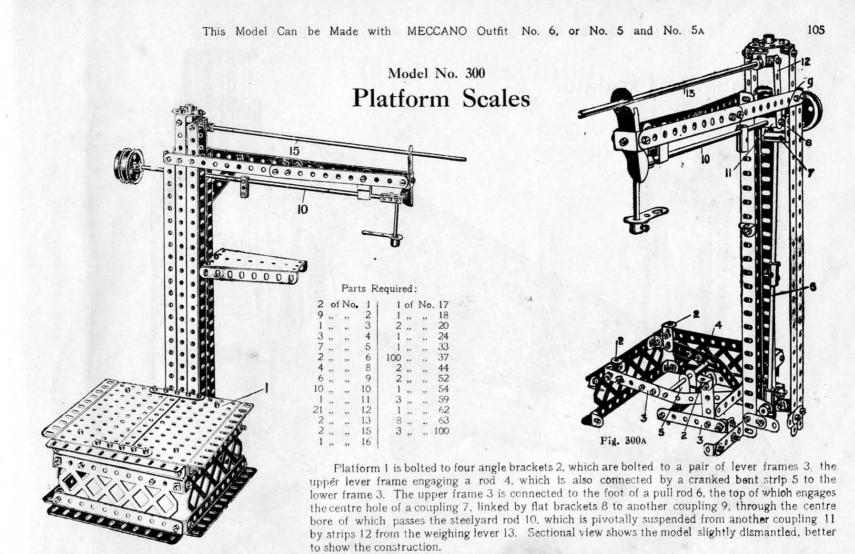
The bridge elements 1 are pivoted on rods 2 and secured on the far side by two bush wheels 3, and on the near side contrate wheels 4 bolted on the rods 2 are engaged by piniors 5 carried on a shaft 6 which is operated by a chain 7 from a sprocket wheel on the crank handle 8. In this way as the crank is rotated the shaft 6 swings the bridge elements 1 simultaneously.



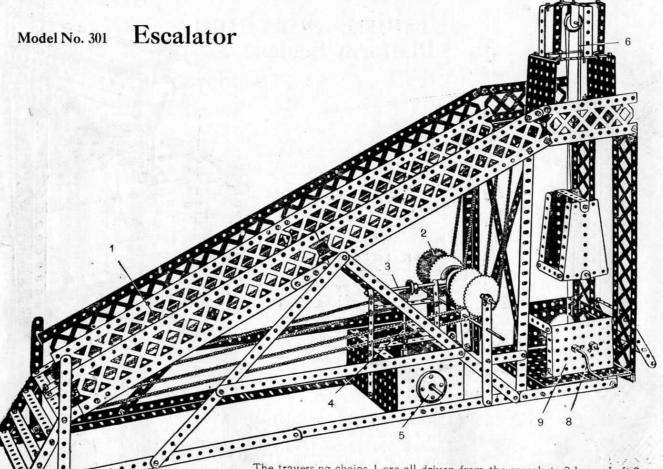
Model No. 298 Purchase Block

Parts Required: 4 of No. 1 4 2 3 ,, ,, 5 1 ,, ,, 12 1 ,, ,, 15 1 ., , 27A 1 ,, ,, 32 2 ., ., 35 23 37 2 ., ., 57 7 . . . 59 1 ,, ,, 95





This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



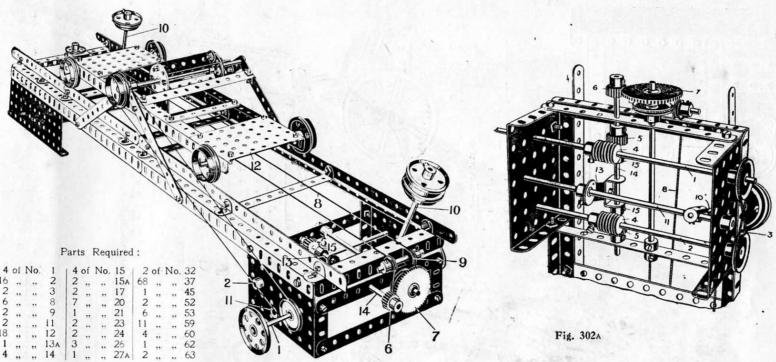
Parts Required:

8 of No. 1

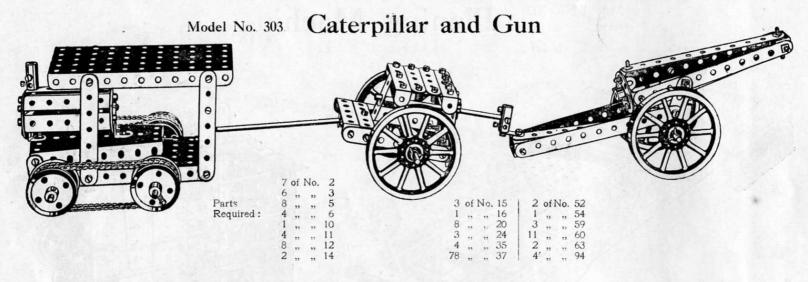
The traversing chains 1 are all driven from the sprockets 2 by a shaft 3 which is itself driven from the vertical rod 4 by a worm gearing operated by the pulley 5. The hoisting cord 6 for the cage 7 is operated from the crank handle 8 by gearing in the box 9. The cage traverses guide cords secured at top and bottom and which pass through the holes in the strips of the cage.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

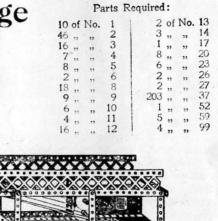
Model No. 302 Planing Machine

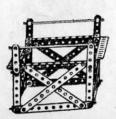


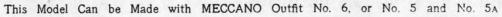
The driving spindle 1 and the spindle 2 are connected by a crossed rope 3, so that they rotate in opposite directions. These spindles carry worms 4, one or other of which engages with one of two pinions 5 on a spindle which also carries a pinion 6 engaging a gear wheel 7, which carries a 1" fast pulley round which the traversing cord 8 passes on to the ½" loose pulleys 9. The weighted spindles 10 at opposite ends of the apparatus are pivotally carried on spindles 11, and are engaged by the carriage 12 at the end of its travel. The spindle 11 carries a crank piece 13 to the end of which is bolted a couble bracket sliding on the spindle 14, and engages collars 15 thereon, so that as the weighted spindle 10 is pushed over by the carriage the crank 13 disengages one pinion from its worm and engages the other worms and pinion, thus reversing the direction of rotation of the pinion 6, and consequently of the traversing rope 8.

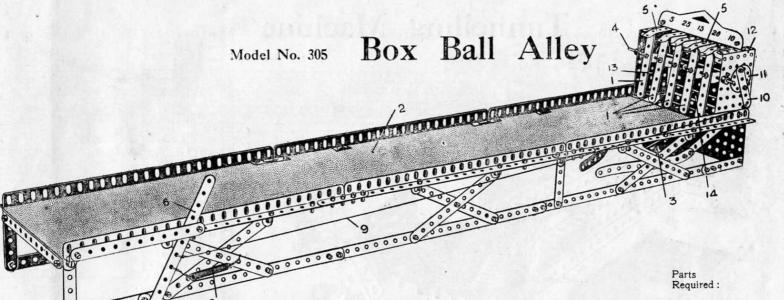


Model No. 304 Rolling Lift Bridge





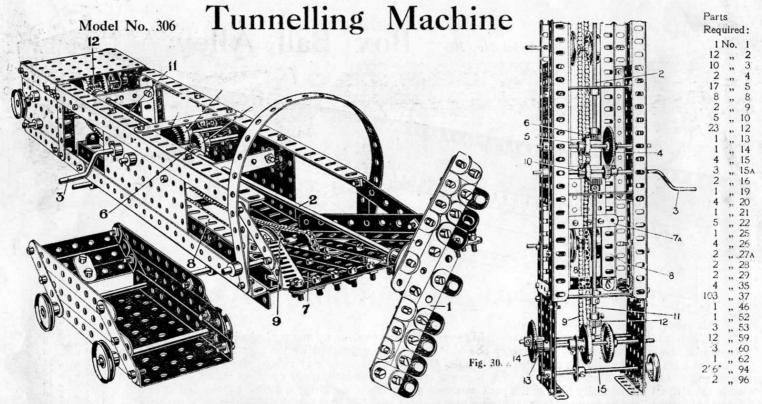




This model gives endless amusement.

