

# MECCANO

Real Engineering in Miniature

#### MODEL-BUILDING WITH MECCANO

There is no limit to the number of models that can be built with Meccano—Cranes, Clocks, Motor Cars, Ship Coalers, Machine Tools, Locomotives—in fact everything that interests boys. A screwdriver and a spanner, both of which are provided in each Outfit, are the only tools necessary.

When you have built all the models illustrated in the Manuals of Instruction the fun is not over, but is just beginning. Now comes the chance to make use of your own ideas. First of all, re-build some of the models with small changes in construction that may occur to you; then try building models entirely of your own design. In doing this you will feel the real thrill of the engineer and the inventor.

#### HOW TO BUILD UP YOUR OUTFIT

Meccano is sold in eleven different Outfits, ranging from No. O to No. 10. Each Outfit from No. 1 upwards can be converted into the next one larger by the purchase of an Accessory Outfit. Thus, Meccano No. 1 Outfit can be converted into No. 2 Outfit by adding to it a No. 1a Accessory Outfit. No. 2a Outfit would then convert it into a No. 3 and so on. In this way, no matter with which Outfit you commence, you can build it up by degrees until you possess a No. 10 Outfit.

All Meccano parts are of the same high quality and finish, but the larger Outfits contain a greater quantity and variety, making possible the construction of more elaborate models.

As shown in the illustrations, the realism of many models can be increased by the inclusion of the figures, motor vehicles and other items from the Dinky Toys Series; pilots and drivers from the Aeroplane and Motor Car Constructor Outfits; trees and hedges from the Hornby Railway Series; Meccano sacks, cable drums, etc. These items are not included in any of the Outfits. A Clockwork Motor is included in Outfits 7a, 8, 9 and 10 only, and an Electric Motor in Outfits 9a and 10 only.

#### ELECTRIC LIGHTING OF MECCANO MODELS

It is great fun to illuminate your Meccano models by electric light, and a special Meccano Lighting Set can

be obtained from your dealer for this purpose. This consists of two spot lights with plain and coloured imitation glass discs, one stand lamp, two special brackets, and two pea lamps, operated from a 4-volt flash-lamp battery (not included in the Set). The stand lamp is used for decorative purposes, and the spot lights can be used as headlamps, floodlights on cranes, and in countless other ways.



The "Meccano Magazine" is published specially for Meccano boys. Every month it describes and illustrates new Meccano models for Outfits of all sizes, and deals with suggestions from readers for new Meccano parts and for new methods of using the existing parts. There are model-building competitions specially planned to give an equal chance to the owners of small and large Outfits. In addition, there are splendid a ticles on such subjects as Railways, Famous Engineers and Inventors, Electricity, Chemistry, Bridges, Cranes and Aeroplanes, and special sections dealing with the latest Engineering, Aviation, Shipping and Road and Track News. Other pages deal with Stamp Collecting, and Books of interest to boys; and a feature of outstanding interest is the section devoted to short articles from readers.

The "Meccano Magazine" is the finest of all papers for boys who are interested in the wonderful things going on in the world around them. It is published on the first of each month. If you are not already a reader write to the Editor for full particulars, or order a copy from your Meccano dealer, or from any newsagent.

#### THE MECCANO GUILD

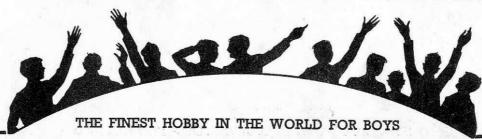
Every owner of a Meccano Outfit should join the Meccano Guild. This is a world-wide organisation, started at the request of Meccano boys. Its primary object is to bring boys together and to make them feel that they are all members of a great brotherhood, each trying to help others to get the very best out of life. Its members are in constant touch with Headquarters, giving news of their activities and being guided in their hobbies and interests. Write for full particulars and an application form to the Secretary, Meccano Guild, Binns Road, Liverpool 13.

Clubs founded and established under the guidance of the Guild Secretary provide Meccano boys with opportunities of enjoying to the utmost the fun of model-building. There are nearly 200 active clubs in Great Britain, and nearly 100 in countries overseas, each with its Leader, Secretary, Treasurer and other officials. With the exception of the Leader, all the officials are boys, and as far as possible the proceedings of the clubs are conducted by boys.

Recruiting Medallions are awarded to members who are successful in securing recruits for the Guild, and good work on behalf of Meccano clubs, or of the Guild generally, is recognised by the presentation of special Merit Medallions. Full particulars of both these awards will be sent post free on request.

#### MECCANO SERVICE

The service of Meccano does not end with selling an Outfit and an Instruction Manual. If ever you are in any difficulty with your models, or if you want advice on anything connected with this great hobby, write to us. We receive every day hundreds of letters from boys in all parts of the world, and each of these is answered personally by one of our staff of experts. Whatever your problem may be, write to us about it.



#### HOW TO COMMENCE THE FUN

#### THE MOST FASCINATING OF ALL HOBBIES

Meccano model-building is the most fascinating of all hobbies, because it never becomes dull. There is always something new to be done. First of all there is the fun of building a new model, and watching it take shape as part after part is added. Then, when the model is complete, comes the thrill of setting it to work just like the real structure it represents, by means of a Meccano Motor. This wonderful process can be repeated indefinitely, for there is no end to the number of Meccano models that can be built. Another point is that models built with Meccano are real engineering structures in miniature, and the keen model-builder has wonderful opportunities for learning the working of machines and mechanisms of all kinds. So he acquires practical engineering knowledge without special study.

It is so simple to build Meccano models that operations can be started as soon as the first Outfit is opened. Different boys build in different ways, but in the end they all reach the same splendid results. The following hints are given with the object of showing boys who are just commencing the wonderful Meccano hobby how to obtain the greatest possible fun.



Windmill

#### THE IMPORTANCE OF "LOCK-NUTTING"

In building models in which Rods revolve in the holes of other parts it is important to make sure that such holes are exactly in line with one another. This can be done very easily by pushing through the holes a long Rod before the Bolts holding the various parts are tightened up.

In some models it is necessary to join certain parts together, so that, although they cannot come apart, they are free to pivot or move in relation to one another. To do this the parts are bolted together as usual, but the Nut is not screwed up tightly, so that the parts are not gripped. Then, to prevent the Nut from unscrewing, a second Nut is screwed up tightly against it, the first, meanwhile, being held with a spanner. This method of using a second Nut is known as lock-nutting, and it is employed in a large number of Meccano models.

During the construction of a model it is best to screw up the Nuts with the fingers, followed by just a light turn with the screwdriver, leaving the final tightening with spanner and screwdriver until all the parts are connected up.

#### A FEW USEFUL HINTS

It will be noticed that with each model shown in this Manual of Instructions is given a list of the parts required to build it. For the first few models it is a good plan to lay out on the table all the parts required for the one it is proposed to build, and put the remainder of the Outfit on one side. To help you to pick out the correct parts for your model a complete list of Meccano parts is given at the back of this Manual, and all the principal parts are illustrated. In the list the parts are all numbered, and in most cases their measurements are given. There is no need, however, to measure the parts to find out which is which, as the size is easily found from the number of holes. All Meccano holes are spaced  $\frac{1}{2}$ " apart, so that by counting the number of holes. All Meccano holes are spaced  $\frac{1}{2}$ " apart, so that by counting the holes to the inch the size of a part can be found at once. For instance, Part No. 2 is listed as a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Perforated Strip, so you look in your Outfit for a Strip with eleven holes. Similarly No. 192 is a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " X2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate, so you look for a Flexible Plate eleven holes in length and five holes in width. By the time a few models have been built the names of the parts will have become familiar.

Beginners sometimes wonder which section of a model should be built first. There cannot be any definite rule for this, as it depends on the design of the model. In stationary models the base usually should be built

first. In most of the smaller models a  $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$  Flanged Plate forms an important part of the structure, and often the best plan is to start building by bolting parts to this Plate. For other models a good general rule is that the sections that form supports for a number of other parts should be built first.

#### MOTORS AND GEARING

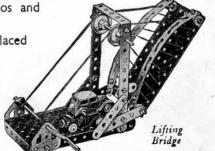
Models can be operated by means of either Meccano Clockwork or Electric Motors.

The Clockwork Motors have the advantage of being self-contained and extremely simple. If only a small amount of power is needed, the model may be driven direct from the driving spindle of the Motor or through a belt running over two pulleys of the same size, giving what is described as a 1:1 (one-to-one) ratio. Greater power can be obtained by a reduction in the speed of the drive, which can be produced in a simple manner by connecting a small pulley on the Motor to a larger pulley by means of a belt. Thus if a 1" Pulley is made to drive a 3" Pulley, a reduction ratio of approximately 1:3 is obtained. This means that the driven shaft will take about three times the load that the driving shaft would handle, but will rotate at only one-third of the speed. Rubber bands are better than Cord for driving belts for most purposes.

The Electric Motors have the advantage of giving long continuous runs. Their speed is much higher than that of the Clockwork Motors, and this

makes it possible to employ higher reduction ratios and thus obtain greater power.

With the larger Outfits, belt drive can be replaced with advantage by gearing. To operate a slow-moving model demanding great power, such as a traction engine, gears that will provide a considerable reduction must be used. For example, a Worm meshed with a ½" Pinion will give a 1:19 reduction; while a Worm meshed with a 57-teeth Gear will give a 1:57 reduction.

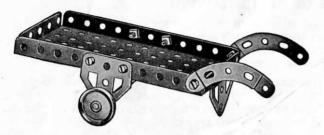


Floating Crane

1

#### These Models can be built with MECCANO No. O Outfit

#### O.1 HAND CART

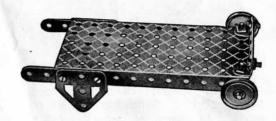


#### Parts required

| 1 of No. 16 | 1 of No. 52<br>2 ,, ,, 90a<br>1 ,, ,, 126 | 2 of No. 126a |
|-------------|---|---------------|
| 2 " " 22    | 2 " " 90a                                 | 2 " "155a     |
| 8 " " 37    | 1 ,, ,, 126                               |               |

# 

#### O.3 FLAT TRUCK



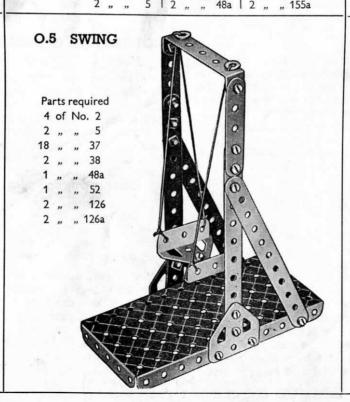
#### Parts required

| 2 of No. 5 | 2 of No. 22                         | 1 of No. 90a |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| 2 " " 12   | 8 " " 37                            | 2 " "126a    |
| 1 " " 16   | 2 of No. 22<br>8 " " 37<br>1 " " 52 | 2 " "155a    |

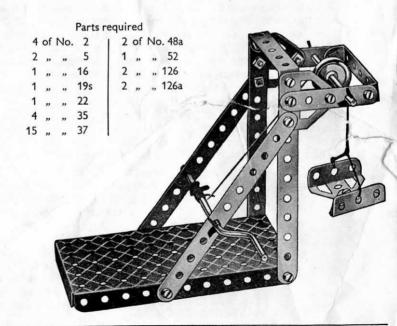
#### O.4 DOCKSIDE CRANE



Parts required
4 of No. 2
2 " " 5
3 " 12
1 " " 17
1 " " 19s
1 " 24
2 " 35
18 " 37
2 " 37a
2 " 38
2 " 48a
1 " 52
2 " 90a
2 " 111c
2 " 126
2 " " 126a



#### O.6 ELEVATOR



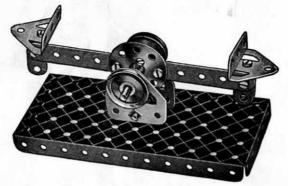
" 126a

#### O.7 GARDEN SEAT



Parts required 4 of No. 2 2 ,, ,, 5 10 ,, ,, 37 2 ,, ,, 48a 1 ,, ,, 52

#### O.8 COUNTER SCALES

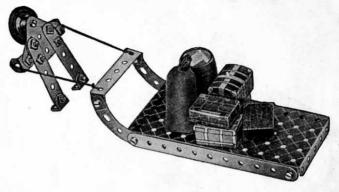


#### Parts required

| 1 | of | No. | 2  | 1 2 | of | No | . 22 | 1 1 | of | No | . 52 |
|---|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|------|-----|----|----|------|
|   |    |     | 10 | 1   | ,, | ,, | 24   | 2   | ,, | ,, | 126  |
|   |    |     | 12 |     |    | ,, | 37   | 2   | ,, | ,, | 126a |
| 1 | ** |     | 17 | 2   |    |    | 38   |     |    |    |      |

O.11 RADIAL CRANE

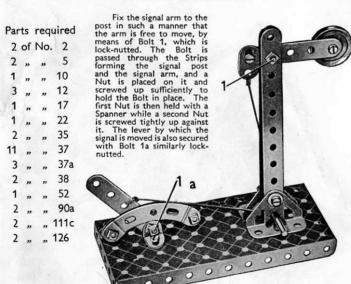
#### O.9 ESKIMO BOY AND SLEDGE

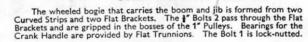


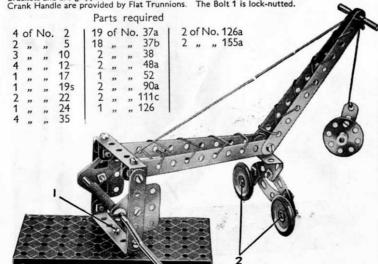
#### Parts required

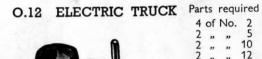
| 2 | of | No | 2  | 1 1  | of | No. | 22  | 2 | of | No. | 90   |
|---|----|----|----|------|----|-----|-----|---|----|-----|------|
| 2 |    |    | 5  | 1 14 |    |     | 3/  | 7 | ** | ,,  | 1110 |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 10 | 1    | ,, | "   | 48a | 1 | ,, | "   | 126  |
| 4 | ,, | ,, | 12 |      |    | ,,  | 52  | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 155  |

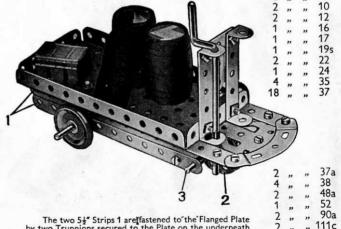
#### O.10 SIGNAL











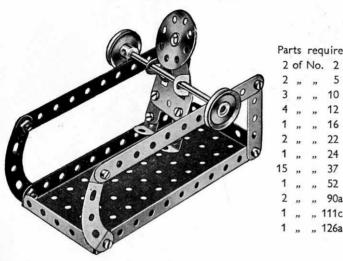
The two  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips 1 are[fastened to the Flanged Plate by two Trunnions secured to the Plate on the underneath side. A Bush Wheel 2 is fixed on the Axle Rod 3, which passes through the end holes of the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips that form the sides of the truck frame.

Parts required

2 of No. 2

2 " "126a

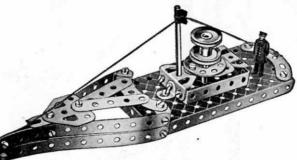
#### O.13 ACROBAT



## Parts required 2 of No. 2

|   |    |     |    | Pa  | irts | rec | quirea |   |    |    |      |
|---|----|-----|----|-----|------|-----|--------|---|----|----|------|
| 4 | of | No. | 2  | 1 2 | of   | No. | . 22   | 1 | of | No | . 52 |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 5  | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 24     | 2 | ,, | ,, | 90   |
| 3 | ,, | ,,  | 10 | 3   | ,,   | ,,  | 35     | 1 | ,, | ,, | 111  |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 12 | 18  | ,,   | ,,  | 37     | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 1 | "  | ,,  | 16 | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 37a    | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 1 | "  | ,,  | 1/ | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 48a    |   |    |    |      |

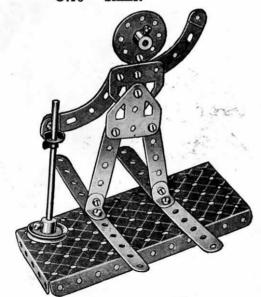
#### O.14 BATTLESHIP



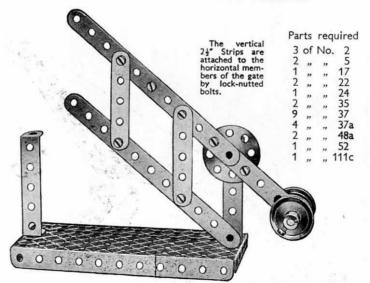
| No. | 2  | 1 2 | of | No. | 22  | 1 | of | No | . 52 |
|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|---|----|----|------|
| ,,  | 5  | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 2 | ,, | ,, | 90   |
| ,,  | 10 | 3   | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 1 | ,, |    | 1110 |
| ,,  | 12 | 18  | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 2 | ,, |    | 126  |
| ,,  | 16 | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 37a | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| ,,  | 17 | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 48a |   |    |    |      |

### O.15 SCALES Parts required 3 of No. 2 2 " " 126 2 " "126a

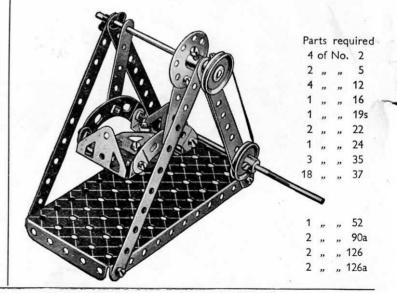
#### 0.16 SKIER



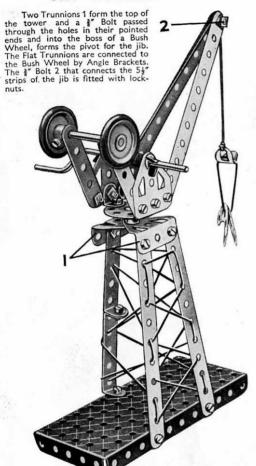
#### O.17 LEVEL CROSSING BARRIER



#### O.18 SWING BOAT

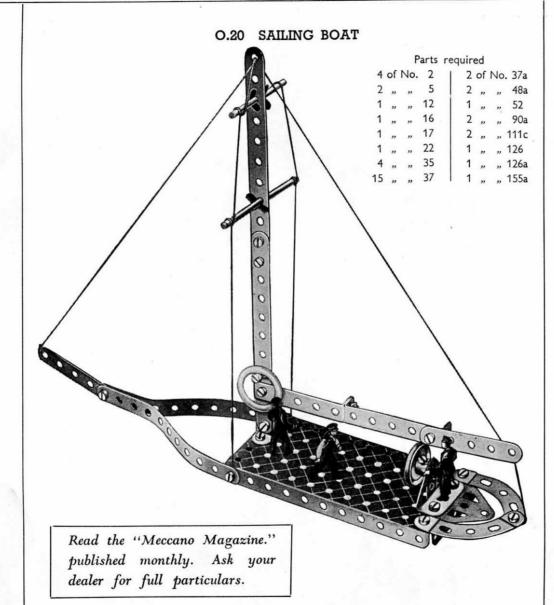


#### O.19 DOCKSIDE CRANE

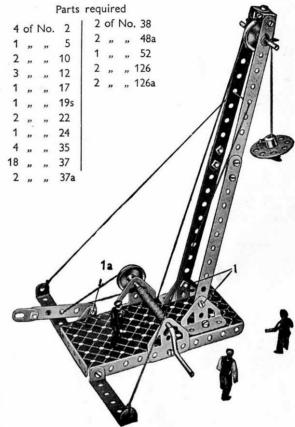


| Parts | required |
|-------|----------|
|-------|----------|

| 4 | of | No. | 2   | 11 | of | No. | 24  | 1 | of | No | . 52 |
|---|----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|---|----|----|------|
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 2  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 2 | ,, | ,, | 90a  |
|   |    |     |     |    |    |     | 37a |   |    |    |      |
|   |    |     |     |    |    |     | 37b |   |    |    |      |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 19s | 2  | ,, | ,,  | 38  | 2 | "  | ,, | 126a |
|   |    |     |     |    |    |     | 48a |   |    |    |      |

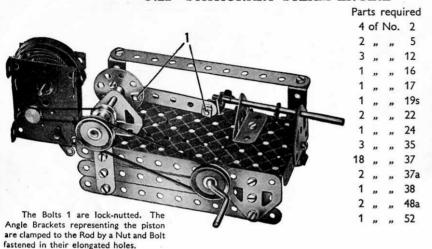


#### O.21 DERRICK CRANE



The construction of the model is commenced by bolting the Trunnions and Flat Trunnions that support the jib and Crank Handle respectively, to the  $5\frac{1}{2}^n \times 2\frac{1}{2}^n$  Flanged Plate that forms the base of the model. The jib is then assembled and fastened to the Trunnions by means of the lock-nutted Bolts 1. The brake lever is a  $2\frac{1}{2}^n$  Strip extended by a Flat Bracket, and is fastened to a second Flat Bracket bolted to the Flanged Plate by means of a Bolt 1a the nut of which is left sufficiently loose to allow the Strip to move. A length of Cord is fastened to the lever and then passed round the 1° Pulley on the Crank Handle.

#### O.22 STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE



| 2 of N | ۷ο. | 126  |
|--------|-----|------|
| 2 "    |     |      |
| Magic  | M   | otor |

| Pa | rts | requ | ired |
|----|-----|------|------|
| 3  | of  | No.  | 2    |
| 2  | ,,  | ,,   | 5    |
| 1  | "   | ,,   | 10   |

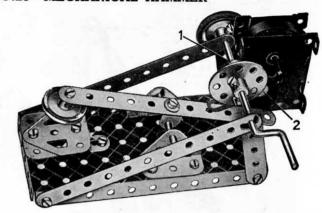
4 of No. 12

1 " " 17

.. 52 " 111c 2 " " 126 2 " "126a 1 " "155a

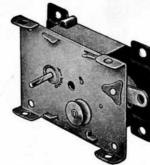
Magic Motor

#### O.23 MECHANICAL HAMMER



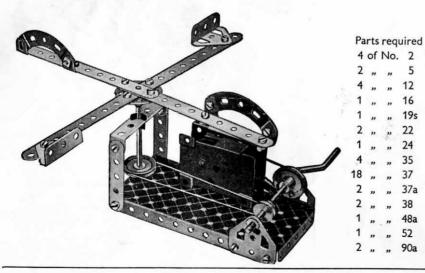
The 1 fast Pulley 1 is driven from the pulley 2 on the Magic Motor by the Driving Band supplied with the Motor.

### THE MECCANO MAGIC MOTOR



The greatest thrill in Meccano model-building is experienced when a model is set to work by means of a Meccano Magic Motor. The illustrations on this page show how the Magic Motor can be fitted without any difficulty to No. O Outfit models of various types. Fit the model you have just built with one of these wonderful Motors, and enjoy the fun of watching it work just like the real thing!

#### O.24 MERRY-GO-ROUND



| 2 | ,, | ,, | 22  |
|---|----|----|-----|
| 1 | ,, | ,, | 24  |
| 4 | ,, | ,, | 35  |
| 8 | ,, | ,, | 37  |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 37a |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 38  |
| 1 | ,, | ,, | 48a |
| 1 | ,, | ,, | 52  |
| 2 | "  | ,, | 90a |
|   |    |    |     |

" " 19s

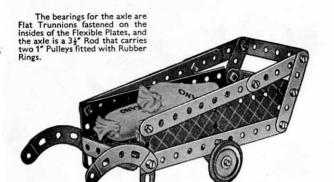
| 2  | 01 1 | чO. | 111c |
|----|------|-----|------|
| 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 126  |
| 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 126a |
| Ma | gic  | M   | otor |

| 1 | of | No | . 52 |
|---|----|----|------|
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 90a  |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 126a |
|   |    |    |      |

Magic Motor

O.25 WINDMILL A Driving Band connects the pulley of the Magic Motor to a 1" Pulley fastened on the Crank Handle. The Crank Handle carries also a ½" Pulley, which is connected by a second Driving Band with a further 1" Pulley fixed to the Rod on which the sails are mounted. Parts required 4 of No. 2

#### 1.1 PORTER'S TRUCK



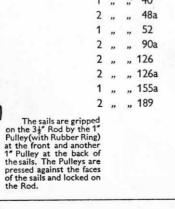
| 4  | of | No | . 2  |
|----|----|----|------|
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 5    |
| 2  | "  | ,, | 10   |
| 1  | ,, | "  | 16   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 22   |
| 14 | ,, | ,, | 37   |
| 2  | ,, | "  | 38   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 48a  |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 52   |
| 2  | "  | ,, | 90a  |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 126a |
| 2  | "  | ,, | 155a |
| 2  |    |    | 189  |

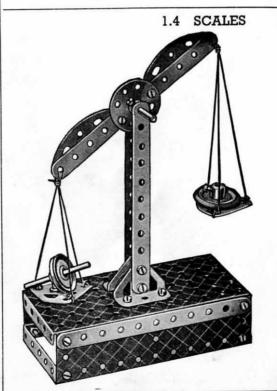
# 1.2 BATTLESHIP

|            | Parts r     | equired      |               |
|------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 4 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 17 | 4 of No. 37a | 4 of No. 111c |
| 4 " " 5    | 4 , , , 22  | 2 " " 38     | 1 " 125       |
| 4 " " 10   | 1 , , , 24  | 1 " " 40     | 2 " 126       |
| 8 " " 12   | 3 , , , 35  | 2 " " 48a    | 2 " 126       |
| 1 " " 16   | 24 , , , 37 | 2 " " 90a    | 2 " 126a      |

# WINDMILL

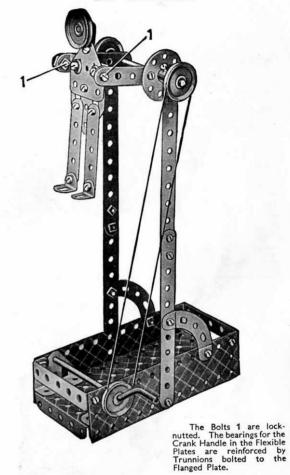
Parts required
4 of No. 2
4 " " 5
1 " " 10
4 " " 12
1 " " 16
1 " " 19s
4 " 22
1 " 24
3 " 35
24 " 37
4 " 38
1 " 40
2 " 48a
1 " 52
2 " 90a
2 " 126
2 " 126a
1 " 155a
2 " 189





Parts required
4 of No. 2
2 "" 5
2 "" 17
2 "" 24
19 "" 37
1 "" 38
1 "" 40
2 "" 48a
1 "" 52
2 "" 90a
1 "" 111c
2 "" 126
2 "" 126
1 "" 155a
2 "" 189

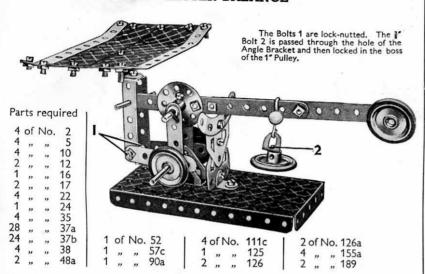
#### 1.5 GYMNAST

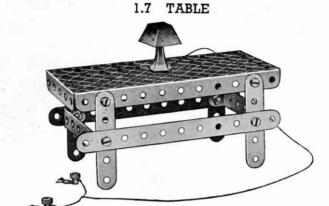


|   |    |     |     | Pa  | art | req | uired |   |    |    |      |
|---|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|---|----|----|------|
| 4 | of | No. | 2   | 1 1 | of  | No. | 24    | 1 | of | No | . 52 |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 2   | ,,  | ,,  | 35    | 2 | ,, | ,, | 90a  |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 24  | ,,  | ,,  | 37    | 4 | ,, | ,, | 111c |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 5   | ,,  | ,,  | 37a   | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 4   | ,,  | ,,  | 38    | 2 | ,, | "  | 126a |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 19s | 1   | ,,  | ,,  | 40    | 2 | ,, | "  | 189  |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 2   | ,,  | ,,  | 48a   |   |    |    |      |

#### These Models can be built with MECCANO No. 1 Outfit

#### 1.6 LETTER BALANCE



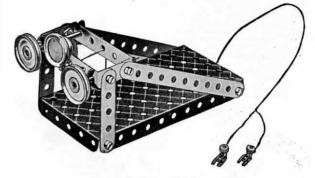


Parts required

2 of No. 2 8 of No. 37 4 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, ,, 48a

The model is shown with a Stand Lamp from a Meccano Lighting Set.

#### 1.8 BUFFER STOPS



|    |     |    | Pa  | rts | requ | uired |   |   |    |     |     |
|----|-----|----|-----|-----|------|-------|---|---|----|-----|-----|
| of | No. | 2  | 1 2 | of  | No.  | 17    | 1 | 9 | of | No. | 37  |
| ,, | "   | 5  | 2   | "   | ,,   | 22    |   | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 48a |
| ,, | "   | 10 | 4   | ,,  | "    | 35    |   | 1 | "  | ,,  | 52  |

The model is fitted with a Spotlight from a Meccano Lighting Set.

#### 1.9 AEROPLANE

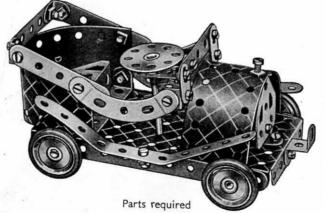


#### Parts required

| 2 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 17 | 2 of No. 37a | 2 of No. 126 |
|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 3 " " 5    | 2 " " 22    | 1 " " 38     | 2 " "126a    |
| 4 " " 10   | 1 " " 24    | 3 " "111c    | 2 " "155a    |
| 8 " " 12   | 17 " " 37   | 1 " " 125    | 2 " " 189    |

#### 1.10 "KIDDIE KAR"

1 of No. 52



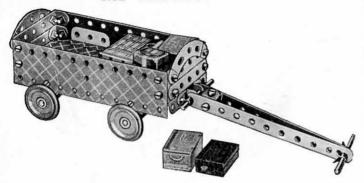
| 4 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 17 | 3 of No. 37a | 1 of No. 125 |
|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 4 5        | 4 " " 22    | 2 , , 48a    | 2 ,, 126     |
| 3 10       | 1 " " 24    | 1 , , 52     | 1 ,, 126a    |
| 7 12       | 1 " " 35    | 2 , , 90a    | 4 ,, 155a    |
| 2 16       | 24 " " 37   | 2 , , 111c   | 2 ,, 189     |

Two Trunnions overlapped one hole, and fastened to the Flanged Plate by an Angle Bracket, form the seat.



A good example of the use of the Meccano Lighting Set.

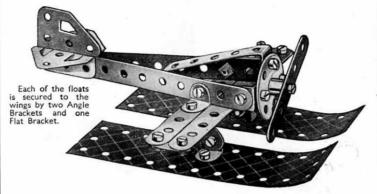
#### 1.12 BAGGAGE TRUCK



#### Parts required

| 2 of No. | . 2 | 1 4 | of 1 | No | . 35 | 1 2 | of | No. 90a |
|----------|-----|-----|------|----|------|-----|----|---------|
| 2 " "    | 5   | 24  | ,,   | ,, | 37   | 1   | ,, | " 111c  |
| 8 " "    | 12  | 1   | ,,   | ,, | 37a  | 2   | ,, | " 126   |
| 2 " "    | 16  | 2   | ,,   | ,, | 38   | 2   | ,, | " 126a  |
| 2 " "    | 17  | 2   | ,,   | ,, | 48a  | 4   | ,, | " 155a  |
| 4        | 22  | 1   |      |    | 52   | 2   |    | 189     |

#### 1.13 RACING SEAPLANE

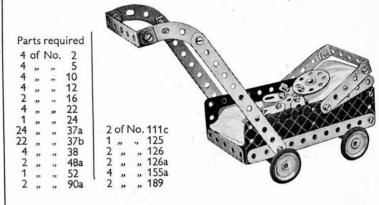


#### Parts required

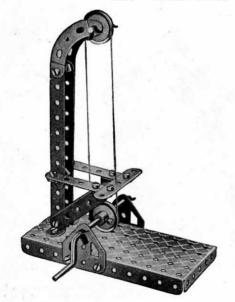
| 3 of | No. | 2  | , 1 | of | No. | 24  | 1 2 | of | No | .111 |
|------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|
| 3    |     | 5  | 19  | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 2   | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 4 "  | ,,  | 10 | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 37a | 1   | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 8 .  | ,,  | 12 | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 48a | 1 2 | ,, | ,, | 189  |

#### 1.14 CHILD'S PRAM

Flat Trunnions bolted between the Flexible Plates and the Flanged Plate provide bearings for the rear axle. Angle Brackets bolted under the Flanged Plate form the bearings for the front axle. The body of the "baby" consists of two Trunnions, and its arms and legs are Flat Brackets. Its head is fixed in place by a Reversed Angle Bracket.