The object is to hit one of the strips 1, which have various number values, by means of a ball rolled along the platform 2, the ball after striking and tipping one of the strips being returned by the tray 3 to the player. The strips 1 are pivoted by double bent strips on to a rod 4, so that each strip may swing independently. The upper end of each strip is engaged by strips 5, the ends of which are bent slightly down, as shown, so that while the strips 1 are normally held in the position shown, when one of the strips is struck by the ball it is deflected backward and its upper end snaps outward past the bent end of its strip 5, which thus acts as a spring, the deflected strip being then retained in that position until it is reset. To reset any or all of the strips 1 a handle is formed by a strip 6 pivoted at 7 and controlled by a tension spring 8. A cord 9 connects the strip 6 to a short strip 10 forming a crank and bolted to a bush wheel 11 on an axle journalled in the side plates 12. This axle on its interior carries two further bush wheels to which are secured two short strips 13 forming cranks, a long double bent strip 14 being in turn bolted to the strips 13. When therefore the handle 6 is pulled out against the spring 8 the cord 9 rotates the bush wheel 11 and forces out the long double bent strip 14 which pushes out the strips 1 and resets them in their normal positions. During this resetting operation the upper ends of the strips 1 snap back beneath the bent ends of the spring strips 5.

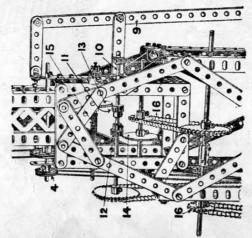
6	of i	No.	1
19	,,	**	2
5	**	**	3
2	**	**	4
15	,,	**	5
6	**	.,,	8
5	**	**	11
27	**	,,	12
1	,,	**	14
1	**	,,	15
2	"	"	16
1	,,	,,	24
8	,,	,,	35
132	"	,,	37
1	,,	**	43
2	,,	**	52
2	**	"	53
2	**	"	54 59
2	"	**	
1	**	"	62
	*	**	00



The main boring head 1 is driven by the shaft 2 from the crank 3, on the spindle of which a 20 tooth pinion engages a 56 tooth gear wheel 4 which is fixed on the same spindle as the 25 tooth contrate wheel 5, which is geared with the pinion 6 on the shaft 2. The earth removed by the boring head falls down the slope 7 and is removed by a traversing carriage 7A running on the rails 8 and operated by the chain 9. As the carriage reaches the inner part of its travel it tips by meeting a stop. The carriage is traversed by a large contrate wheel 10 engaging a 20 tooth pinion on the shaft 11, another pinion 12 on this shaft engaging one or other of the contrate wheels which form a clutch for reversing the carriage, the contrate wheels spindle carrying a 25 tooth pinion 13 which engages a 56 tooth gear wheel 14 on the spindle of the rear sprocket wheel carrying the chain. The reversing mechanism is operated by sliding the rod 15.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

Model No. 307 Crane

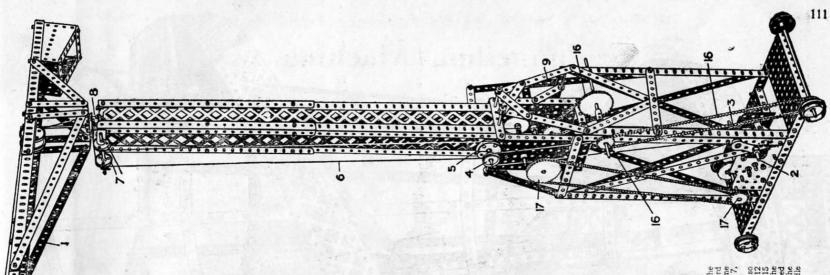


16. 307

24	56	27A	33	35	37	46	45	46	25	54	22	29	99	62	63	95	96
No.	:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	:	2			:			:	
of l	:	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2			
					(4.5							-					
1 1 of	2	3	4	10	8	-	2	3A	4	2	NO.	9	7	m	0	_	0
No. 1	. 2	. 3	4	· ·	8 ::	Ξ."	. 12	" 13A	, 14	. 15	., 15A	. 16	. 17	. 13	. 30	21	20

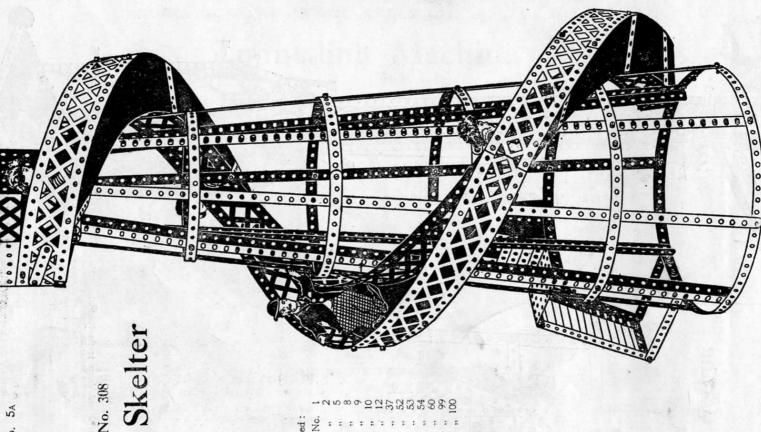
The frame of the model is well shown in the illustration, swinging of the jib I is effected from the handle 2 by means of a c coupling a pulley 3 to a pulley 4. Round a larger pulley 5 on the sa shaft passes a confinuous cord 6 which, after winding round guide pulle

The handle 9 siless the spinde 10 carrying two pinions 11 and 12 that either the pinion 11 may engage the gear wheel 30 orthe pinion the gear wheel 14. When the pinion rangeges the wheel 14 the conditions or the gear wheel 14. When the pinion engages the wheel 13 the cord is wound on or off the spindle to raise or inwer the load, and when the pinion 12 engages the wheel 14 the traversing movement is effect through the chain and sprocket 16. The power is taken from 1 motor-by way of the 17 and 2° sprockets 17, the latter on the spin carrying the pinions 11 and 12.

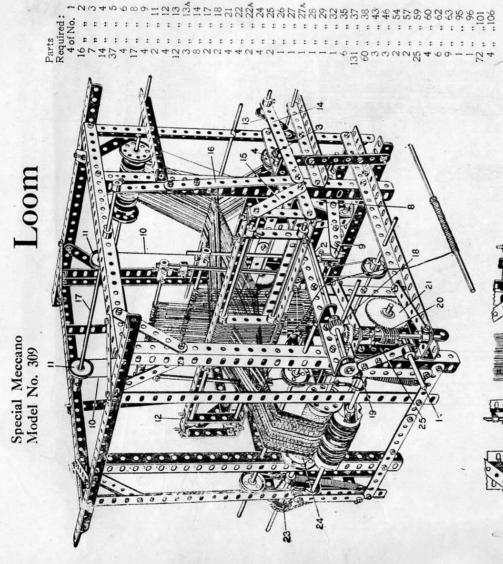


This Model Can be Made with No. Outfit and MECCANO

No.



112



First build up the framework as shown.
The loom is operated from the main crank

bush wheels 7 to which are pivoted 2 strips 8 connected to two strips 5½ by 2 overlapped, which are in turn pivoted to the lower rod 9 of the rear heald frame. Both heald frames are connected by cords 10 passing over pulley wheels 11.

The weft is operated by a hand shuttle. Reed Frame.—The reed frame 12 which beats up each thread of the weft is actuated from the shaft 4 by cranks 13 Heald Frames.—On the end of shaft 2 is a pinion 3 gearing with a \$" contrate wheel on shaft 4, a 25-tooth pinion 5 on which engages a 50-tooth gear wheel on shaft 6. This shaft carries at both ends handle I rotating the shaft 2. HEALD FRAMES.—On the er

formed of two cranks bolted together and pivoted by a 1" rod to two 5½" strips 14 one at each side of the loom, which are pivoted to the bracketed end 15 of the reed frame and to swinging strips 16 hang.

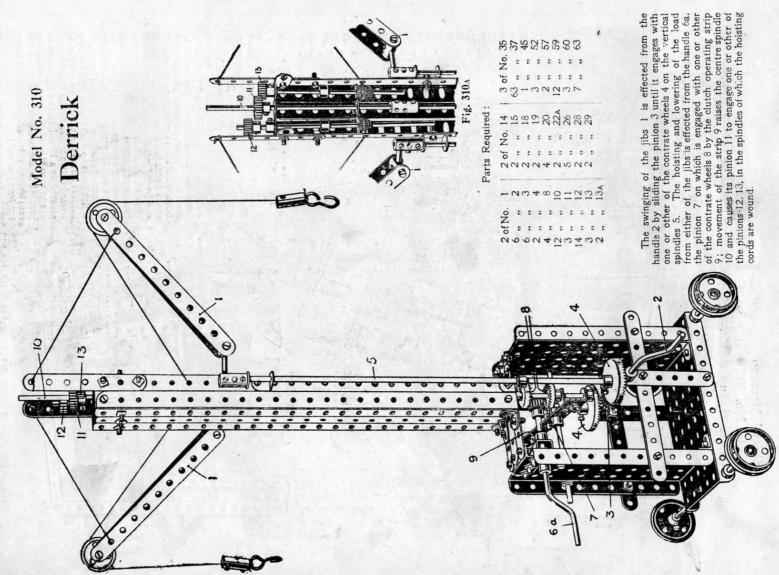
ing from the rod 17. See Some process, see a contrate wheel 19 on the same axle rod as the worm 20 which do it the spindle of which is a sprocket wheel 22 driving another ler 24. The warp threads may be threaded through the reed spaces the worm 20 into alignment with the shaft 2 the large double bent For preparing the beam rollers see Model No. 317. TAKE-UP MOTION.—A pinion 18 engages a contradrives the gear wheel 21, on the other end of the sp sprocket 23 on the spindle of the sand roller 24. The in pairs. In order to bring the spindle of the worm strip 25 is packed up by four 2½ strips. For prepara

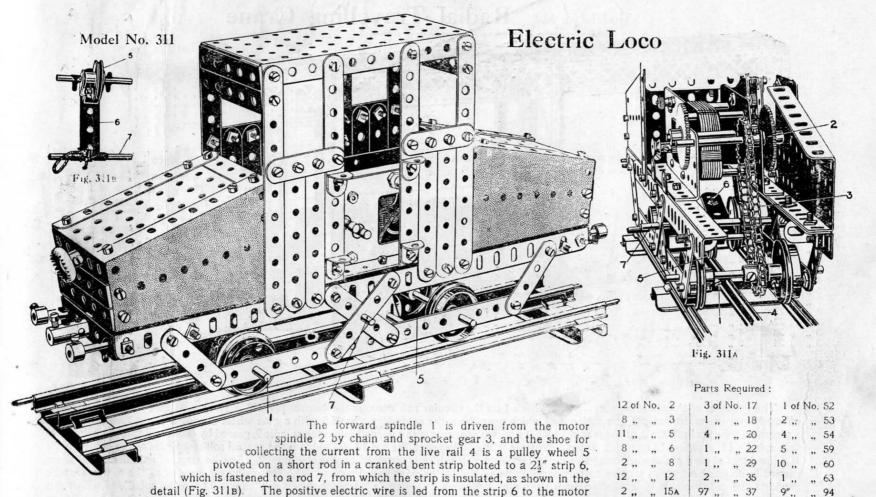
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Fig. 309a

90000000

and No. 5A 5 This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No.





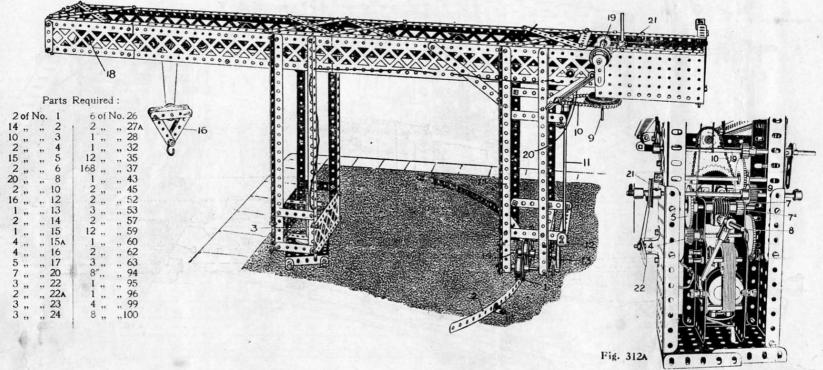
4 ,, ,, 16

1 ., ., 44

terminal, the running wheels forming the negative return of the circuit.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

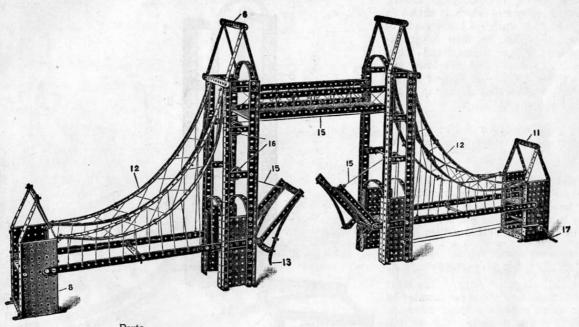
Model No. 312 Radial Travelling Crane



The structure of the crane runs on the rear wheels 1 on the circular rail 2 about the central pivot 3. The radial travelling movement is effected from the motor spindle, the pinion 4 of which gears from the secondary wheels 5 with a gear wheel driving a worm 7 which engages a pinion on a vertical spindle 8, at the foot of which is a pinion engaging with a gear wheel on the spindle 9, geared by chain and sprocket wheels 10 to a spindle 11, a pinion 12 on which drives a contrate wheel 13 keyed to the rod 14, on which is the central rolling spindle of the crane leg 15. If a few turns of cord are wound round this central pulley a better bite is obtained on the rail edge 2. The bearings of spindles 8 and 9 are carried in double bent strips secured to transverse strips bolted to the side flanged plates. The traversing mechanism of the carriage which supports the pulley block 16 is effected from the worm shaft 7, a ½" pinion 7a on which drives a ¾" pinion 17, on the spindle of which is a continuous cord which traverses the frame. This cord passes round the pulley 18 at the extreme outer end of the crane jib. The hoisting rope is driven similarly from the pinion 7a, the hoisting cord winding on and off the rod 19. A brake for the spindle of the winding rod 19 is provided by a cord passing round a 1" pulley 21 and connected to a lever 22.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

Model No. 313 Tower Bridge



Parts Required:

22 of No. 1	12 of No. 9	2 of No. 26	2 of No. 43
34 " " 2	28 " " 12	1 ,, ,, 27	2 ,, ,, 46
12 ,, , 3	6 ,, ,, 15	1 ,, ,, 33	8 ,, ,, 52
12 " " 5	1 ,, ,, 19	9 ,, 35	4 ,, ,, 50
10 , , 8	6 ,, ,, 22	183 ,, 37	1 ,, ,, 59

Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

Tower Bridge (continued) Model No 313

Begin by making the two main towers, the construction of one of which is shown in Fig. 314A. The four uprights 1 are made of angle girders, connected at their lower extremities by large flanged plates 2 and transverse strips 3. The sides of the tower are connected together by a small flanged plate 4 across the top of which and at the top of the tower are bolted bent 51" strips.

The top gable 6, constructed as shown, is then boilted at its lower edges 7 to the top of the uprights.

The short end towers, one of which is shown to the right of the figure, are built up from two large flanged plates 8 connected together by a small flanged plate 9 and two 31" strips 10, the gable 11 being then bolted on top.