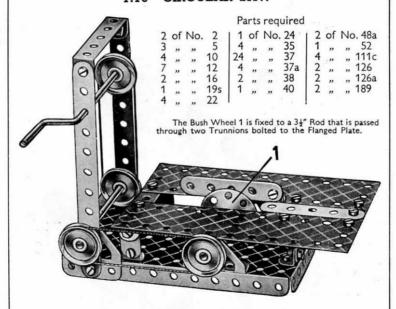


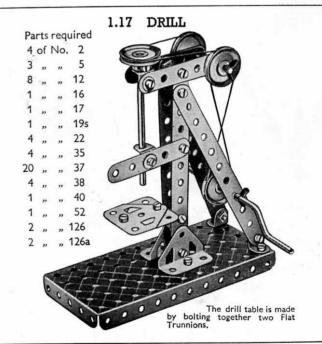
#### 1.15 BAND SAW

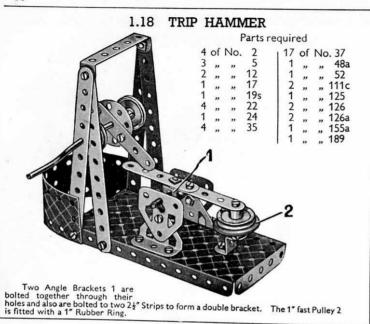


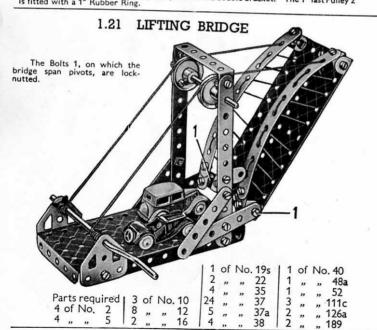
Parts required
2 of No. 2
4 ,, ,, 5
6 ,, ,, 12
1 ,, ,, 17
1 ,, ,, 19s
2 ,, ,, 22
4 ,, ,, 35
19 ,, ,, 37
1 ,, ,, 40
1 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 90a
2 ,, ,, 126a

#### 1.16 CIRCULAR SAW

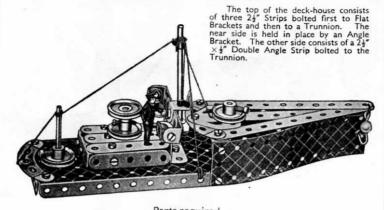






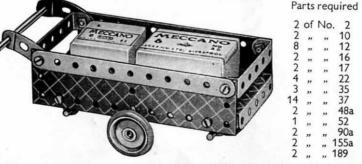


#### 1.19 STEAM LAUNCH

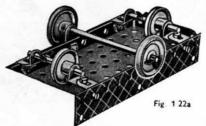


|   | Parts r   | equired   |                             |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 3 of No. 2<br>4 " " 5<br>3 " " 10<br>8 " " 12<br>1 " " 16<br>2 " " 17 | 4 of No. 22<br>4 " " 35<br>23 " " 37<br>4 " " 38<br>1 " " 40<br>2 " " 48a | 1 of No. 52<br>1 " " 57c<br>2 " " 90a<br>2 " " 111c<br>1 " " 125<br>2 " " 126 | 2 of No.126a<br>2 ,, ,, 189 |

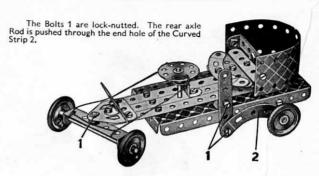
#### 1.22 HAND TRUCK



The bearings for the 3½" Rod are Flat Brackets, and the front and rear axle bearings are reversed angle brackets built up from Angle Brackets. The right-hand 1" Pulley on the 3½" Rod is loose on the Rod, but is retained in place by a Spring Clip. The front and rear 1" Pulleys are fixed on their respective 2" Rods.

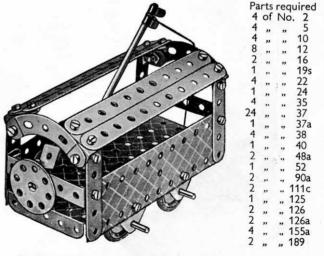


#### 1.20 COASTER



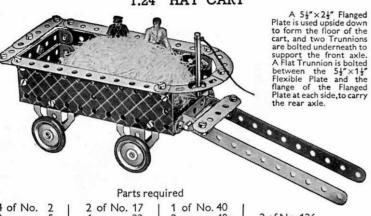
|            | Parts required |              |
|------------|----------------|--------------|
| 3 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 35    | 2 of No. 90a |
| 4 " " 5    | 20 " 37        | 2 , , , 11c  |
| 5 " " 12   | 4 " 37a        | 1 , , 125    |
| 2 " " 16   | 4 " 38         | 2 , , 126    |
| 1 " " 17   | 1 " 40         | 2 , , 126a   |
| 4 " " 22   | 2 " 48a        | 4 , , 155a   |
| 1 " " 24   | 1 " 52         | 1 , , 189    |

#### 1.23 TROLLEY BUS



The Reversed Angle Bracket that holds the trolley is fixed in position by a Bolt passed through the slot in the Bracket, then through two Washers, and into the boss of the Bush Wheel.

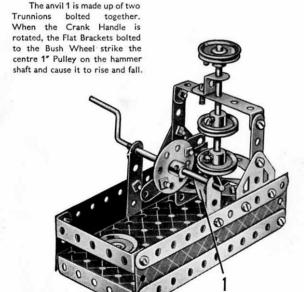
#### 1.24 HAY CART



#### 2 of No. 126

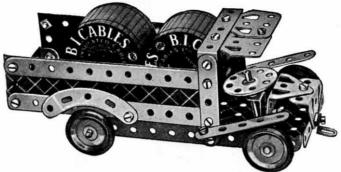
#### 2 " " 126a

#### 1.27 STAMPING MILL



|                   | of | No. | 2    |
|-------------------|----|-----|------|
| 4 4 5             | ,, | ,,  | 5    |
| 4                 | "  | "   | 10   |
| 5                 | ,, | ,,  | 12   |
| 1                 | ,, | ,,  | 16   |
| 1                 | ,, | ,,  | 19s  |
| 1                 | ,, | "   | 22   |
| 1                 | ,, | "   | 24   |
| 2                 | ,, | ,,  | 35   |
| 24                | ,, | ,,  | 37   |
| 2<br>24<br>3<br>2 | ,, | ,,  | 37a  |
| 2                 | ,, | "   | 48a  |
| 1                 | ,, | ,,  | 52   |
| 1                 | ,, | "   | 90a  |
| 4                 | ,, | 22  | 111c |
| 1                 | ,, |     | 125  |
| 1 4 1 2 2         | ,, |     | 126  |
| 2                 | ,, |     | 126a |
| 2                 | ,, | ,,  | 189  |

#### 1.25 MOTOR LORRY

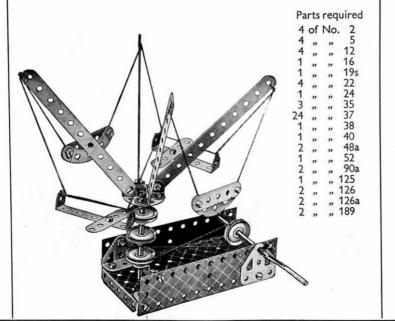


The  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Curved Strips representing the rear mudguards are each fastened to the sides by a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Bolt and Nut, with a Spring Clip between the mudguards and the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip to form a distance piece.

#### Parts required

| 4 | of | No. | 2  | 11 | of | No | . 17 | 119 | of | No | . 37 | 1   | 2 ( | of | No. 90a                             | 2 | of | No | .126 |
|---|----|-----|----|----|----|----|------|-----|----|----|------|-----|-----|----|-------------------------------------|---|----|----|------|
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 5  | 4  | ,, | ,, | 22   | 4   | ,, | ,, | 37a  |     | 3   | ,, | " 111c                              | 4 | ,, | ,, | 155  |
| 3 | ,, | ,,  | 12 | 1  | ,, | ,, | 24   | 2   | ,, | ,, | 48a  | 1 9 | 1   | ,, | " 125                               | 2 | ,, | ,, | 189  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 16 | 2  | ,, | ,, | 35   | 1 1 | ,, | ,, | 52   | 1   | 2   | "  | No. 90a<br>" 111c<br>" 125<br>" 126 |   |    |    |      |

#### 1.28 FLYING BOATS



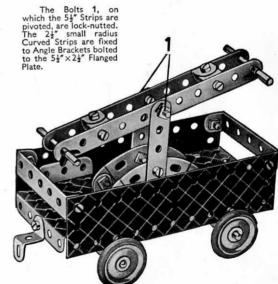
#### 1.26 HOSPITAL TROLLEY

Parts required 4 of No. 2 " 52 4 " "155a



#### 1.29 HAND CAR

Parts required 37 126a



# 1.30 MONOPLANE

The fast Pulleys 1 are fixed to Angle Brackets fastened to the wing by  $\frac{3}{8}$ " Bolts, which are passed through the Angle Brackets, and held in the bosses of the Pulleys. The set screws of the Pulleys hold also a second Bolt on which the propellers are mounted.

# Parts required 4 of No. 2 4 " 5 4 " 10 8 " 12 1 " 16 4 " 22 1 " 24 2 " 35 20 " 37 3 " 37a 2 " 48a 1 " 57c 4 " 111c 2 " 126 2 " 126 2 " 126

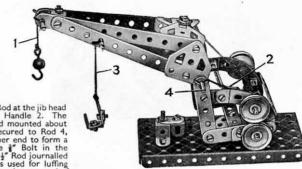
" 155a

#### 1.31 FLOATING CRANE

# Parts required 4 of No. 2 | 2 of No. 90a 4 " " 5 | 3 " " 111c 4 " " 10 | 1 " " 125 7 " 12 | 2 " " 126 2 " " 16 | 2 " " 126a 2 " " 17 1 " " 19s 4 " 22

4 " " 22 1 " " 24 4 " " 37 4 " " 37 4 " " 38 1 " " 40 2 " " 48 1 " " 52 1 " " 57c

The Cord 1 passes over the Rod at the jib head and is fastened to the Crank Handle 2. The other Cord 3 passes over a Rod mounted about halfway along the jib, and is secured to Rod 4, which has a 1° Pulley at the other end to form a handle. The Cord tied to the \$\frac{2}{3}\text{ Rod journalled above the Crank Handle, and is used for luffing the jib by turning the 1° Pulley at the rear end of the Rod. Two Angle Brackets and a Flat Bracket form the hook on Cord 3.



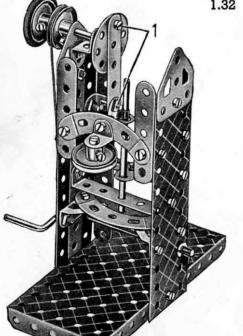
#### 1.32 POWER PRESS

Parts required

4 of No. 2

125 126 126a

" 155a



The Bolts 1 are lock-nutted, and the Angle Bracket at the lower end of the 2½" Strip has a 4½" Rod in its elongated hole, where it is held by means of two Spring Clips.

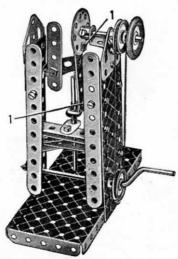
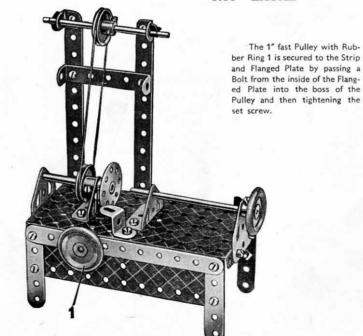


Fig. 1.32a

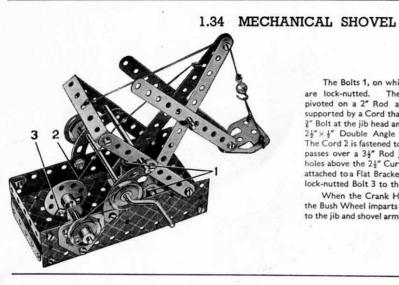


#### 1.33 LATHE

4 of No. 2
4 " " 5
2 " " 12
2 " " 16
1 " 17
4 " 22
1 " 24
3 " 35
22 " 37
1 " 40
1 " 48a
1 " 52
1 " 111c
1 " 125
2 " " 126

2 " " 126a 2 " " 155a 2 " " 189

Parts required

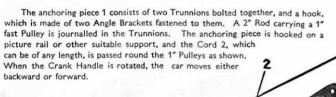


The Bolts 1, on which the jib pivots, are lock-nutted. The shovel arm is pivoted on a 2" Rod and the shovel is supported by a Cord that passes over the #" Bolt at the jib head and is fastened to a 24" × 4" Double Angle Strip as shown. The Cord 2 is fastened to the jib and then passes over a 31 Rod journalled in the holes above the 21 Curved Strips, and is attached to a Flat Bracket fastened by the lock-nutted Bolt 3 to the Bush Wheel

When the Crank Handle is rotated. the Bush Wheel imparts a digging motion to the jib and shovel arm.

| 4  | of | No | uired<br>. 2<br>. 5<br>. 10<br>. 12<br>. 16<br>. 17<br>. 19s<br>. 22<br>. 24<br>. 35<br>. 37<br>. 37a<br>. 38a<br>. 40<br>. 48a<br>. 52<br>. 57c<br>. 90a<br>. 11c<br>. 125<br>. 126<br>. 125<br>. 126<br>. 125<br>. 126<br>. 126<br>. 127<br>. 128<br>. 128 |
|----|----|----|--|
| 4  |    |    | 5  |
| 1  | ** |    | 10   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 12   |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 16   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 17   |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 19s  |
| 3  | ,, | ,, | 22   |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 24   |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 35   |
| 24 | ,, | ,, | 37   |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 37a  |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 38   |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 40   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 48a  |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 52   |
| 1  | "  | "  | 57c  |
| 2  | "  | "  | 90a  |
| 4  | ,, | "  | 111c   |
| 1  | ,, | "  | 125  |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 126a   |
| 7  | "  | ,, | 155a   |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 189  |

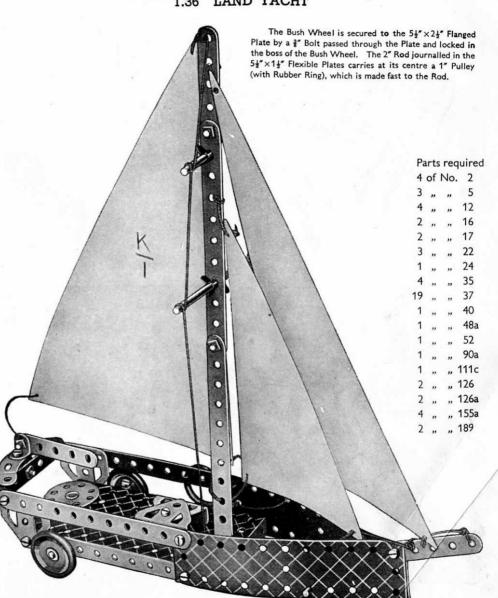




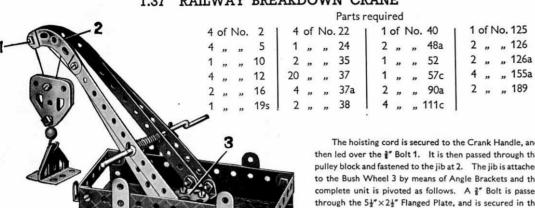


| 4  | of | No. | 2   | 4 | of  | No | . 37a |
|----|----|-----|-----|---|-----|----|-------|
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 4 | ,,  | ,, | 38    |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 1 | ,,, | ,, | 40    |
| 6  | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 2 | ,,  | ,, | 48a   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 1 | "   | ,, | 52    |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 2 | ,,  | "  | 90a   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 19s | 4 | ,,  | ,, | 111c  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 2 | ,,  | "  | 126   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 2 | "   | ,, | 126a  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 2 | ,,  | ,, | 189   |
| 24 | ,, | "   | 37  |   |     |    |       |

#### 1.36 LAND YACHT



#### 1.37 RAILWAY BREAKDOWN CRANE



The hoisting cord is secured to the Crank Handle, and then led over the #" Bolt 1. It is then passed through the pulley block and fastened to the jib at 2. The jib is attached to the Bush Wheel 3 by means of Angle Brackets and the complete unit is pivoted as follows. A #" Bolt is passed through the 5½"×2½" Flanged Plate, and is secured in the boss of the Bush Wheel by its set screw.