The catenary member 12 is built up from four curved 123" strips overlapped, the lower member by 12 holes and the upper member by 15 holes, so as to produce a longer sweep in the lower member, and are bolted to the vertical angle girders of the higher towers, and by angle brackets to the shorter towers.

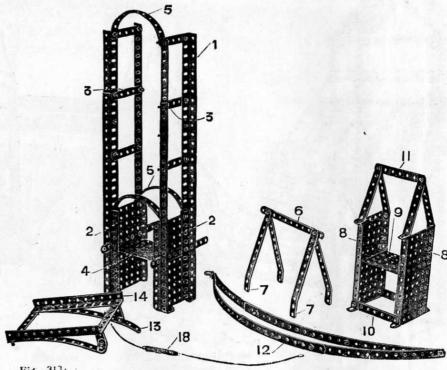
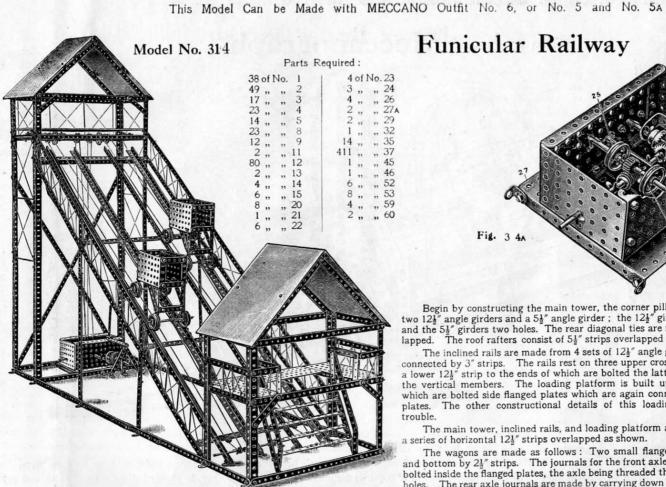
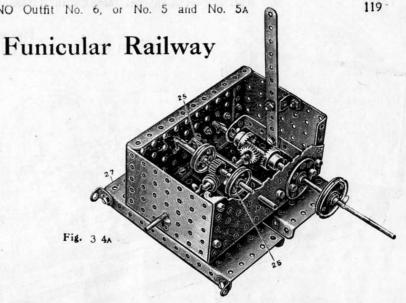


Fig. 313A

The bascules as illustrated in the left-hand corner of the picture are built up of two 51" angle girders braced with transverse 3\(\frac{1}{2} \) strips, and reinforced with bent 5\(\frac{1}{2} \) strips, one of which is provided with a projecting 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) strip 13, which bears against the main tower and acts as a stop when the bascules are horizontal. The bascules are hinged by fixing bolts in the end holes 14, and are opened by the cords 15 passing over the guide pulleys 16, and are controlled by the extension spring 18, which normally acts to return them to their closed position. In the right smaller tower is the operating handle 17, on which is secured a 3" pinion meshed with a gear wheel on the spindle, on which the operating cords 15 are wound.





Begin by constructing the main tower, the corner pillars of which are made from two 121" angle girders and a 51" angle girder; the 121" girders overlapped three holes and the 5½" girders two holes. The rear diagonal ties are made from 12½" strips overlapped. The roof rafters consist of 5½" strips overlapped five holes.

The inclined rails are made from 4 sets of 12½" angle girders, butted together and connected by 3" strips. The rails rest on three upper crossing 121" angle girders, and a lower 121" strip to the ends of which are bolted the latticed side rails supported by the vertical members. The loading platform is built up from 51" girder strips to which are bolted side flanged plates which are again connected by two small flanged plates. The other constructional details of this loading tower should present no trouble.

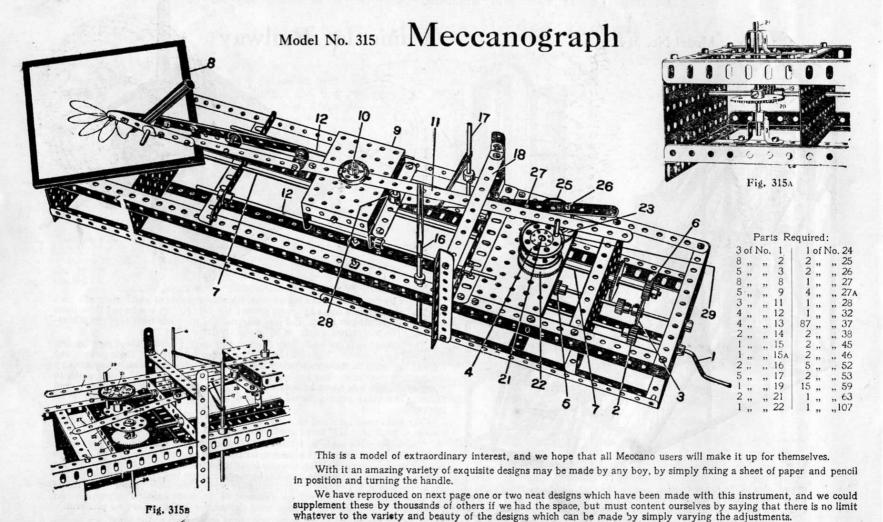
The main tower, inclined rails, and loading platform are now coupled together by a series of horizontal 12½" strips overlapped as shown.

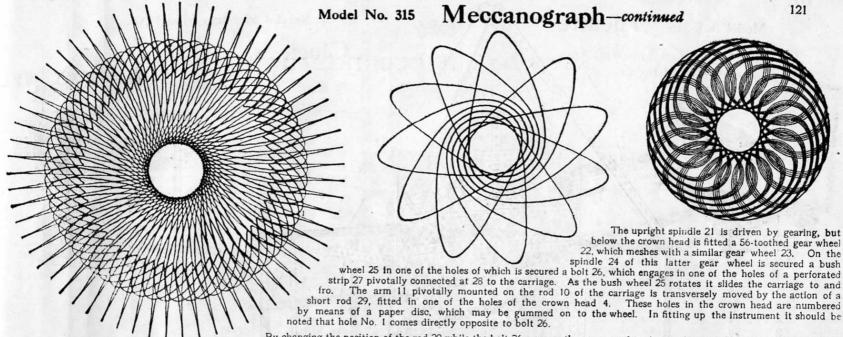
The wagons are made as follows: Two small flanged plates are connected top and bottom by 24" strips. The journals for the front axle are made by two 34" strips bolted inside the flanged plates, the axle being threaded through their lower projecting holes. The rear axle journals are made by carrying down two 31 "strips bolted in their

upper holes to the flanged plates, and braced with the diagonal strips to the sides of the wagon. The axle is again threaded through the lowest holes. One end of the operating cord as shown in this view is secured to this rear axle; the other end, after passing round the pulleys is secured to the front axle. The gear box for operating the main hauling shaft is very fully shown in Fig. 315A, the operating cords from the pulleys 25 passing round the pulleys in the upper gear platform.

The Gear Box is mounted on two perforated plates 27, the angle brackets on which are bolted to the transverse strips at the base of the tower.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A





be obtained. Similarly by altering the position of the pivot 10 on the carriage the designs may be further varied. The strip 27 may also be caused to engage by any of its perforations with the bolt 26.

TABLE.—The table has a bush wheel screwed on the underside, and is secured on the upright spindle 21 by the set-screw of the bush wheel.

CARRIAGE.—The carriage 9 slides slong the rods 12, or is secured to them by collars and set-screws, its position being decided by the adjustment of the arm 11 according to the designs to be produced.

ARM.—The arm 11 is formed of two 12½in. strips bolted together, on which a 5½in. strip overlapped 7 holes is fastened.