Parts required

22

4 of No. 2

1 " " 57c

2 " " 90a

1 " "111c

1 " " 125

2 " " 126

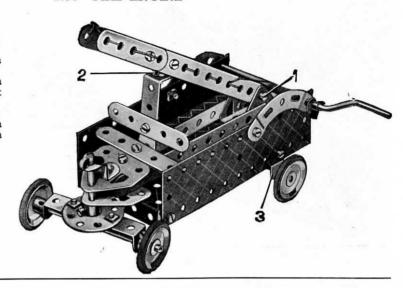
1 " "126a

#### Parts required

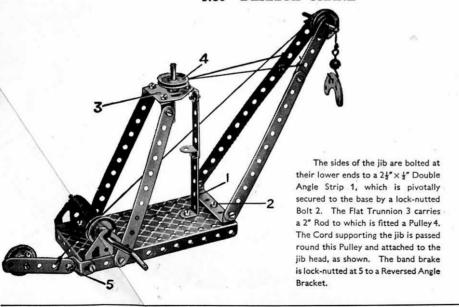
| 4                     | of | No. | 2        | 1 2                                       | of | No. | 38        |
|-----------------------|----|-----|----------|---|----|-----|-----------|
| 4                     | ,, | ,,  | 5        | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 40        |
| 4<br>3<br>5<br>2<br>1 | ,, | ,,  | 10       | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 48a<br>52 |
| 5                     | ,, | ,,  | 12<br>16 | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 52        |
| 2                     | ,, | ,,, | 16       | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 90        |
|                       | ,, | ,,  | 17       | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 1110      |
| 1                     | ,, | ,,  | 19s      | 1   | ,, | "   | 125       |
| 4                     | ,, | "   | 22       | 2   | "  | ,,  | 126       |
|                       | ,, | "   | 24       | 4   | ,, | "   | 126       |
| 4                     | ,, | "   | 35<br>37 | 2<br>1<br>2<br>2<br>1<br>2<br>2<br>4<br>2 | "  | ,,  | 155       |
| 24                    | "  | "   | 37a      | 2   | "  | "   | 189       |
| 4                     | ,, | "   | 3/a      | 1   |    |     |           |

Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. The sides of the ladder are held together by two Angle Brackets 2, which are bolted together to form a double bracket. The rear axle bearings 3 are Flat Brackets bolted inside the flange of the Flanged Plate. The Cord from the Crank Handle is tied in the fourth hole up the ladder so that when the Handle is turned it causes the ladder to lift.

#### 1.38 FIRE ENGINE



#### DERRICK CRANE



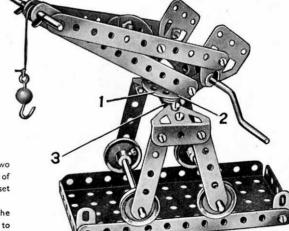
#### Parts required

| 4 | of | No. | 2   | 20 | of | No | . 37 |
|---|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|------|
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 4  | ,, | ,, | 38   |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 40   |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 48a  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 52   |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 57c  |
| 1 | "  | ,,  | 19s | 2  | ,, | "  | 90a  |
| 4 | "  | ,,  | 22  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 111c |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 2  | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 2  | ,, | "  | 126a |

The sides of the jib are secured to the Bush Wheel 1 by two Angle Brackets 2. A #" Bolt is passed from the underneath side of Double Angle Strip 3 into the boss of the Bush Wheel 1 and the set screw is then tightened.

The Flat Trunnions at the lower end of the jib support the Crank Handle, which also passes through Flat Brackets bolted to the Angle Brackets 2 on the Bush Wheel 1. The Cord is fastened to the Crank Handle, and passes over the 2" Rod at the jib head.

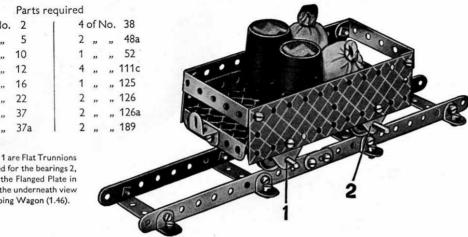
#### 1.40 TRAVELLING CRANE



#### 1.41 RAILWAY TRUCK

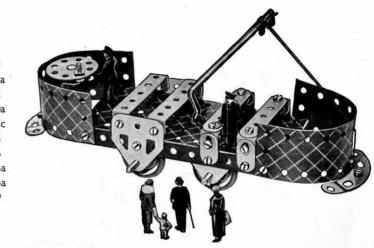
#### Parts required 4 of No. 2 4 of No. 38 2 " " 16 1 " " 125 4 .. .. 22 2 " " 126 24 " " 37 2 " "126a 4 " " 37a 2 " "189

The axle bearings 1 are Flat Trunnions and Trunnions are used for the bearings 2, which fit underneath the Flanged Plate in the manner shown in the underneath view of the model Side Tipping Wagon (1.46).



#### 1.42 OPEN TRAMCAR

### Parts required 2 of No. 5 1 of No. 40 2 " "126a



#### 1.43 PITHEAD GEAR



| 4  | of | No | 2   | 4 | of | No | . 38 |
|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|------|
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 5   | 1 | ,, | "  | 40   |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 10  | 2 | ,, | ,, | 48a  |
| 2  | ,, | ,, | 12  | 1 | ,, | ,, | 52   |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 16  | 1 | ,, | ,, | 90a  |
| 1  | ,, | ,, | 19s | 4 | "  | ,, | 111c |
| 4  | "  | ,, | 22  | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 35  | 2 | "  | ,, | 126a |
| 20 | ,, | ,, | 37  | 2 | ,, | ,, | 189  |
| 4  | ,, | ,, | 37a |   |    |    |      |

A Cord is taken from each side of the lift cage over the 1" Pulleys and secured to each end of the Crank Handle. The Cords must both be the same length otherwise the lift will tilt.

The two guides for the lift consist of two pieces of Cord fastened to the Washers 1. The Cords are then passed through holes in the Double Angle Strip, through two corresponding holes in the lift cage 2, and then through the two corresponding holes in the Flanged Plate. Two more Washers are tied to the Cords beneath the Flanged Plate to keep the Cords tight. The lift cage 2 is made up of two Trunnions.

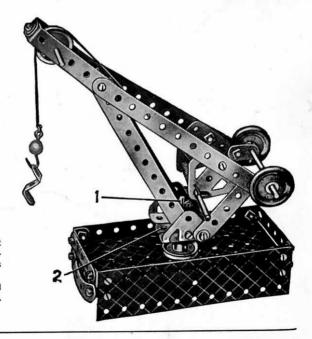
#### 1.44 DOCKSIDE CRANE

Parts required

|    |    |     |     |    |   | _    |    |      |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|---|------|----|------|
| 4  | of | No. | 2   | 1  | 4 | of I | No | . 38 |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 5   |    | 1 | ,,   | ,, | 40   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10  |    | 2 | ,,   | ,, | 48a  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 12  |    | 1 | ,,   | ,, | 52   |
| 1  | ,, |     | 16  |    | 1 | ,,   | ,, | 57c  |
| 2  |    | ,,  | 17  |    | 2 | ,,   | ,, | 90a  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 19s |    | 4 | ,,   | ,, | 111c |
| 4  |    | ,,  | 22  |    | 1 | ,,   | "  | 125  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 24  |    | 2 | ,,   | ,, | 126  |
| 4  |    | ,,  | 35  |    | 2 | ,,   |    | 126a |
| 24 |    |     | 37  | 19 | 2 | ,,   | ,, | 155a |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 37a |    | 2 | ,,   |    | 189  |
|    |    |     |     |    |   |      |    |      |

The Rod 1 passes through the bosses of the Bush Wheel 2 and the 1" Pulley, and is held in position by a Spring Clip underneath the Flanged Plate. The set screw of the Bush Wheel 2 is tightened on the Rod.

The 51 Strips that form the jib are extended at the head by 2½" × ½" Double Angle Strips, in which a 2" Rod is journalled.





Parts required

4 of No. 22

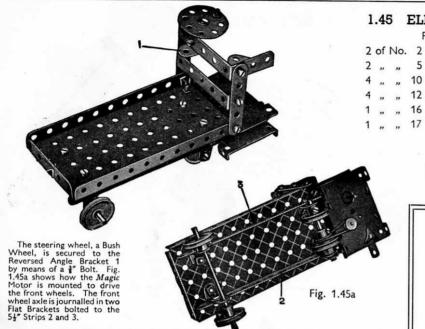
1 .. .. 24

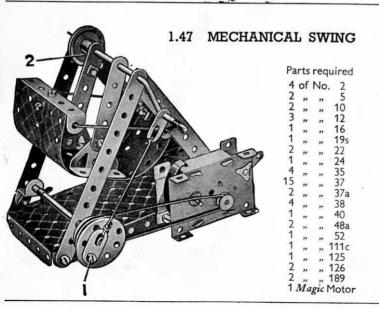
18 " " 37

2 .. .. 48a

1 " "111c

1 .. .. 125 1 .. .. 126 1 Magic Motor





#### 1.45 ELECTRIC TRUCK 1.46 SIDE TIPPING WAGON

3 of No. 2

Parts required 2 of No. 90a 4 " "111c " " 125 " " 126 " " 126a " "155a 1 Magic Motor Each of the Bolts 1 is locknutted. A piece of Cord is fastened

to the Rod 2 (Fig. 1.46a) wrapped

round it two or three times, and then is taken through the hole in the Flanged Plate above the Rod and

By turning the Bush Wheel the

secured to the Angle Bracket 3.

container is tipped sideways.

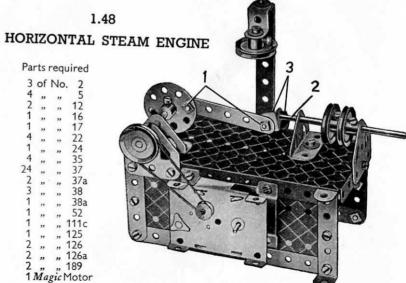
THE MECCANO MAGIC MOTOR



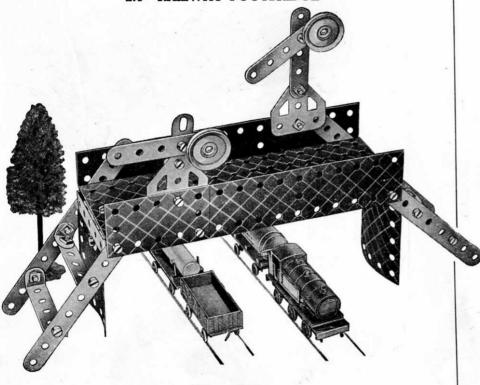
The greatest thrill in Meccano model-building is experienced when a model is set to work by means of a Meccano Magic Motor. The illustrations on this page show how the Magic Motor can be fitted without any difficulty to No. 1 Outfit models of various types. Fit the model you have just built with one of these wonderful Motors, and enjoy the fun of watching it work just like the real thing!

The left-hand 21 Strip that supports the swing is connected to the Crank Handle by passing the set screw of the 1" Pulley Wheel 2 through the hole in an Angle Bracket bolted to the Strip and then into the boss of the Pulley. Bolt 1 on the Bush Wheel is fitted with lock-

The Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. The Rod 2 is secured to an Angle Bracket by means of two Spring Clips 3. The model is driven by a Magic Motor bolted to the 54"×24" Flanged Plate. The pulley of the Motor is connected to a 1in. fast Pulley on the crankshaft of the engine by a Driving Band.



#### 2.1 RAILWAY FOOTBRIDGE



#### Parts required

| 4 of | No | . 2 | 120 | of No | . 22 | 1 1 | of | No. 52          | 2 | of N | No. 188 |
|------|----|-----|-----|-------|------|-----|----|-----------------|---|------|---------|
| 6 "  | "  | 5   | 32  | ,, ,, | 37   | 2   | ,, | " 111c<br>" 126 | 2 | ,,   | " 189   |
| 2 "  | ,, | 10  | 2   | ,, ,, | 37a  | 2   | ,, | " 126           | 1 | ,,   | " 190   |
| 6    |    | 12  | 2   |       | 48a  | 2   | ,, | " 126a          | 2 | ,,   | ,, 200  |

The span of the bridge is a 5½"×2½" Flanged Plate, extended by a 2½"×2½" Flexible Plate. Trunnions are bolted to each end of the span, and have 1 1 radius Curved Plates fastened to them. The sides of the approach stairways are 5½" Strips. They are joined across by 2½" × ½" Double Angle Strips and 24" Strips fitted with Angle Brackets at each end.

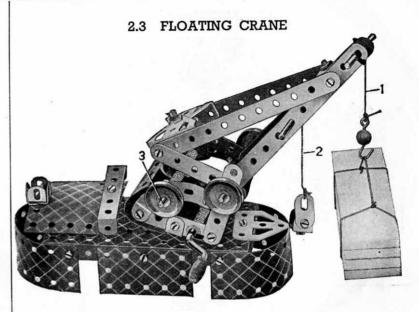
The signals are supported on Flat Trunnions bolted to the sides of the bridge. The smaller of the two signal posts is formed by two Flat Brackets, and the larger one is a 2½" Strip. The signal arms are 21" Strips bolted to the posts in the second holes from one end. They are fitted at their shorter ends with 1" Pulleys, representing the spectacles, which are held in place by 3" Bolts passed through the Strips and inserted in their bosses.

#### 2.2 LAWN MOWER

The "cutter" is made by bolting an Angle Bracket at each end of a Reversed Angle Bracket 1 and then sliding an Axle Rod through the free holes of the Brackets. The two Pulleys 2 are fixed to the Rod and pushed tightly against the " cutter" to make it rotate with the Rod as the wheels revolve. The wheels are 1" Pulleys fitted with Rubber Rings.

#### Parts required

|    | of I | No. | 2   | 2 of No. 90a |
|----|------|-----|-----|--------------|
| 4  | "    | "   | 5   | 1 " " 125    |
| 4  | ,,   | "   | 10  | 2 " " 126    |
| 6  | ,,   | ,,  | 12  | 2 " "155a    |
| 1  | ,,   | "   | 16  | 2 " " 200    |
| 4  | ,,   | "   | 22  |              |
| 25 | ,,   | "   | 37  | 1 1 1 1      |
| 4  | ,,   | "   | 38  | 1            |
| 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 48a |              |



#### Parts required

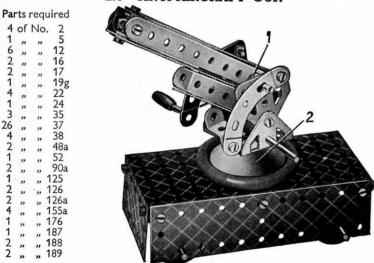
| 4 0 | f No       | 2   | 1 4 | of | No. | 22  | 1 2 | of | No | . 48a | 11 | of N | Ν٥. | 126a |
|-----|------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-------|----|------|-----|------|
| 6   |            | 5   | 1 1 |    | ,,  | 24  | 1   | ,, | ,, | 52    | 1  | ,,   | ,,  | 176  |
| 3   |            | 10  | 4   | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 1   | ,, | ,, | 57c   | 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 188  |
| 8   | " "        | 12  | 29  | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 2   | "  | ,, | 90a   | 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 189  |
| 2   | " "<br>" " | 16  | 3   | ,, | ,,  | 37a | 4   | ,, | ,, | 111c  | 1  | ,,   | ,,  | 199  |
| 2   | ,, ,,      | 17  | 4   | ,, | ,,  | 38  | 1   | ,, | ,, | 125   | 1  | ,,   | ,,  | 200  |
| 1   | ,, ,,      | 190 | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 40  | 2   | ,, | ,, | 126   | 1  |      |     |      |

The jib consists of 5½" Strips and 2½" Strips. At its upper end these are joined across by Angle Brackets, and at its lower end by Trunnions. Each side of the lower part of the crane consists of 2½" Strips and small radius Curved Strips, the two sides being connected by 2½" × ½" Double Angle Strips. The jib is pivoted to this structure by means of a 31 Rod, which carries at each end a 1" Pulley. The Cord 1 fitted with a Loaded Hook, is passed over a 2" Rod held in place in the jib by means of Spring Clips and is then wound around the Crank Handle.

The Cord 2 passes over a Rod held in place in the jib by an Anchoring Spring, and is then wound around the Rod that forms the pivot for the jib. A third Cord is tied to a Bolt fastened in the two Trunnions at the base of the jib, and is wound round Rod 3. This Cord controls the luffing motion of the crane. A #" Bolt passes through the Flanged Plate and is held by a set screw in the boss of the Bush Wheel to which the jib is fastened. The Bush Wheel is bolted to the Double Angle Strip below the Rod 3. The roof of the cabin is bolted to a 1 Reversed Angle Bracket fixed to the Flanged Plate.

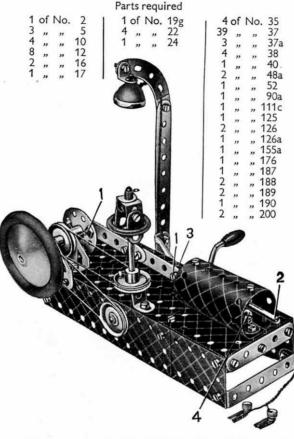
#### 2.4 AUTOGIRO Parts required 2 of No. 38 90a The rotor is made by 125 passing a Rod through the " 126a second holes from one end of two 5½" Strips. Flat Brackets 155a are bolted to the short ends 188 of the Strips and the third " 199 blade of the rotor is fixed to them as shown.

#### 2.5 ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN



One end of a piece of Cord is fastened to the Crank Handle. It is wound round the Handle a few times and its other end is then fastened to the end of the gun. The two Trunnions are bolted to a Bush Wheel fixed on a 2" Rod that passes through the Road Wheel 2 and the Flanged Plate and is held in place by an Anchoring Spring. The Spring Clips at 1 space the gun barrel from the Flat Trunnions.

#### 2.6 GAS ENGINE

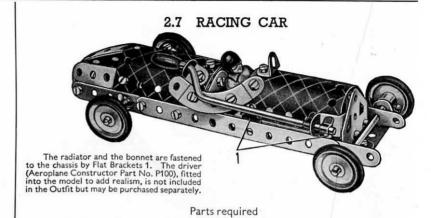


The bearings for the Rod representing the crankshaft are a Flat Trunnion and a Trunnion. The crankshaft carries a Road Wheel and a 1" Pulley at one end, a second 1" Pulley between the bearings, and a Bush Wheel at its other end.

The connecting rod is fastened to the Bush Wheel and to an Angle Bracket 3 by a lock-nutted Bolt 1. The Rod 2 is held in the Angle Bracket 3 by means of Spring Clips, one on each side. An Angle Bracket 4, carrying a Flat Bracket, is bolted inside the cylinder, and a similar arrangement is fitted at the other end. These form bearings for the Rod 2.

The model is operated by the Crank Handle, which carries also a 1" Pulley connected to one of the 1" Pulleys on the crankshaft by a belt of Cord. A second Cord drives the governor, which is mounted on a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod journalled in the  $5\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate and a Reversed Angle Bracket.

The model is fitted with a Spotlight rom the Meccano Lighting Set, current being supplied by a 4.5-volt pocket-lamp battery housed in the base of the model.



2 of No. 38

1 , , 48a 2 , , 90a 1 , , 125 1 , , 126 1 of No. 126a

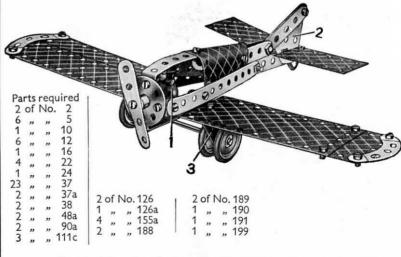
1 " " 199

1 " " 200

#### 2.8 LOW WING MONOPLANE

1 of No. 19g

4 " " 22 4 " " 35 30 " " 37 1 " " 37a



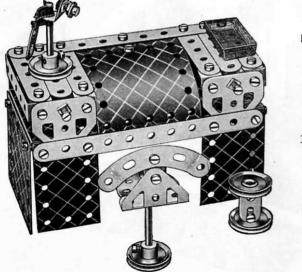
The pilot 1 (Aeroplane Constructor Part No. P100) is not included in the Outfit, but may be bought separately. The fin 2 is a Flat Trunnion, and it is clamped between the two 2½\* Strips The bearings 3 for the axle of the landing wheels are Trunnions, bolted to the wings. The wings are attached to the fuselage by Angle Brackets.



#### Parts required 1 of No. 52 " 126a " 155a

A 54"×24" Flanged Plate, extended at the front by a 1 ##" radius Curved Plate and at the rear by two 21"×21" Flexible Plates, forms the top of the car. The rear part of each side is formed by two 5½" Strips and a 24" Strip, the former being connected together at the tail by Angle Brackets, Bolts 1 hold a 2½"×½" Double Angle Strip that carries the 1# radius Curved Plate forming the underside of the front cowling.

#### 2.10 ROLL TOP DESK



Parts required 2 of No. ,, 200

#### 2.11 TRAVELLING CRANE

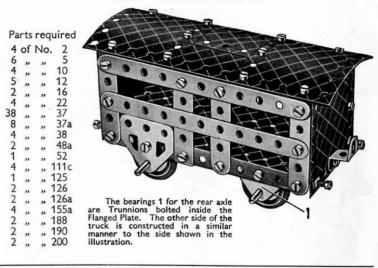


#### Parts required

|   |    |     |      |       |    |     | i ai co | 9- |    | -   |         |      |      |     |      |
|---|----|-----|------|-------|----|-----|---------|----|----|-----|---------|------|------|-----|------|
| 4 | of | No. | 2    | 1 1   | of | No. | 19g     | 3  | of | No. | 38      | 20   | of N | 10. | 111c |
| 6 | ,, | ,,  | 5    | 4     | ,, | ,,  | 22      | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 40      | 2    | ,,   | ,,  | 126  |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 10   | 1     | ,, | ,,  | 24      | 2  | ,, | ,,  | 48a     | 2    | ,,   | ,,  | 126a |
| 6 | ,, | ,,  | 12   | 4     | ,, | ,,  | 35      | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 52      | 1    | ,,   | ,,  | 176  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 16   | 38    | ,, | ,,  | 37      | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 57c     | 1    | ,,   | ,,  | 187  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 17   | 1 2   | ,, | ,,  | 37a     | 2  | ,, | ,,  | 90a     | 2    | ,,   | ,,  | 188  |
|   |    |     | 2 of | No. 1 | 89 |     |         |    |    |     | 1 of No | 0.20 | 0    |     |      |

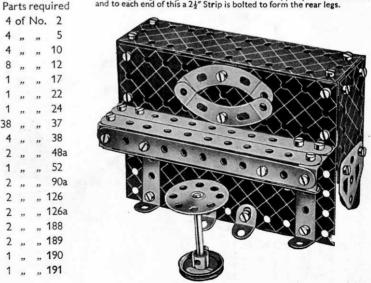
A 2" Rod is secured in the boss of the Bush Wheel 3. It then passes through the Road Wheel and through the centre of a  $2\frac{t}{4}\times\frac{t}{4}$ " Double Angle Strip bolted between the two Trunnions 1. A Washer and a Cord Anchoring Spring are pushed on to the Rod to hold it in position. The crane jib is attached to the Bush Wheel by the Angle Brackets 2.

#### 2.12 CATTLE TRUCK



#### **2.13 PIANO**

A  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate is used for the upper part of the back and to each end of this a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip is bolted to form the rear legs.



4 of No. 2

2 ., , 126a

2 " " 189

1 " " 191

# 2.14 MOTOR VAN Each of the side members $\alpha$ the chassis consists of two $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips overlapped, and they are joined across at the centre by two $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips, one of which is shown at 2, and a $2\frac{1}{2}$ " $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip. The $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip 2 and the Double Angle Strip are bolted to a Flat Trunnion and between them is a second $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip, which is fastened at each end to the chassis by means of Angle Brackets.

The Plate 1 is fastened to an Angle Bracket that is bolted to Strip 2. The body is fixed to the chassis by a Double Angle Strip and an Angle Bracket.

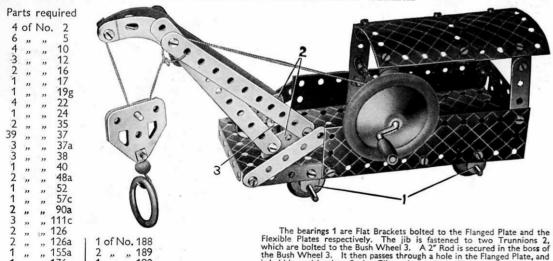
# Parts required 4 of No. 2 .. .. 191

# Parts required 4 of No. 2

2.16 STEAMSHIP

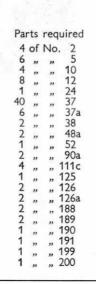
The deck of the model is a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate extended by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate. A  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip fitted with an Angle Bracket represents the bridge, and it is supported by two Trunnions bolted to the deck. The funnel consists of a Rod 1 fitted with two 1" fast Pulleys. The Rod passes through the hole in a Reversed Angle Bracket 2 and then through the Flanged Plate.

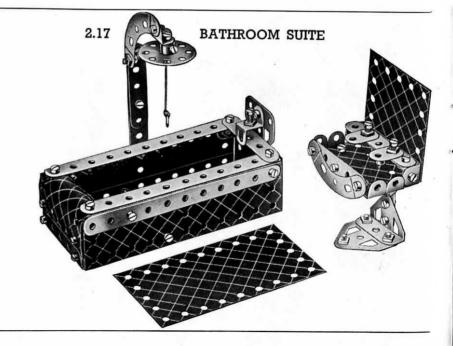
#### 2.15 RAILWAY BREAKDOWN CRANE

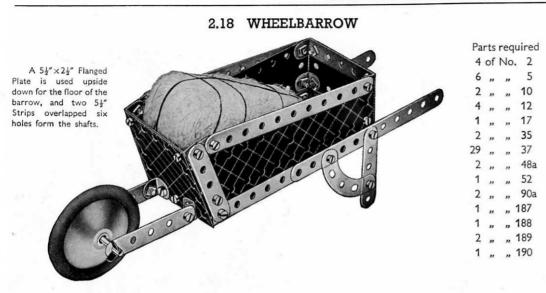


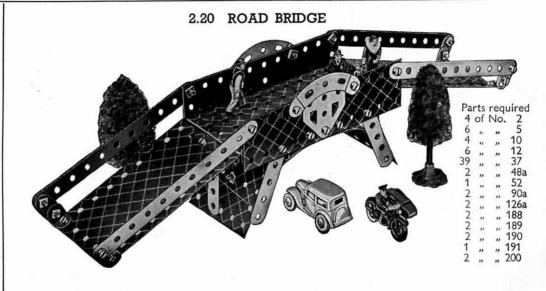
the Bush Wheel 3. It then passes through a hole in the Flanged Plate, and

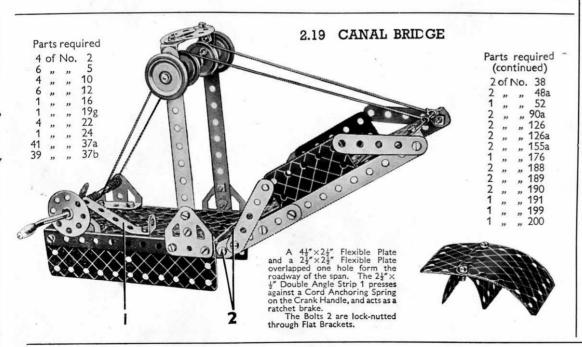
is held in position by a Spring Clip underneath the Plate.

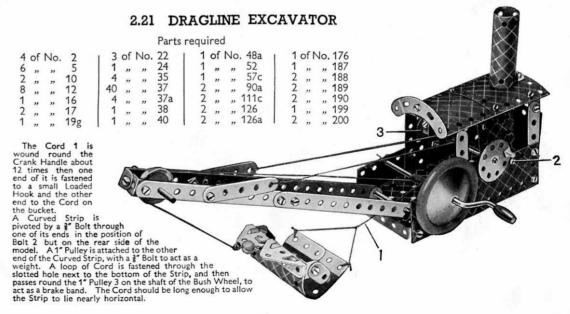




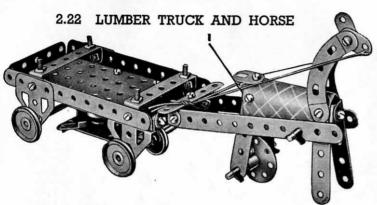








The greatest thrill in Meccano model-building is experienced when a model is set to work by means of a Meccano Motor. The illustrations below show how the Meccano Magic Motor can be fitted without any difficulty to No. 2 Outfit models of various types. Fit the model you have just built with one of these wonderful Motors, and enjoy the fun of watching it work just like the real thing.

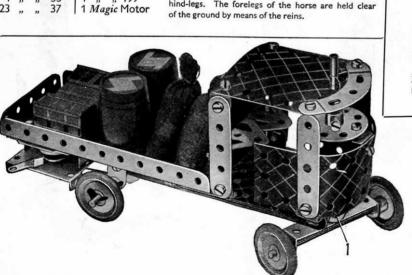


#### Parts required

| 4     | of | No. | 2  | 14  | of | No.   | . 37a |
|-------|----|-----|----|-----|----|-------|-------|
| 5     | ,, | ,,  | 5  | 2   | ,, | ,,    | 48a   |
| 3     | ,, | ,,  | 10 | 1   | ,, | ,,    | 52    |
| 5     | ,, | ,,  | 12 | 2   | ,, | ,,    | 90a   |
| 2     | ,, | ,,  | 16 | 4   | ,, | ,,    | 111c  |
| 35224 | ,, | ,,  | 17 | 2   | ,, | ,,    | 126   |
| 4     | ,, | ,,  | 22 | 2   | ,, | ,,    | 126a  |
| 1     | ,, | ,,  | 24 | 4   | ,, | ,,    | 155a  |
| 4     | ,, | ,,  | 35 | 1   | ,, | ,,    | 199   |
| 23    | ,, | ,,  | 37 | 11. | Ma | gic 1 | Moto  |
|       |    |     |    |     |    |       |       |

A *Magic* Motor is mounted beneath the cart and the Driving Band is taken from the pulley on the Motor to a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " fast Pulley (supplied with the Motor) fastened on the  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod that forms the front axle.

The forelegs of the horse are held together by means of two Angle Brackets bolted in the positions shown. This construction is duplicated at 1 for the hind-legs. The forelegs of the horse are held clear of the ground by means of the reins.



The horizontal  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips at the top of the drill are joined together, and also to the vertical  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips, by means of Angle Brackets. The lower bearings 1 are two Angle Brackets bolted to a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip, and the Rod forming the drill is journalled in these, and in a Flat Bracket at its upper end. A  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " X Y Flexible Plate is supported by a Double Angle Strip 2, and represents the table.

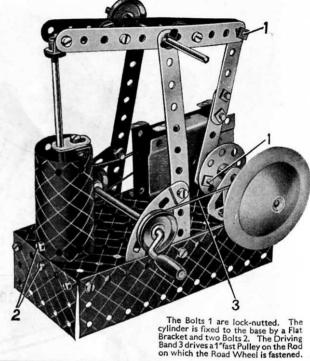
The drive is taken from the Motor to the 1" Pulley on the lower shaft. A second Driving Band passes round the 4" fast Pulley supplied with the Motor, round the two Pulleys at 3, and finally round the 1" Pulley fastened on the vertical drill shaft

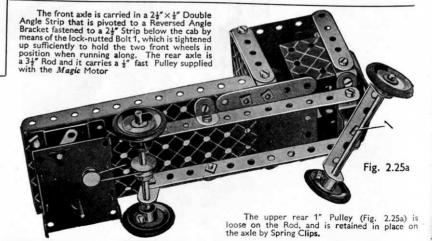
#### 2.25 STEAM WAGON

|   |    |     |    |    | al La | 116 | quireu |     |    |           |
|---|----|-----|----|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|----|-----------|
| 2 | of | No. | 2  | 4  | of    | No  | . 35   | 1 2 | of | No. 126   |
| 6 | ,, | ,,  | 5  | 31 | "     | ,,  | 37     | 4   | ,, | " 155a    |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 10 | 1  | ,,    | ,,  | 37a    | 1   | ,, |           |
| 8 | ,, | ,,  | 12 | 4  | ,,    | ,,  | 38     | 1   | ,, |           |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 16 | 2  | ,,    | ,,  | 48a    | 1   | ,, | " 190     |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 17 | 1  | ,,    | ,,  | 52     | 1   | ,, | " 200     |
| 4 | ,, | ,,  | 22 | 1  | ,,    | "   | 90a    | 1   | Ma | gic Motor |
| 1 |    |     | 24 | 1  |       |     | 125    |     |    |           |

2.24 BEAM ENGINE



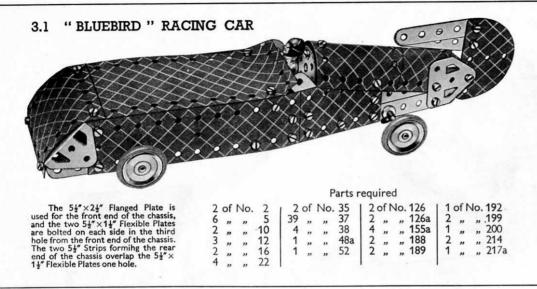


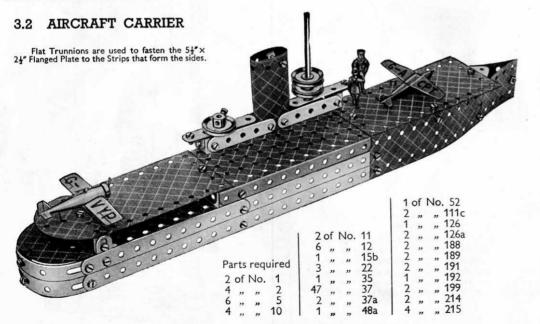


Parts required 2 of No. 1

15b 16

22 24





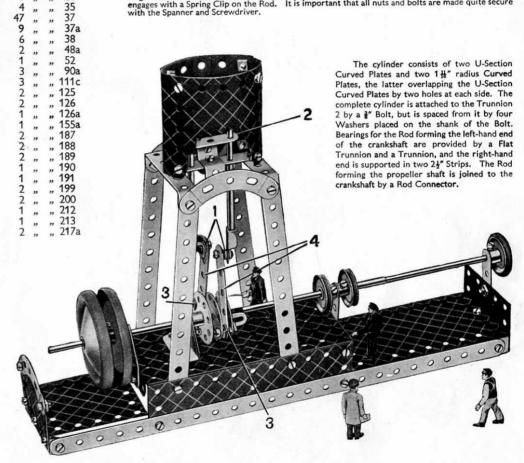
#### 3.3 MARINE ENGINE

Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. The Bolts 3 are ½" long and are lock-nutted twice as shown. The 2½" Strips 4 must be quite free to move when the crankshaft is rotated.