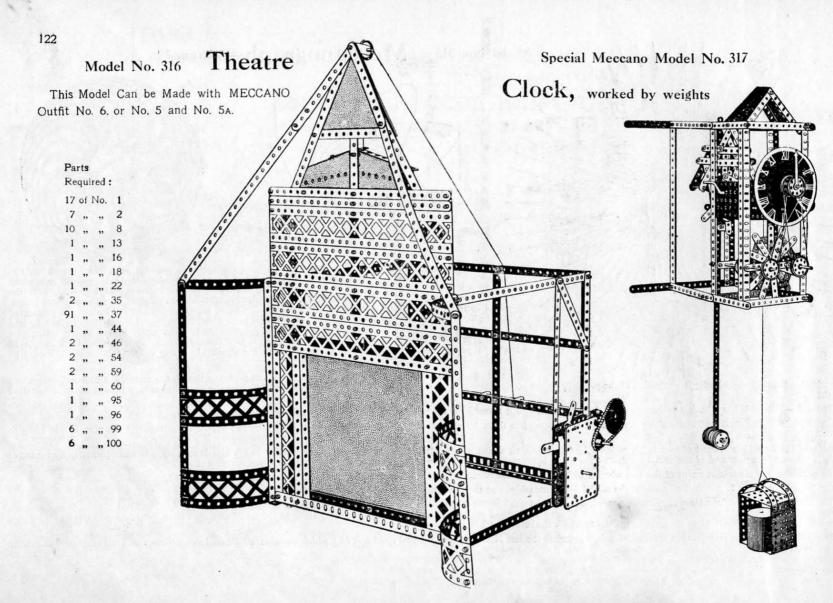
The holder is connected to this 5½in. strip by means of double brackets. The near end of the arm 11 slides between two 5½in. strips 18, which are spaced with washers to permit a free movement.

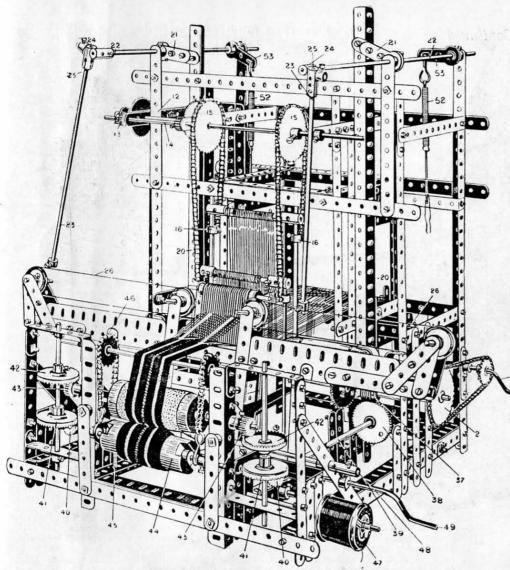
To overcome any slack movement of the arm when working, thin rubber bands are passed around it and connected with upright rods 16 and 17.

Care should be taken to see that all parts of the model work smoothly, and that no jolting takes place, otherwise the lines of the design will be uneven.

The Meccanograph is driven from the handle 1 on which is a 25-toothed pinion 2 engaging a 50-toothed gear wheel 3 on the axle of which is a 20-toothed pinion 5 engaging an inverted crown wheel on the spindle 21. The gear wheel 3 drives a 25-toothed pinion 6 on an axle rod 7 extending along to the table, and by means of a worm 19 (see Fig. 315A) drives a 56-toothed gear wheel 20 on the upright spindle to which the rotating table is fixed.

Meccano users who are interested in this model should purchase the full Meccanograph manual (post free 8d.), which contains full detailed instructions and a full range of illustrations with formulæ.





Loom

123 :

Special Meccano Model No. 318

Parts	13 of No. 1	9 of No. 14	1 5 of No. 26 1	8 of No. 60
Required:	32 ,, ,, 2	3 ,, ,, 15	4 ,, ,, 27	13 ,, ,, 62
	12 ,, ,, 3	1 ,, ,, 15A	5 ,, ,, 27A	13 ,, ,, 63
	8 ,, ,, 4	6 ,, ,, 16	4 ,, ,, 28	3 ,, ,, 95
	38 ,, ,, 5	4 ,, ,, 17	2 ,, ,, 32	3 ,, ,, 96
	16 ,, ,, 6	3 ,, ,, 18	270 ,, ,, 37	60 ,, ,,101
	12 ,, ,, 8	2 ,, ,, 19	50 ,, ,, 38	4 ,, ,,103
	10 ,, ,, 9	8 ,, ,, 21	8 ,, ,, 43	1 ,, ,,104
	14 ,, ,, 11	4 ,, ,, 22	2 ,, ,, 44	4 ,, ,,106
	10 ,, ,, 12	2 ,, ,, 23A	6 ,, ,, 46	
	7 ,, ,, 13	4 ,, ,, 24	8 ,, ,, 57	
	9 ,, ,, 13A	6 ,, ,, 25	36 ,, ,, 59	

The main framework of the loom is made up as shown in Fig. 318A, both sides being similar in construction. When the framework is built the driving mechanism is inserted as illustrated in Fig. 318B, both sides being again similar in the arrangement of the gears. The loom is operated from the crank handle 1 gearing by sprocket chains to a 2" sprocket wheel 2 on a rod 3, two 25-toothed pinions 4 which gear with 50-toothed wheels 5 on an 11½" rod 6 which carries the cams 7 (Fig. 318c) for operating the heald frames and the picking sticks.

Heald Frames.—On the end of rod 6 which is extended by a coupling and 1" rod is a crank 8 which is coupled by two $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 9 bolted together to a $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strip 10 clamped between two cranks 11 secured on a rod 12, 56-toothed gear wheels on which drive 20-toothed pinions

13 on another rod 14 which carries sprocket wheels 15, the ends of the chains round which are connected to collars 16 on the heald frames (Fig. 318p); the lower ends of the frames are connected by cords which pass round ½" pulleys 17.

PICKING MOTION.—The cams (Fig. 318c) on the rod 6 are oppositely arranged and lift alternately the doubled 5½" strips 18 at each side pivoted at 19 and pivotally coupled at their outer ends to 12½" angle girders 20, which are in turn pivotally bolted at the top to a 2" strip clamped between two cranks 21 secured on rods 22. These rods are connected to the picking sticks 23 by two couplings. one 24 fixed on the rod 22 and another 25 fixed on the picking sticks, 1" rod passing loosely through the couplings 25 and being fixed in the couplings 24. The picking sticks are connected to the cords 26, which carry the double bent strips engaging the shuttle, and pass round the pulleys 27.

The Slay.—This is built up of two angle girders overlapped, and the sides are made of two $5\frac{1}{2}$ " flat unbent girder strips. The floor of slay channel is covered by a narrow strip of metal to allow the shuttle to slide smoothly across. A rod 28 driven from pinions 4 carries 50-toothed gear wheels 5 which mesh with 25-toothed pinions 29 on a rod 30, cranks 31 on which are connected by $3\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 32 to other

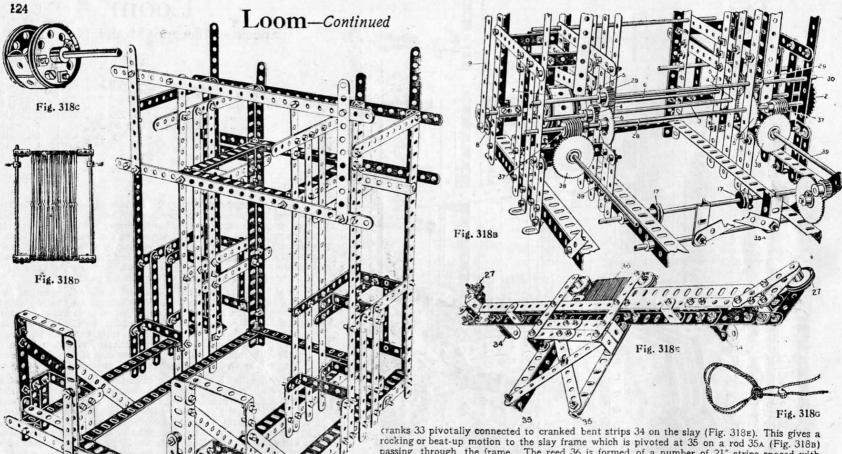


Fig. 318A

rocking or beat-up motion to the slay frame which is pivoted at 35 on a rod 35A (Fig. 318B) passing through the frame. The reed 36 is formed of a number of $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strips spaced with washers. Springs 52 connected to cranks 53 on the rods 22 return the picking sticks after operation.