The left-hand piston rod is held by two Spring Clips, one at each side of the Angle Bracket

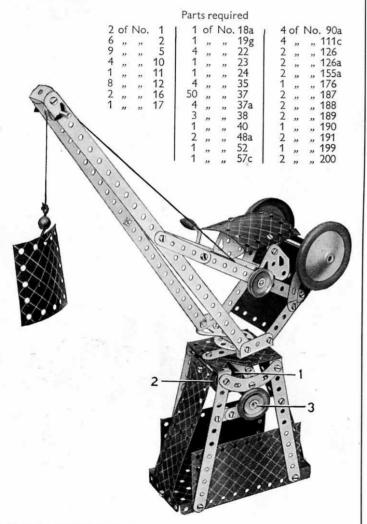
The left-hand piston rod is held by two Spring Clips, one at each side of the Angle Bracket pivotally fastened by the Bolts 1. Inside the cylinder the Rods slide through holes in a 2½" Strip and a Trunnion 2. In order to show the construction clearly part of the cylinder has been cut away in the illustration.

The Rod carrying two 1" Pulleys passes through the centre hole in the outer  $1\sharp$ " Disc. A  $\sharp$ "  $\times \sharp$ " Angle Bracket is bolted to the Disc in such a position that when the Disc is turned the Angle Bracket engages with a Spring Clip on the Rod. It is important that all nuts and bolts are made quite secure with the Spanner and Screwdriver.

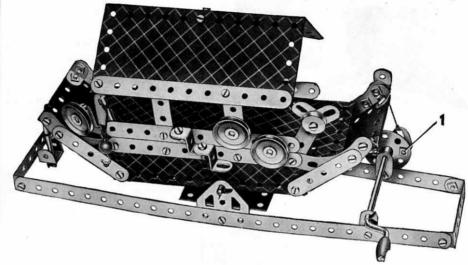


#### 3.4 SWIVELLING JIB CRANE

A 1" fast Pulley 1 is fastened to the lower end of a 2" Rod, which passes into and is held in the boss of the Bush Wheel. The Pulley rests on the tyre of Pulley Wheel 2, which is fastened on Rod 3. When the Rod 3 is rotated the jib is caused to swivel. Bearings for Rod 3 are formed by Flat Brackets, which are bolted through their elongated holes to the 2\frac{1}{2}" Strips shown in the illustration. The roof of the cab is fastened by means of Angle Brackets to two Flat Trunnions, and these in turn are bolted to the compound Strips bracing the jib.



#### 3.5 NOAH'S ARK



#### Parts required

| 2 | of | No | . 1 | 1  | of | No. | 18a | 1 of No. 40 | 2 of No. 126 |
|---|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-------------|--------------|
| 6 | ,, | ,, | 2   | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 19g | 1 ,, ,, 44  | 2 " "126a    |
| 9 | ,, | ,, | 5   | 3  | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 2 " " 48a   | 1 " " 176    |
| 5 | ,, | ,, | 10  | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 23  | 1 " " 52    | 2 " " 188    |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 11  | 1  | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 1 " " 57c   | 2 " " 189    |
| 8 | ,, | ,, | 12  | 6  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 4 " " 90a   | 2 " " 190    |
| 1 | "  | ,, | 16  | 50 | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 5 " "111c   | 2 " " 191    |
| 1 | ,, | ,, | 17  | 3  | ,, | ,,  | 37a | 2 " " 125   | 2 " " 192    |

A  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate is used for the bottom of the ark and  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates and  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips form the sides. The deck is fastened to the sides by  $\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Angle Brackets.

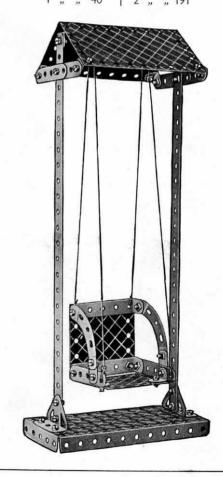
The ark is pivoted on a 3½" Rod journalled in Flat Trunnions, the Rod passing through the flanges of the baseplate at the fifth holes from the end near the Crank Handle. The Crank Handle carries a Bush Wheel, and to this a Flat Bracket is lock-nutted at 1. A length of Cord is attached to the free hole of the Flat Bracket and is then tied to a Double Bracket bolted to the side of the ark. When the Crank Handle is rotated, the downward motion of the Flat Bracket causes one end of the ark to be pulled down, but as the Flat Bracket rises again, the ark returns to its original position.

#### 3.6 SWING

Two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips overlapped one hole are bolted to the tops of the  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips by  $\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Angle Brackets.

#### Parts required

| 2  | of | No. | 1  | 1 2 | 2 | of | No | . 48 |
|----|----|-----|----|-----|---|----|----|------|
| 6  | ,, | ,,  | 5  | 1 1 | 1 | ,, | ,, | 52   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10 | 1 2 | 2 | ,, | ,, | 90   |
| 8  | ,, | "   | 12 | 2   | 2 | ,, | ,, | 126  |
| 34 | ,, | "   | 37 | 2   | 2 | ,, | ,, | 190  |
| 1  |    |     | 10 |     | ) |    |    | 101  |



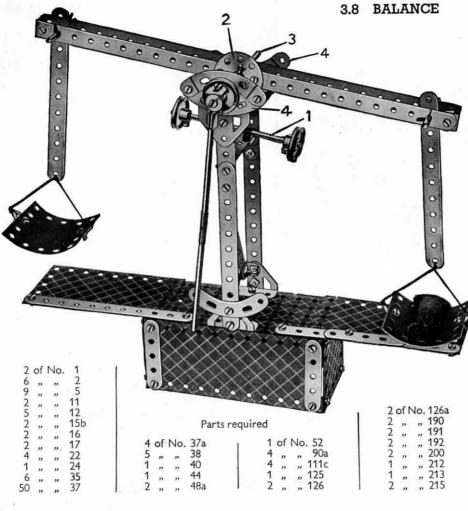
#### 3.7 DENTIST'S CHAIR

#### Parts required

| 4  | of | No. | 2   | 1 of No. 52              |
|----|----|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| 8  | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 3 " " 90a                |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 1 " " 190                |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 1 ,, ,, 191              |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 1 ,, ,, 200              |
| 38 | ,, | ,,, | 3/  | Lighting Set             |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 37a | (Not included in Outfit) |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 48a | Outfit)                  |



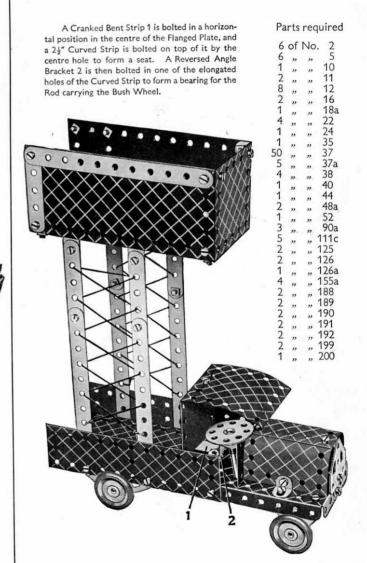
This model is fitted with a Spotlight from the Meccano Lighting Set.

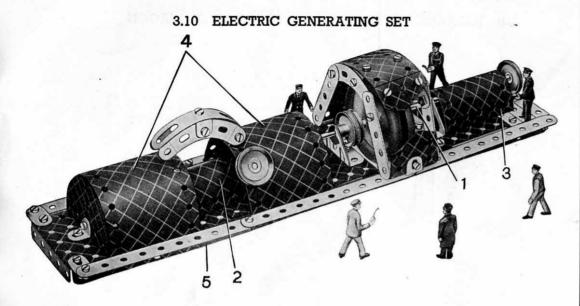


One of the 12½" Strips that form the beam of the balance is bolted across a Bush Wheel 2. The  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod 3 that is locked in the boss of the Bush Wheel rests on the two Curved Strips 4.

The Road 1, by which the balance is adjusted, is pushed through the two holes of a Cranked Bent Strip fastened to the Bush Wheel 2 by a Reversed Angle Bracket. The  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips from which the scale pans are suspended are pivoted at their upper ends on 2" Rods, which are passed through holes in the  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips of the beam.

#### 3.9 TOWER WAGON





The base is constructed by bolting two  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips to the flanges of a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate 5, and joining them at their free ends by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip. The space between the  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips is then filled in by Flexible Plates and  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips. The Rods that form the shaft of the machine are joined together at 1 by a Rod Connector. The bearings for the shaft are formed by two Trunnions. In the illustration part of the Flexible Plate has been cut away to show the structure of the armature and the commutator. The commutator consists of two 1" Pulleys and the armature of two Road Wheels, the bosses of which are placed in contact with each other.

The connecting pipe is formed from two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Curved Strips and one 3" Formed Slotted Strip joined together at their centre holes by a Double Bracket, and is fastened to the turbine by means of an Angle Bracket. The U-Section Curved Plate 2 is held by a Spring Clip slipped on the upper end of a 2" Rod. One end of the Rod is passed through the middle hole in the top of the Plate, and its other end is then pushed through the Flexible Plate forming the base. The Rod is held by a Spring Clip underneath the Plate. The U-Section Curved Plate 3 is fixed to the base by an Angle Bracket on the rear side of the model. The two Flexible Plates 4 are bolted to the flanges of the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate 5. The 1" Pulley representing the steam control is held by a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Bolt, which passes through a hole in one of the Flexible Plates 4, and is locked in the boss of the Pulley.

|   |    |    |     |     |    |     | Part | required                     |   |
|---|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|------------------------------|---|
| 2 | of | No | . 1 | 1   | of | No. | 16   | 1 1 of No. 52 1 1 of No. 189 | , |
| 6 | ,, | ,, | 2   | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 18a  | 4 " " 90a . 1 " " 190        | ) |
| 8 | ,, | ,, | 5   | 4   | ,, | ,,  | 22   | 1 ,, ,, 111c                 |   |
| 3 | ,, | ,, | 10  | 4   | "  | ,,  | 35   | 2 ,, ,, 125 2 ,, ,, 192      |   |
| 2 | ,, | ,, | 11  | 50  | ,, | ,,  | 37   | 2 ,, ,, 126                  |   |
| 8 | ,, | ,, | 12  | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 38   | 2 " " 187                    |   |
| 1 | ,, | ,, | 15b | 1 2 | "  | ,,  | 48a  | 1 ,, ,, 188 2 ,, ,, 214      |   |
|   |    |    |     |     |    |     | 1 0  | No. 215                      |   |

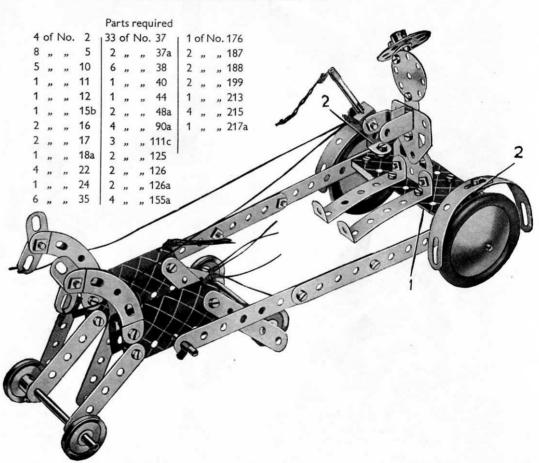
#### 3.11 TROTTING CAR

The seat of the car consists of two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates, overlapped two holes, and it carries at each end a Trunnion. The 3" Formed Slotted Strips that form the mudguards are supported by Reversed Angle Brackets 2, which are spaced from the Flexible Plate by three Washers. The axle consists of two 2" Rods joined by a Rod Connector, and is journalled in the Trunnions.

Each of the horses is built up as follows. Four 2½" Strips are bolted to a U-Section Curved Plate in the positions shown to form the legs, and two 2½" small radius Curved Strips represent the neck. A Rod is pushed through the centre holes of the U-Section Curved Plates and is supported in the end holes of the shafts. Two 3½" Rods carrying 1" Pulleys at each of their ends are journalled in the end holes of two of the forelegs, and two of the hind-legs of the horses, as shown.

The driver's body is made with two Flat Trunnions, which are bolted together and then fitted with  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times\frac{1}{2}''$  Double Angle Strips to represent legs. The Bolt that fixes the Cranked Bent Strip to the body holds also a Flat Bracket that supports a  $1\frac{1}{2}''$  Disc representing the head. An Angle Bracket bolted to the Disc secures a Bush Wheel that has a  $\frac{2}{3}''$  Bolt fixed in its boss by the set-screw.

The whip is a 2" Rod held by Spring Clips in a Double Bracket, and the lash is attached to it by a Cord Anchoring Spring. The reins are fastened to the Flat Brackets that form the horses' heads, and also to the Double Bracket to which the whip is fixed. Short lengths of Cord fastened to the U-Section Curved Plates represent the horses' tails.



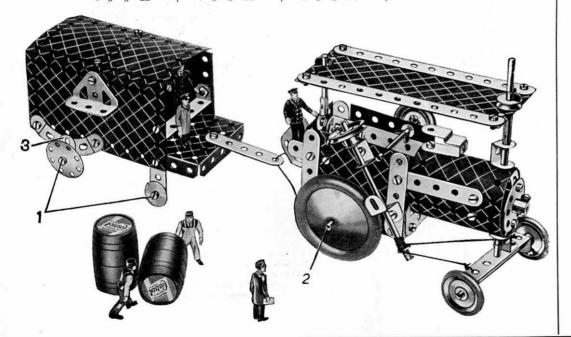
#### 3.12 STEAM TRACTOR AND TRAILER

The steeribg column, a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod, is supported in the holes of a Double Bracket and a Reversed Angle Bracket bolted to the side of the cab. Cord is wound round the lower part of the Rod and its ends are tied to the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip that carries the front axle. Care must be taken that the Cord is wound tightly round the Rod, or it will slip when the steering wheel is rotated. The Rod 2 is supported in holes in the Flexible Plates that form the sides of the cab.

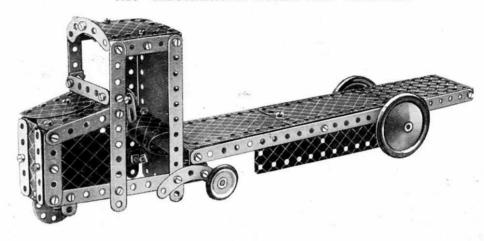
The Bush Wheel that forms the front of the boiler has two Angle Brackets bolted to it and a Rod passes through the free holes of these Brackets to hold the Bush Wheel in position. This Rod is joined by a Rod Connector to a 2" Rod that forms the chimney. The roof of the cab consists of a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate, and is held in position by Spring Clips placed on the two Rods that pass through it. The Flat Brackets 3 are bolted in the centre holes of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Curved Strips. The Bolts 1 are locknutted in position and the wheels turn freely on them.