In Fig. 318E the left hand side of the slay is shown with the front flat unbent girder strip removed to show the construction.

TAKE-UP MOTION.—The rod 28 carries two worms 37 engaging 56-toothed gear wheels 38 on 8" rods 39, 25-toothed pinions 40 on the ends of which engage contrate wheels 41, similar upper contrate wheels 42 engaging 20-toothed pinions 43 on the sand-roller spindle. The upper contrate wheels 42 are reversed relatively on each side of the loom. The lower roller 44, kept tight against the sand roller by springs 45 acting through the sprocket chains 46, is revolved by the sand roller. The woven material passing off the sand roller is carried by a rod at the rear before passing on to the lower roller.

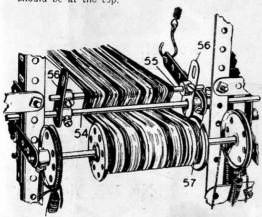
For winding the thread on the cop of the shuttle from a bobbin 47, the shuttle spindle is removed and inserted in the coupling 48 and the crank handle 49 turned. The beam 50 is first wound on a beaming frame as illustrated in model No. 319, and the alternate warps passed through the eyes of the healds. Tension is kept on the beam by the springs 51 regulated by weavers' slip knots, a detail of which is shown in Fig. 3186. The warp threads

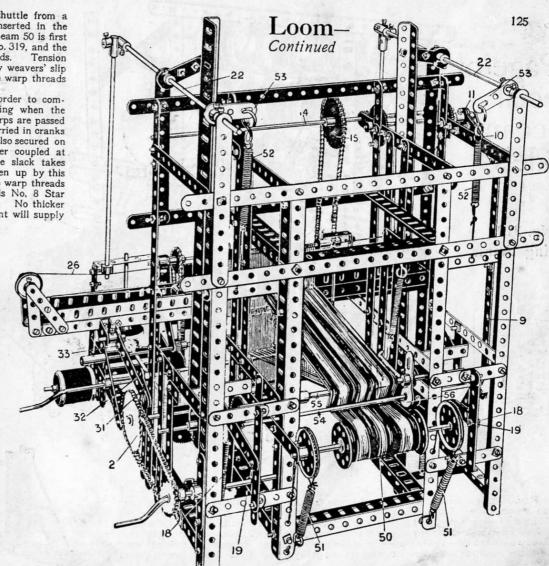
may be threaded through the reed spaces in pairs.

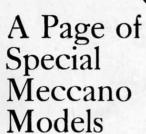
Warp Thread Tensioning Mechanism.—In order to compensate for the slack of the warp threads developing when the shed is formed by the motion of the healds, the warps are passed from the beam under a rod 54 and over a rod 55 carried in cranks 56 secured on the lower rod 54. A further crank 57, also secured on the rod 54, is bolted to a 3" strip which forms a lever coupled at its outer end by a spring to the framework. As the slack takes place in the warp threads it is automatically taken up by this spring rocking the upper rod 55 and thus keeping the warp threads taut. A suitable material for use in this Model is No. 8 Star Syl-ko for warp, and No. 40 Syl-ko thread for weft. No thicker material should be used. Any drapery establishment will supply you.

To Adjust Healds and Pick.—To arrange the healds correctly, set them so that the eyes of both heald sets are level, with crank 8 and crank 11 set horizontally. Then adjust the cranks 31 so that they are vertical at the "top centre."

The picking action should be arranged so that the shuttle will commence to move just before the cranks 31 reach the lowest position, and at the same time the operating handle should be at the top.







120

No. 319. Beaming Frame.

Parts Required:

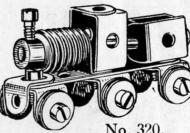
in the loom.

8 of No. 1

Before cloth can be woven in a loom the warp threads must be wound evenly and in order upon a beam roller. This operation is done in a beaming frame. The threads from the bobbins are passed through the perforations in the strips 1, and then in order to put a slight

tension on the threads they are zig-zagged round a series of rods 2, and eventually pass over

the rod 3 and then through the reed 4 on to the beam roller 5. As soon as sufficient warp threads are wound on the roller by turning the end pulley wheels 6, the beam roller is placed



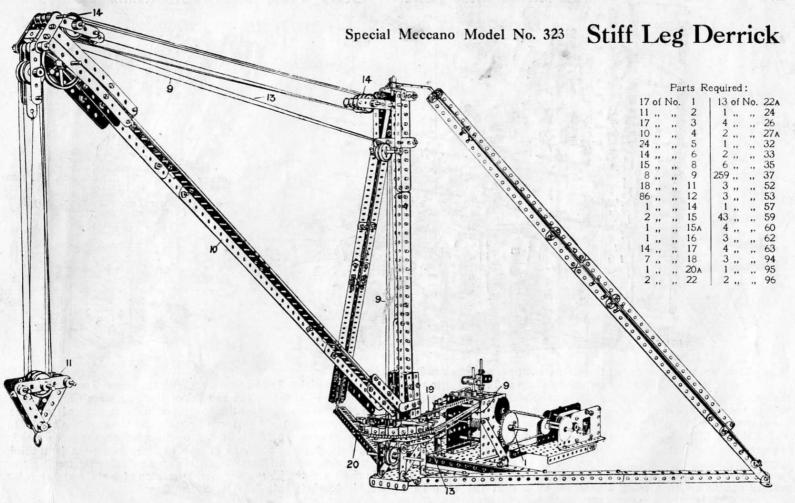
The Meccano Express.



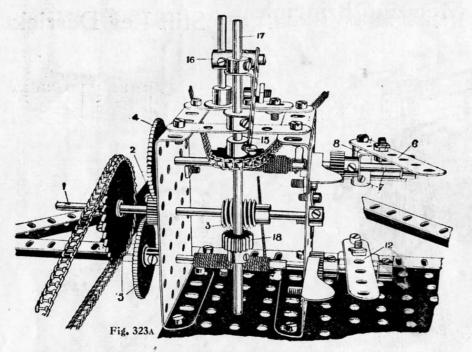
No. 321. Roundabout.

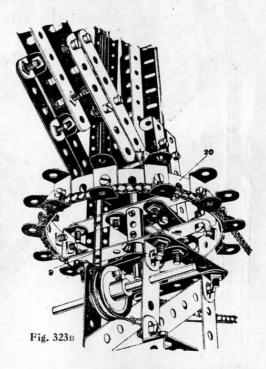
No. 322. Mono-rail.





Special Meccano Model No. 323 Stiff Leg Derrick (continued)





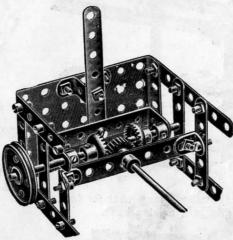
There are three motions in this Crane, hoisting, swinging, and luffing the jib.

The main driving spindle 1 geared by chain and sprocket to the motor carries a pinion 2 and a worm 3. With the pinion 2 one or other of the gear wheels 4, 5 are engaged according as to whether the load is to be raised or the jib luffed. The spindles of the gear wheels are slidable in their bearings, and a lever 6, pivoted to a coupling 7 and pivotally bolted to a double bracket 8 on the hoisting spindle, is adapted to move the gear 4 into or out of engagement with the pinion 2, the cord 9 winding on or off the spindle. This cord passes round the purchase block 11. To luff the jib 10 the lower strip 12, pivoted like the upper one to a coupling and connected to a double bracket on the spindle of the gear wheel 5, is moved bringing the gear 5 into engagement with the pinion 2, the luffing cord 13 passing round the pulleys 14. To swing the jib a third lever 15, pivoted to a coupling 16, is connected by a double bracket to a vertically slidable rod 17, which carries a pinion 18. By moving the handle 15 the pinion is engaged or disengaged with the worm 3 on the main shaft and the jib swung round by reason of a chain and sprocket gear 19 passing round a wheel 20 formed by a bent $12\frac{1}{3}$ " strip having double brackets bolted on its circumference.

Standard Details for use in the Construction of Models on the Meccano Principle

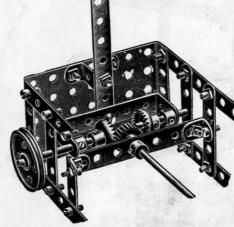
A-A Brake Mechanism suitable for controlling winding or similar spindles.

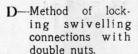




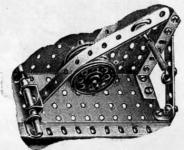
C-Worm and Worm Gear.

G-Method of operating a fast and loose pulley with a belt drive, one of the flanged wheels on the main shaft being secured whilst the other runs freely.

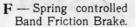


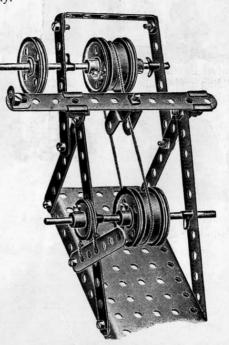


-Pawl and Pinion or Ratchet Gear; used also as a brake.

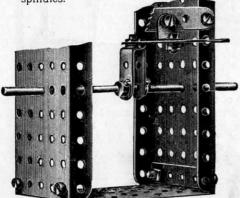








H—Simple Extended Bearing suitable for longitudinal or rotary movement of spindles.



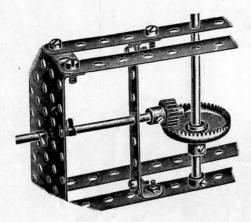
K —Swivel Bearing providing for combined sliding and oscillating movement of a strip



N—Crank formed with $1\frac{1}{2}''$ pulley wheel and strip, leck-nutted. (See detail D.)



I—Gear Connection for coupling two shafts at right angles.



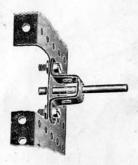
L—Jockey Pulley Arrangement for increasing grip in a driving band.



J-Purchase Pulley.



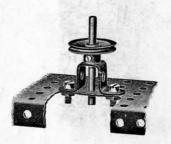
O—Extended bearing for a spindle formed by a double bent strip bolted to a perforated plate.



Q—Overhung support for $\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley. The bolt spindle for the pulley is nutted on each side of the angle bracket.



P—Footstep bearing for a vertical spindle formed by bolting a double bent strip to a perforated plate.



R—Overhung support for larger pulley. The screwed end of the bolt is entered in the wheel boss and nipped by the set screw.



The Meccano Electric Motor

The Meccano Spring Motor

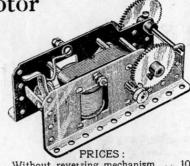
THE MECCANO SPRING MOTOR contains its own motive power in a simple and convenient form. It can be built into and becomes part of, the model it drives



The Meccano Spring Motor may be used in connection with a very large number of Meccano models. It has stopping and starting motion, and the movement can be reversed. Price 12/6



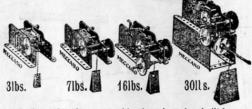
This is the Meccano Electric Motor—the most powerful and reliable toy electric motor made. It runs Elevators, Sawmills, Lathes, or any other Meccano models. It has been tested to lift 30lbs. dead weight when properly geared. Two or three dry batteries will run it but accumulators are more satisfactory. Direct shaft drive; positive and powerful. Interchangeable gearing. It puts action into Meccano models; makes them operate like real machinery.



Without reversing mechanism .. 1 With reversing mechanism .. 1



Showing the application of the Electric motor to such models as the Roundabout, Maxim Flying Machine, &c.



This illustration shows a combination of gearings built from Meccano parts on to the Electric Motor itself, the drive being direct from the Armature Spindle. Note how a slow drive and substantial lifting power are secured. In this case three dry batteries (approximately four volts) were used.

Just a hint on the use of the non-reversing electric motor. When it is fitted to a crane or an elevator it is a good plan to secure a collar to the shaft, on the inside of the plate nearest the large gear wheel, allowing about \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in. play. When the load has reached the top the rod may be slid along sufficiently to throw the big gear wheel out of gear with the pinion, thus allowing the load to be released.

The Block Accumulator-4 volts ... 6 ampere hours

This is a new and excellent type of accumulator. We have subjected it to most severe tests, and we believe it to be most suitable for use with any type of toy electric motor. It is non-spillable, cannot be spoiled through short circuiting, and it will retain its charge for many months. Sulphating to any serious extent cannot occur, and if neglected or left in inexperienced hands, no serious harm can be done. Has remarkable recuperative powers, and will keep on working when nominally exhausted. A boon to any Meccano user who possesses a Meccano Electric Motor. Full instructions. Price, 21/-

Particulars and Prices of Meccano Parts

No.	orated Str	O 12) C		doz.	s. 1	d. 3
2.	,, ,,		,,		"	0	9
3.))	21	" ,,		"	0	5
4.	***		,,,		"	0	4
5.		21	11			0	4
6.	"	- 0"	"		"	0	4
6Å.	" ,	1.1	" ",		"	0	3
7 And	le Girders	O: (long		each	0	9
7.		181"				Ö	7
7A. "	"	121"	"		1 407	2	
8. "	27		"		$\frac{1}{2}$ doz.	1	3
9. "	"	51/2"		ë	"		3
10. Flat	Brackets			•	½ doz.	0	3
	ble Bracke	Q	9		each	0	1
2. Angl	e Bracket	s			doz.	0	6
12a. "	1)	1"	••		each	0	2
		1// >	-	=			
		l' lon	g		each	0	53222
3A. "	,, 8	, ,,			37	0	3
4. "	,, ,	,, ,,	.,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	2
5. "		,,			1)	0	2
5A. "	,, 4	2 ,,			37	0	
16	,, 3	2 "			**	0	1
	,, 2	" "			**	0	1
7. "		"			**	0	1
7 "	" 1	"					



No.	S.	d.
19A. Wheels, 3" diam each	0	8
19B. Pulley Wheels, 3" diam., with se	t	
screw each	1	0



20.	Flanged	Wheels	 	each	0	(





			Fulley	wneels.			
20A.	2"	diam.,	with set	screw	 each	0	9
21.	13"	,,	.,,	,,	 - ,,	0	9
22.	1"	,,	,,	**	 ,,	0	6
22A.	1"	,,	without	,,	 **	0	3
23.	1"	,,	",	11	 "	0	2
23A.	1"	,,	with	17	 "	0	6
	22.30						



24.	Bush	Wheels	 	 each	0	,



25.	Pinion	Wheels,	3"	diam.	 each	1	3
26.	,,	"	1"	.,,	 ,,	0	9



Gea	r v	vneeis			-				
27.	50	teeth	to gear	with	3"	pinion	each	0	10
27A.	56	,,	,,	19	5 "	"	,,	1	0



	Contrate	Wheels,	11"	diam.	 each	s. 1	d. 3	
29.	17	,,	3"	***	 23	1	0	
29.	"		1	,,	 "			



32	Worm	Wheels			each	0	10
04.	worm	wheels	 	1000	each	U	10



33.	Pawls '	 	 	each	0	3



34	. Spanners	 	 each	0	3



35.	Spring	Clips	 per box (doz.)	0	6



36.	Screw	Drivers			 each	0	3
36A.	,,	.,	speci	al	"		3
				A			



37.	Nuts and	Bolts	pe	r box (doz.)	0	6
37A.	Nuts			n n	1,797	3
38.	Washers			doz.	0	2
40.	Hanks of	Cord		two for	O	3

Particulars and Prices of Meccano Parts (continued)