#### Parts required

| 4 of N | No. 2 | 1 of No. 23 | 2 of No. 90a | 2 of No. 191        |
|--------|-------|-------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 9 "    | " 5   | 1 " " 24    | 4 " "111c    | 1 " " 192           |
| 5 "    | " 10  | 4 " " 35    | 2 " " 125    | 2 " " 199           |
| 2 "    | ., 11 | 43 " " 37   | 2 " " 126    | 2 " " 200           |
| 8 "    | " 12  | 8 " " 37a   | 2 " " 126a   | 1 " " 212           |
| 2 "    | " 15b | 6 ,, ,, 38  | 3 " "155a    | 1 " " 213           |
| 2 "    | " 16  | 1 ,, ,, 40  | 1 " "176     | 1 " " 214           |
| 2 "    | " 17  | 1 ,, ,, 44  | 2 " "187     | 2 " " 217a          |
| 1 ,    | " 18a | 2 " " 48a   | 2 " " 188    | 2 " " 2 <b>1</b> 7b |
| 4      | 22    | 1 ,, ,, 52  | 2 " " 190    |                     |



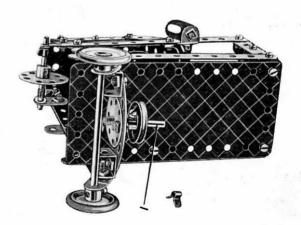
#### 3.13 MECHANICAL HORSE AND TRAILER

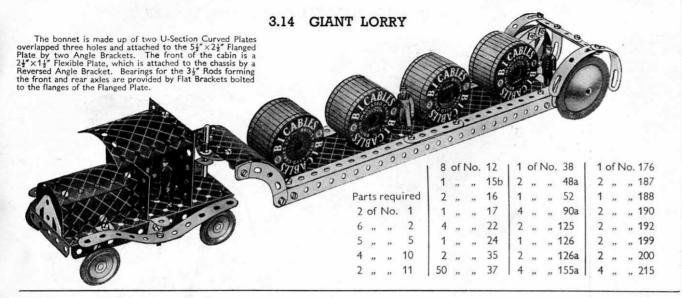


#### Parts required

| 2  | of | No. | 1   | 1 4 | of | No  | . 90a |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|
| 6  | ,, | ,,  | 2   | 6   | "  | ,,  | 111c  |
| 9  | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 125   |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 126   |
| 2  | ,, | "   | 11  | 2   | ,, | **  | 126a  |
| 8  | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 2   | ,, | .,  | 155a  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 1   | ,, | .,  | 176   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 2   | "  | .,  | 187   |
| 1  | "  | ,,  | 18a | 1   | ,, |     | 188   |
| 3  | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 2   | ,, | ٠,, | 189   |
| 1  | ,, | .,, | 24  | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 190   |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 2   |    |     | 191   |
| 56 | ,, | ,,  | 37a | 1   | ,, | ,,  | 192   |
| 50 | ,, | ,,  | 37b | _ 1 | ,, | ,,  | 199   |
| 2  | "  | ,,  | 38  | 1   | "  | .,  | 200   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 48a | 2   | ,, | ,,  | 214   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 52  | 1 1 | ,, | ,,  | 217a  |
|    |    |     |     |     |    |     |       |

The chassis of the mechanical horse is built up on two  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips, extended at the rear by  $2\frac{1}{4}''$  Curved Strips that provide bearings for the rear axle. The method of building up the bonnet and cab is clear from the illustration. The rear ends of the  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips are joined by a Curved Strip and two Double Brackets. At the centre of the Curved Strip is bolted a  $1\frac{1}{4}''$  Disc through which passes a  $1\frac{1}{2}''$  Rod 1. This Rod engages in the centre hole of the Plate at the front of the trailer, and is retained in place by a Spring Clip and a Cord Anchoring Spring. A 1'' Pulley and two Washers space the end of the trailer from the  $1\frac{1}{4}''$  Disc. Bearings for the rear axle are provided by Flat Trunnions.

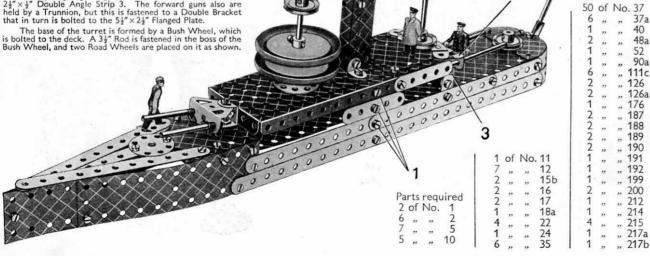




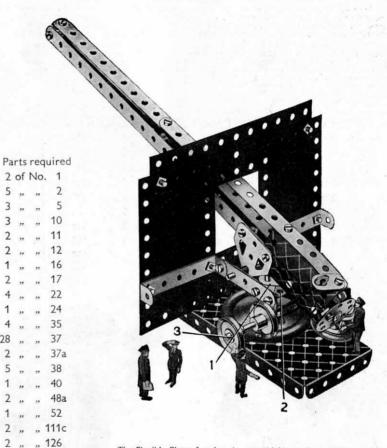




The base of the turret is formed by a Bush Wheel, which



#### 3.16 NAVAL GUN



The Flexible Plates forming the gun shield are fastened by means of Double Angle Strips and 24" Strips to two Trunnions 1. The Trunnions are bolted to Bush Wheel 2. A 2" Rod held in the boss of the Bush Wheel passes through a Road Wheel and the centre hole of the 5½"×2½" Flanged Plates. The Rod is fastened underneath the Flanged Plate by a Cord Anchoring Spring so that the gun is free to swivel.

2 .. .. 126a

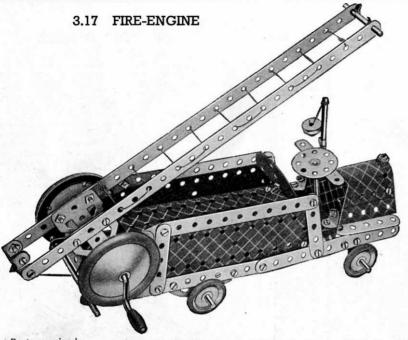
1 .. .. 155a

2 " " 191

2 .. .. 199

1 " " 217a

The elevation of the gun is controlled by Rod 3. Cord is wound round the Rod, then passed through the hole of a Flat Bracket fastened at the rear end of the gun, and knotted to a Washer as shown. The  $1\frac{1}{4}$  Disc at the end of the gun is fastened by an Angle Bracket to the U-Section Curved Plates representing the breech.



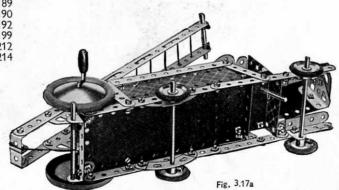
Parts required

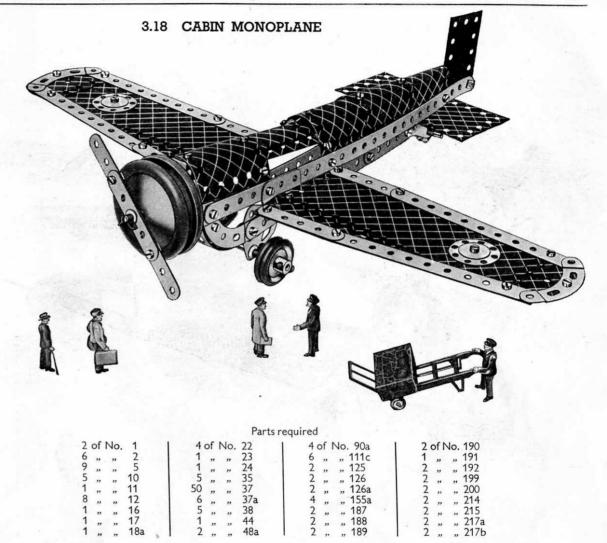
2 of No. 1 2 of No. 125
6 " " 2 2 " " 126
8 " " 5 2 " " 126
5 " " 10 4 " " 155
7 " " 12 2 " " 187
2 " " 15b 2 " " 187
2 " " 16 2 " " 189
2 " " 16 2 " " 199
1 " " 192
1 " " 22 1 " " 199
1 " " 23 1 " " 212
1 " " 24 1 " " 214
6 " " 35
6 " " 37
6 " " 37

52

Two Flat Trunnions are bolted to the bottom of the ladder, and the shaft of the Crank Handle shown in Fig. 3.17a passes through the holes at their narrow ends. The bonnet, which is formed from a U-Section Curved Plate and two 2½"×1½"Flexible Plates, is fastened to the frame by Reversed Angle Brackets. These latter also support the 2½" Strips at the side of the bonnet.

The 3½" Rod representing the steering column passes through the free hole of a Flat Bracket bolted to the dashboard, then through a hole in the Flexible Plate at the bottom of the cab. It is fastened in position by a Cord Anchoring Spring.



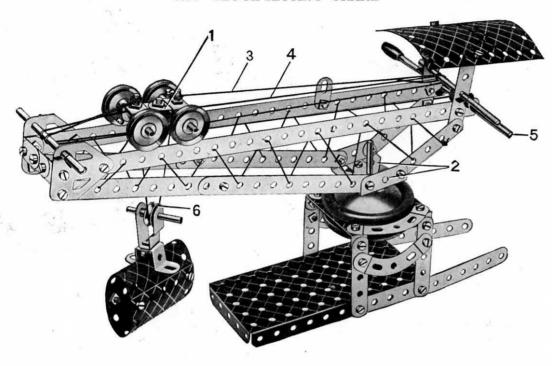


The engine and propeller are attached by fastening a Bush Wheel to the nose of the fuselage by two Angle Brackets. A 2" Rod is locked in the boss of the Bush Wheel and forms the support for the Road Wheels and the compound strip representing the propeller.

The wings are attached to the fuselage by  $\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Angle Brackets and Trunnions. The tail wheel is supported on a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod journalled in the holes of a Cranked Bent Strip fastened to the fuselage by a Double Bracket.

The Rod on which the double landing wheels are mounted passes through the holes in the narrow ends of two Flat Trunnions bolted to the fuselage.

#### 3.19 BLOCK-SETTING CRANE



#### Parts required

|                | of | No. | 1                    | 1    | 4                       | of | No. |      |
|----------------|----|-----|----------------------|------|-------------------------|----|-----|------|
| 68524122114116 | ,, | ,,  | 2 5                  |      | 6                       | ,, | "   | 38   |
| 8              | ,, | ,,  |                      | - 1  | 1                       | ,, | ,,  | 40   |
| 5              | ,, | ,,  | 10                   |      | 1                       | ,, | ,,  | 44   |
| 2              | ,, | ,,  | 11                   |      | 1 2 1                   | ,, | ,,  | 48a  |
| 4              | ,, | ,,  | 12                   |      |                         | ,, | ,,  | 52   |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 15b                  |      | 4                       | ,, | ,,  | 90a  |
| 2              | ,, | ,,  | 16                   |      | 4                       | ,, | ,,  | 111c |
| 2              | ,, | ,,  | 17                   |      | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 125  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 18a                  |      | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 126  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 19g                  | 500  | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 126a |
| 4              | ,, | ,,  | 22                   | 100  | 1                       | ,, | ,,  | 176  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 23                   | - 77 | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 187  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 22<br>23<br>24<br>35 |      | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 188  |
| 6              | ,, | ,,  | 35                   | - 1  | 4 4 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 | ,, | ,,  | 199  |
| 50             | ,, | ,,  | 37                   | 1    | 2                       | ,, | ,,  | 200  |

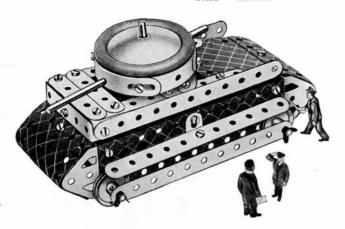
The travelling bogie 1 consists of two Flat Brackets bolted together by their elongated holes, and at each end of it Double Brackets are fastened by § Bolts. Two 2" Rods are pushed through the Double Brackets and carry 1" fast Pulleys spaced so that their grooves fit on the two 12½" Strips that form the top of the jib. The Trunnions 2 at the base of the jib, are secured to a Bush Wheel mounted on a Rod held in the bosses of two Road Wheels. The Road Wheels are placed one above and one below the 2½" × 1½" Flexible Plates, that form the top of the tower.

Cord 3 is first fastened to the  $\frac{a}{a}$ " Bolt at the rear end of the travelling bogie, and then wound three times around the Crank Handle. It is then led around the Rod journalled in the Flat Trunnion at the front end of the jib, and brought back and tied to another  $\frac{a}{a}$ " Bolt at the front of the bogie.

Cord 4 is first fastened to Rod 5, which is passed through the end holes of the  $12\frac{1}{2}$  Strips, and then over the rear axle of the bogie. It is then passed around the  $\frac{1}{2}$  Pulley 6, led over the front axle of the bogie, around the Rod at the front end of the jib, and finally tied to the bogie. The  $\frac{1}{2}$  loose Pulley 6 and its Rod are held in the Cranked Bent Strip by a Cord Anchoring Spring.

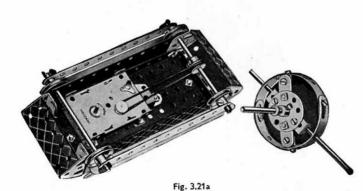
### 3.20 PITHEAD GEAR Parts required 2 of No 1 A 3½" Rod is journalled in the top holes of the 12½" Strips. Between the two Road Wheels on this Rod is a 1" fast Pulley, over which the cord controlling the cage passes. A Cord Anchoring Spring is pushed on one end of the Rod, and a Bush Wheel is fixed to the other end. The cage is built up from Trunnions and Flat Trunnions, and the 2½"×1½" Flexible Plates that form its sides are fastened to the Flat Trunnions by Angle Brackets. 11 A &" Bolt is passed through the holes of Reversed Angle Brackets bolted to the top of the cage, and Washers are placed on its shank for spacing purposes. The guides 1 for the cage consist of a piece of Cord, which is passed over two Rods as shown and then led downward and through two holes in the Flanged Plate that forms the base. Washers are tied to each end of the Cord underneath the Plate, to maintain it in tension.

#### 3.21 TANK



Construction of the gun turret is commenced by bolting a  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Strip across a Bush Wheel. Four 3" Formed Slotted Strips are bolted together to form a circle and fastened to the  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Strip by means of Angle Brackets. Next two Angle Brackets are bolted to the Bush Wheel in the positions shown in Fig. 3.21a. Two Rods are pushed through holes in the Formed Slotted Strips and through the free holes of the Angle Brackets, and are fastened in position by means of Spring Clips. The turret is held in place by a  $3\frac{1}{4}$ " Rod that is locked in the boss of the Bush Wheel and then passed through the  $5\frac{1}{4}$ "  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Flanged Plate and through a hole in a Reversed Angle Bracket. A Cord Anchoring Spring is then screwed on to it to hold it in position. To complete the turret a Road Wheel is fastened on the upper end of the  $3\frac{1}{4}$ " Rod. The Reversed Angle Bracket is bolted to the  $5\frac{1}{4}$ "  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Flanged Plate.

The  $\it Magie$  Motor is bolted to the Flanged Plate, and the drive is taken to the back axle by means of a Driving Band.

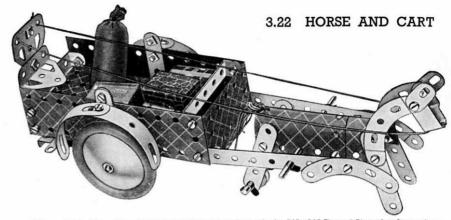


| 6  | of | No. | 2    |
|----|----|-----|------|
| 7  | ,, | "   | 5    |
| 2  | ,, | "   | 10   |
| 8  | ,, | ,,  | 12   |
| 2  | ,, | "   | 15b  |
| 2  | ,, | "   | 16   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 17   |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 22   |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 24   |
| 6  | ,, | ,,  | 35   |
| 40 | ,, | ,,  | 37   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 38   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 48a  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 52   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 90a  |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 125  |
| 2  | ,, | "   | 126  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 126a |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 176  |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 187  |
| 2  | "  | ,,  | 189  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 190  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 199  |
| 4  |    |     | 215  |

1 Magic Motor

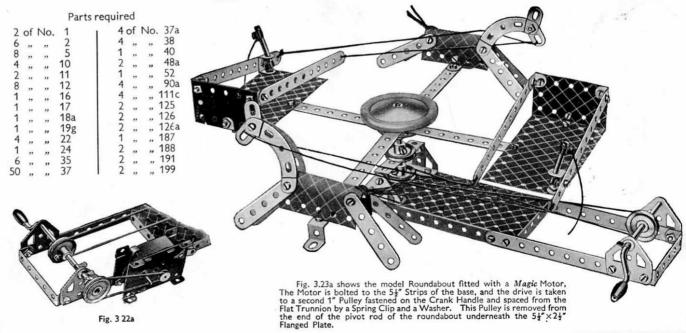
|    |    |     | Parts | requ | ire | d  |    |       |
|----|----|-----|-------|------|-----|----|----|-------|
| 2  | of | No. |       | 1    |     |    | No | . 48a |
| 7  | "  | ,,  | 5     |      | 1   | ,, | "  | 52    |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10    |      | 4   | "  | "  | 90a   |
| 2  | "  | ,,  | 12    |      | 1   | "  | ,, | 125   |
| 2  | "  | ,,  | 16    | 1    | 1   | ,, | ,, | 126   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 17    |      | 1   | ,, | "  | 126a  |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 23    |      | 2   | ,, | ,, | 187   |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 35    |      | 1   | ,, | ,, | 188   |
| 35 | ,, | ,,  | 37    |      | 2   | ,, | ,, | 189   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 38    |      | 2   | ,, | ,, | 199   |
|    |    |     |       | 1    |     |    |    | 045   |

1 Magic Motor



The model is driven by a Magic Motor fastened underneath the  $5\frac{1}{2}^{*} \times 2\frac{1}{2}^{*}$  Flanged Plate that forms the bottom of the cart. The drive is taken by a Driving Band from the pulley of the Motor to a  $\frac{1}{2}^{*}$  fast Pulley on the back axle. A  $\frac{1}{2}^{*}$  loose Pulley is fitted on a  $2^{*}$  Rod journalled in the bottom holes of the Strips forming the legs of the horse, so that the model will travel smoothly along the ground.