							•	
Ne	1						s.	d
No.								
41.	Propeller	Blade	es		per	pair	0	6
	. Springs	Cimulan	haringolimul	miliajinai)	each		2
40	. Springs	* *				Caon	-	
			5				•	2
44	. Cranke	i Bent	Strips			each	0	2
		d	A	3				
45	Double	Bent	Strip			each	0	2
		•	0.0		9	Ġ		
46	. Double	Angle	Strips.	. 2½" ×	1"	each	0	3
	C	"g"			1			
47	A. Dynor	meters	(tensio	n)		each	2	6
		•						
50). Eye Pi	eces				each	0	2
	O Echo							3E
52	2. Perfora	ited Fl	anged	Plates,	51"	× 2½"		
						each	0	6
52 53	2A. Flat 3. Perfor	Plates, rated F	5½" × langed	3½" Plates	, 3½"	×"21'	0	5
						each	0	5
5.	3A. Flat F	lates,	4½" ×	21		,,	0	4

No. 54. Perforated Sector Plates eac 56. Instruction Manuals	2	
	ch O	1
58. Spring Cord per leng	th 1	0
59. Collars with Set Screws ea	ch O	3
60. Double Angle Strip, $2\frac{1}{4}'' \times \frac{1}{4}''$ per $\frac{1}{2}$ d 60a. " " $\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{4}'' \times \frac{1}{2}$ " " " 60b. " " $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}}{4}$ " " " 60c. " " $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}}{4}$ " " "	oz. 0 0 1	
61. Windmill Sails ea	ich 0	3
62A. Threaded Crank		6



106. Cloth Rollers. . . . 106A. Sand Rollers

108. Architrave 109. Face Plate, 21" diam. Rack Strip, 31"

111. Bolt, 3" ..

110.

(One of each required per loom.) 107. Tables, for Designing Machines each

Double Angle Strip, 21" × 11"

0

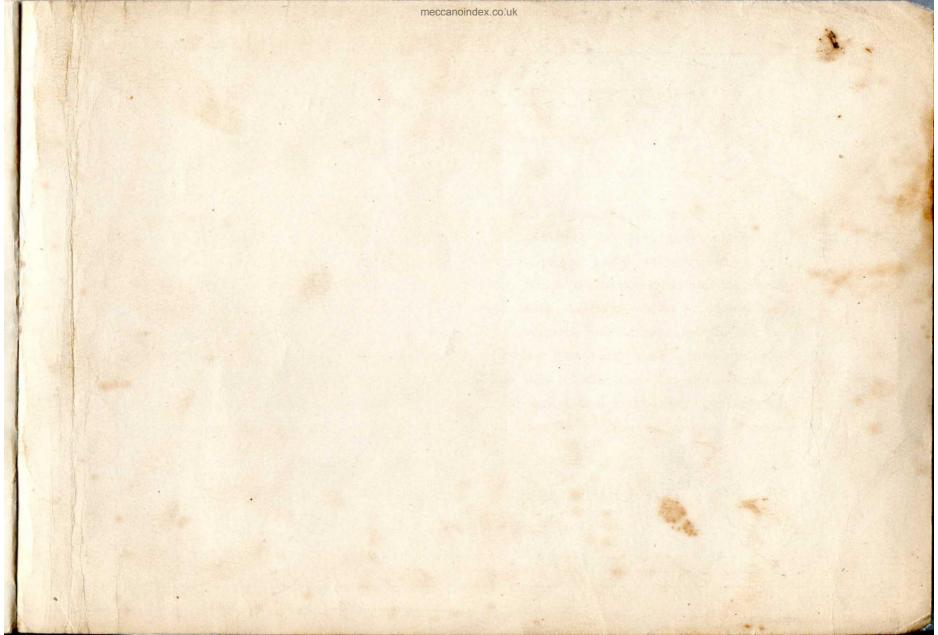
Price List

No. 0.	Meccano	Outfit					•••		16.5	6/
No. 1.	,,	,,	•••			•••		1		10/
No. 2.	11	,,				•••				20/
No. 3.	5,9	,,								30/
No. 4.	,,	,,								50/
No. 5.	,,	,,			1	acked in ne	at and well-n	nade cardboar	rd box	70/
Do.		Present	ation	Outfi	t Pa	cked in super	rior oak cabin	et with lock a	nd key	100/
No. 6.	,,	,,		,,		Ditto	ditto	ditto	dew !	180/
								- All Parties	- 3	-
No. 0a.	Meccano	Access	sory	Outfit	a Meco	cano No.		into a No	0. 1)	5/-
	Meccano	Access	sory	Outfit "	a Meco (contain a No.	cano No. ning suffi 1 Outfit i	0 Outfit icient par into a No	into a Norts to con	o. 1) ivert	5/- 11/-
No. 1a.		Access	sory		a Meco (contain a No. (contain	eano No. ning suffi I Outfit i ning suffi	O Outfit icient par into a No icient par	into a Nets to con o. 2) rts to con	o. 1) ivert	
No. 1a. No. 2a.	,,	Access	sory	,,	a Meco (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain	cano No. ning suffi i Outfit i ning suffi 2 Outfit i ning suff	O Outfit icient par into a No icient par into a No icient par into a par icient par	into a Nects to cond. 2) ts to cond. 3) ts to cond.	o. 1) ivert	11/-
No. 1A. No. 2A. No. 3A.	,,	,,	sory	"	a Meco (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain	cano No. ning suffi Outfit i ning suff Outfit ning suff 3 Outfit ning suff	O Outlit par into a No icient par	into a Norts to cond. 2) rts to cond. 3) rts to cond. 4) rts to cond. 4)	o. 1) ivert ivert	11/- 12/- 22/-
No. 1a. No. 2a. No. 3a. No. 4a.	" "	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	sory	"	a Mecc (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain a No. (contain	cano No. ning suffit i Outfit in ning suffit 2 Outfit ning suffit 3 Outfit ning suffit ining suffit 4 Outfit ning suffit	O Outfit par into a No icient par	into a Norts to cond. 2) Its to cond. 3) Its to cond. 4) Its to cond. 5) Its to cond. 5)	o. 1) ivert ivert ivert ivert ivert	11/- 12/- 22/-
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Contents of Outfits

	Perf			9	1		Per		Fla	Dot	Ane	Box		, vel			u VOI	2 5			NAME OF	(//50)	-	200	-	-					-	-	_	34 Sp	96	-			Sp. Sp.	5		1	-1	220	-	-	-		+		61 W			
DESCRIPTION OF PARTS.	Perforated Strips,	" "			" "		Perforated Angle C		Flat Brackets	Double Brackets	Anple Brackets	1114		200	2,0	41"			1,,	ak F	Flanged Wheels	Pulley Wheels, 1		: :	-	Bush Wheels			Gear Wheels, 50 teeth	Contrate Wheels.	1	Worm Wheels	Pawls	Spanners	Spring Clips	Ninte and Bolts	Hanks of Cord	Propeller Blades	Springs	Cranked Bent Strips	Double Bent Strips	Large Bent Strips	Eye Pieces	eriorateur iang	Sector	Manual of Instructions	Hooks	00		Bent Strips, 21	2	Cranks	Contro Fork	Centre Form
OF PART	121"	51.				100	Girders,	"			1			1			100		:	:	:	* 1	" (fast)	1" (loose)		:	a con	1	teetn oo+h	11,"		-	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	trips	rips	sd	Plates	ed I lates	Sector Plates	uctions	:	:	Screws	:	:	:		(Joneth)
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Medgand Inventors' Accessory



MECCANO IS MORE THAN A TOY

IT is important to remember that when a boy is playing with Meccano he is using engineering parts in miniature, and that these parts act in precisely the same way as the corresponding engineering elements would do in actual practice. No other system of model construction could, therefore, be correct. Other toys which attempt the same object by other methods must avail themselves of other constructive elements which are not correct engineering elements. Consequently, though a boy may succeed in building playthings with them, they are merely toys, and nothing else, and his mind, as regards proper mechanical construction and methods, is distorted instead of instructed. He thus learns wrong principles, and when his ambition tempts him to invent or construct more elaborate models he will be stopped by the deficiencies of his non-mechanical system.

No Outfit is genuine unless it bears the trade mark MECCANO