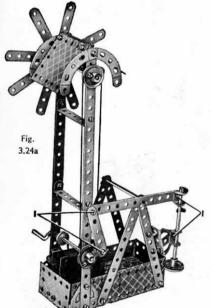
#### 3.23 ROUNDABOUT





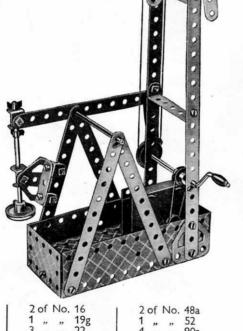
#### 3.24 WINDMILL PUMP

Up and down motion of the pumping shaft is obtained rom a crank fastened to the end of the Crank Handle. The crank is formed by securing an Angle Bracket to the boss of a 1" Pulley, two Washers being used between the Bracket and the boss. A  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip is pivoted to the crank and to the pumping beam, the other end of which is pivotally attached to a Double Bracket on the pump rod. The Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. The 1" Pulley on the Crank Handle is connected by a belt of Cord to the shaft carrying the sails. The Magic Motor is bolted by its flanges to the baseplate, and the drive is taken from the pulley of the Motor to a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Pulley fixed on the shaft of the Crank Handle, if desired the Motor may be dispensed with and the model operated by hand.

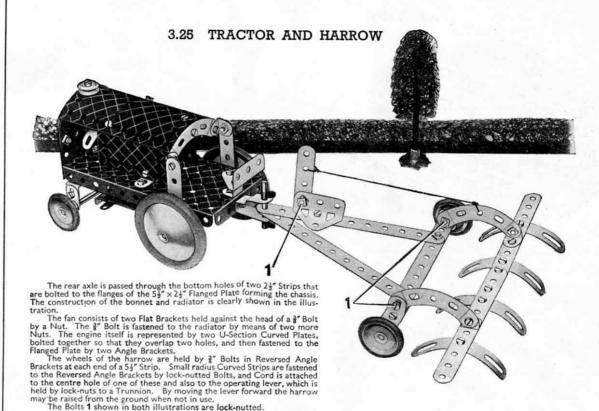


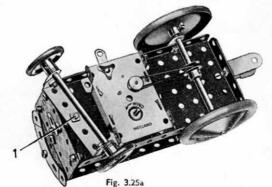
| 120     |            |
|---------|------------|
| Parte   | required   |
| i ai ts | i equii eu |

|   |    |     |   | 15.0 |    |     |     |
|---|----|-----|---|------|----|-----|-----|
| 2 | of | No. | 1 | 2    | of | No. | 11  |
| 5 | ,, | ,,  | 2 | 7    | ,, | ,,  | 12  |
| 9 | ,, | **  | 5 | 1    | ,, | ,,  | 15t |

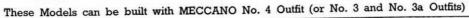


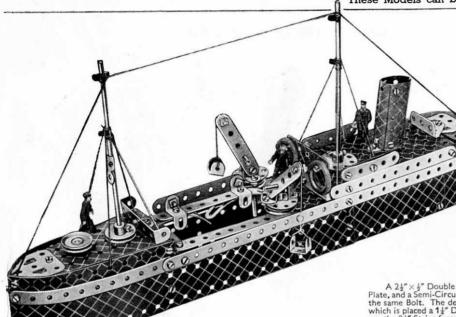
| The same of the sa |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| 2 of No. 16  | 2 of No. 48a         |
| 1 " " 19g  | 1 " " 52             |
| 3 " " 22   | 4 " " 90a            |
| 1 ,, ,, 24   | 1 " " 126            |
| 4 ,, ,, 35   | 2 " " 126a           |
| 39 " " 37  | 2 " " 188            |
| 3 " " 37a  | 2 " " 189            |
| 2 " " 38   | 2 " "190             |
| 1 , 40   | 1 <i>Magic</i> Motor |





|    |      |     |        | 1   | 4  | of | No | o. 22 | 1 2 | of N | Vo. | 125  |
|----|------|-----|--------|-----|----|----|----|-------|-----|------|-----|------|
|    |      |     |        | - 1 | 1  | ,, | ,, | 23    | 2   | "    | ,,  | 126  |
|    |      |     |        | - 1 | 2  | ,, | ,, | 35    | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 155a |
| Pa | irts | rec | quirec |     | 46 | ,, | ,, | 37    | 2   | "    | ,,  | 187  |
| 5  | of   | No  | . 2    |     | 10 | ,, | "  | 37a   | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 188  |
| 3  | ,,   | ,,  | 5      |     | 6  | ,, | ,, | 38    | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 199  |
| 5  | "    | ,,  | 10     | - 1 | 1  | ,, | "  | 44    | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 200  |
| 2  | ,,   | **  | 11     |     | 1  | "  | ,, | 48a   | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 214  |
| 8  | ,,   | ,,  | 12     |     | 1  | ,, | ,, | 52    | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 215  |
| 2  | ,,   | ,,  | 16     | -   | 4  | ,, | ,, | 90a   | 1.  | Ma   | gic | Moto |
| 1  | ,,   | ,,  | 18a    | - 1 | 5  | ,, | ,, | 111c  |     |      |     |      |
|    |      |     |        |     |    |    |    |       |     |      |     |      |





in position by a Spring Clip.

#### 4.1 DREDGER

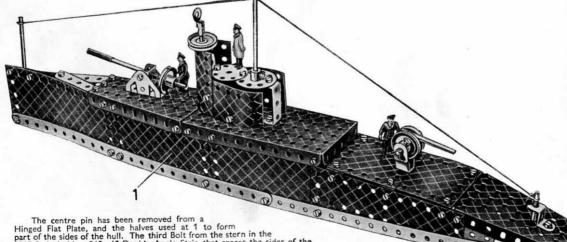
|                                       |     | I   | Parts i  | requir   | ed   |    |            |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|----------|--|------|----|------------|--|
| 2                                     | of  | No. | 1        | 1 1  | of   | No | . 51       |  |
| 6                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 2        | 1  | "    | "  | 52         |  |
| 2                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 3        | 1 1  | ,,   | "  | 54a        |  |
| 9                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 5        | 1 5  | "    | "  | 111c       |  |
| 4                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 10       | 1 4  | "    | "  | 125<br>126 |  |
| 2                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 11       | 1 2  | "    | "  | 126a       |  |
| 8                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 12       | 1 2  | ,,   | "  | 155a       |  |
| 2                                     |     | ,,  | 12c      | 1 5  | "    | "  | 188        |  |
| 4                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 16       | 1 2  | ,,   | ,, | 189        |  |
| 2                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 17       | 2  | ,,   | ,, | 190        |  |
| 2                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 18a      | 2  | ,,   | ,, | 191        |  |
| 4                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 22       | 2  | ,,   | ,, | 192        |  |
| 1                                     | ,,  | ,,  | 24<br>35 | 2  | ,,   | ,, | 199        |  |
| -8                                    | ,,  | ,,  | 35       | 2  | ,,   | ,, | 200        |  |
| 70                                    | ,,  | 22  | 37       | 1  | ,,   | ,, | 212        |  |
| 6                                     | ,,, | ,,, | 37a      | 1 1  | ,,   | "  | 213<br>214 |  |
| 4                                     | ,,, |     | 38<br>40 | 1 2  | "    | "  | 215        |  |
| 2<br>4<br>1<br>8<br>70<br>6<br>4<br>1 | ,,, |     | 48a      | 1<br>5<br>2<br>1<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2 | "    | "  | 217a       |  |
| _                                     | "   | 22  | .04      | 1 2  | . ,, | 22 |            |  |

A  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip is bolted to the front flange of the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate, and a Semi-Circular Plate is held between the flange and the Double Angle Strip by the same Bolt. The deck-cranes each consist of a 1" Pulley fastened to a 2" Rod, above which is placed a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Disc fitted with Angle Brackets. Bolted to these, and lock-nutted, are the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips forming the jib. The complete units are held in place by Spring Clips. The rear Formed Slotted Strip of the hopper bridge is fastened to the frontof the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate by an Obtuse Angle Bracket.

#### 4.2 SUBMARINE

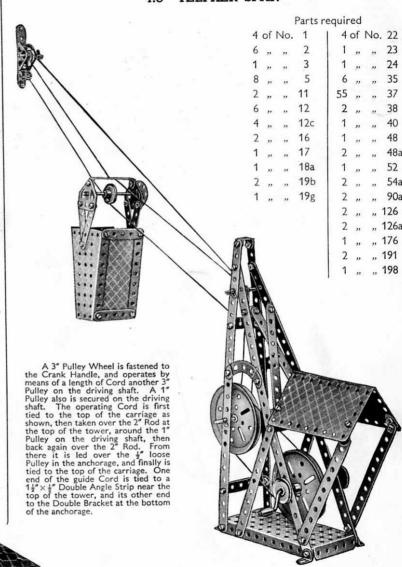
#### Darte required

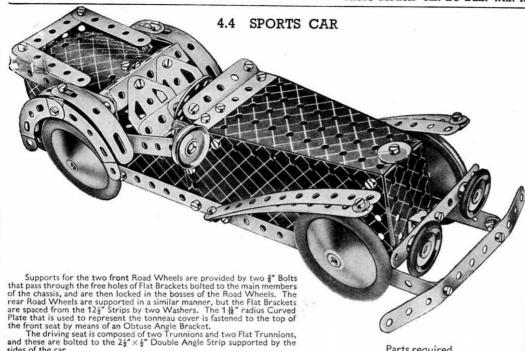
| Parts required |    |     |     |   |    |     |      |  |
|----------------|----|-----|-----|---|----|-----|------|--|
| 4              | of | No. | 1   | 4 | of | No. | 48a  |  |
| 3              | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 1 | ,, | "   | 52   |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 11  | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 54a  |  |
| 2              | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 125  |  |
| 1              | ,, | "   | 15b | 2 | "  | ,,  | 126  |  |
| 3              | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 2 | ,, | "   | 126a |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 2 | ,, | "   | 188  |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 18a | 2 | ,, | "   | 189  |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 18b | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 190  |  |
| 4              | "  | ,,  | 22  | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 191  |  |
| 1              | "  | ,,  | 24  | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 192  |  |
| 5              | "  | ,,  | 35  | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 198  |  |
| 64             | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 199  |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 40  | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 212  |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 44  | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 213  |  |
| 1              | ,, | ,,  | 48  | 1 | ,, | "   | 217a |  |



part of the sides of the null. The third bolt from the stern in the 12½° Strip holds a 2½° ×½° Double Angle Strip that spaces the sides of the model. Flat Trunnions are used to fill in the space between the flange of the rear Flanged Sector Plate and the 12½° Strips. The Rod forming the periscope passes through a Reversed Angle Bracket bolted to the 1½° Disc, then through the 5½° × 2½° Flanged Plate, and is held is settling by a Script Clieb.

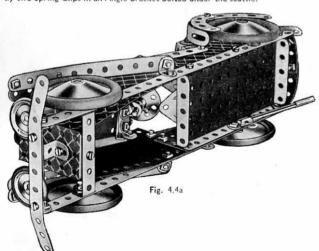
#### TELPHER SPAN





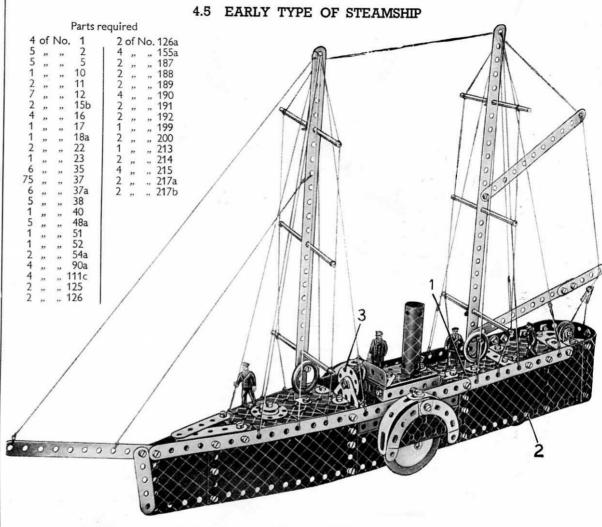
sides of the car.

The steering wheel is a Bush Wheel fastened to a 1" Rod that is secured by two Spring Clips in an Angle Bracket bolted under the scuttle.



#### Parts required

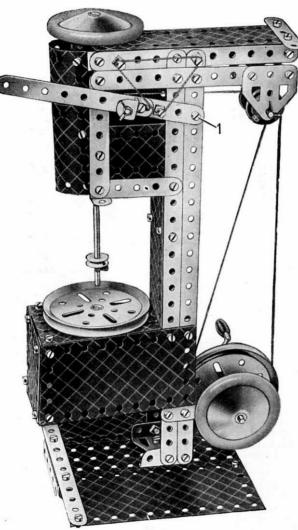
|    |    |     |     | requir | ed |     |      |
|----|----|-----|-----|--------|----|-----|------|
| 2  | of | No. | 1   | 1 1    | of | No. | 52   |
| 5  | ,, |     | 2   | 1      | ,, | ,,  | 54a  |
| 1  | "  | ,,  | 3   | 4      | ,, | ,,  | 90a  |
| 9  | ,, | .,  | 5   | 6      | ,, |     | 111c |
| 4  | ,, | ,.  | 10  | 2      | ,, |     | 125  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 11  | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 126  |
| 6  | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 126a |
| 3  | ,, | ,,  | 12c | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 155a |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 4      | ,, | ,,  | 187  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 18b | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 188  |
| 3  | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 190  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 24  | 2      | ,, | "   | 192  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 2      | ,, | ,,  | 199  |
| 66 | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 1      | ,, | ,,  | 200  |
| 7  | ,, | ,,  | 38  | 1      | ,, | "   | 212  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,, | 44  | 1      | ,, | ,,  | 213  |
| 6  | ,, | .,, | 48a | 4      | ,, | "   | 215  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 51  | 1 2    | ,, | "   | 217a |
|    |    |     |     |        |    |     |      |

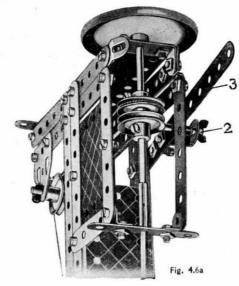


The foredeck consists of a Flanged Sector Plate bolted to the 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips that are placed along the sides of the deck. A  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate is used for the central portion of the deck and to the rear end of this a Flanged Sector Plate 1 is fastened by a Flat Bracket. A  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip is bolted across the Flanged Sector Plate and to the sides of the vessel. Two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates, overlapped one hole, are bolted to the rear end of the Flanged Sector Plate.

The vessel runs on Road Wheels mounted on a compound rod consisting of a 1½" and a 2" Rod joined by a Rod Connector, which is journalled in the sides of the hull as shown, and also on 1" Pulleys fitted with Rubber Rings supported inside the hull on 2" Bolts 2. The Bolts 2 pass through holes in the Flexible Plates forming the sides of the ship and are locked in the bosses of the Pulleys. A 1½" Disc 3 is lock-nutted to a Trunnion to form the wheel.

### 4.6 DRILLING MACHINE





The height of the drill is controlled by the lever 3 (Fig. 4.6a). A 2" Rod 2, passed through a hole in the Strip 3 and through a hole in a Reversed Angle Bracket bolted to the Strip, engages between two 1" fast Pulleys on the shaft of the drill. A Driving Band, which is arranged as shown, holds the lever at its maximum height. The Bolt 1 is lock-nutted. The drill table is held in position by a \$" Bolt, that passes through the Flanged Sector Plate and is then locked in the boss of the Pulley.

|   |    |     |     | Pa | rts | rec | quired |   |    |     |      |
|---|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------|---|----|-----|------|
| 4 | of | No. | 1   | 4  | of  | No  | . 22   | 2 | of | No. | 126  |
| 6 | ,, | ,,  | 2   | 1  | ,,  | 220 | 23     | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 126a |
| 2 | "  | **  | 3   | 6  | ,,  | ,,  | 35     | 2 | ,, | .,  | 187  |
| 7 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 71 | ,,  | ,,  | 37     | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 188  |
| 8 | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 7  | ,,  | ,,  | 37a    | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 189  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 12c | 1  | ,,  | ,,  | 48     | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 190  |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 15b | 1  | ,,  | ,,  | 48a    | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 191  |
| 1 | ,, | ,,, | 16  | 1  | ,,  | "   | 52     | 2 | ,, |     | 192  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 1  | ,,  | ,,  | 54a    | 2 | ,, | ,,  | 199  |
| 2 | ,, | ,,  | 19ь | 4  | ,,  | ,,  | 111c   | 1 | ,, | ,,  | 213  |
| 1 | ,, | ,,  | 19g | 1  | ,,  |     | 125    |   |    |     |      |

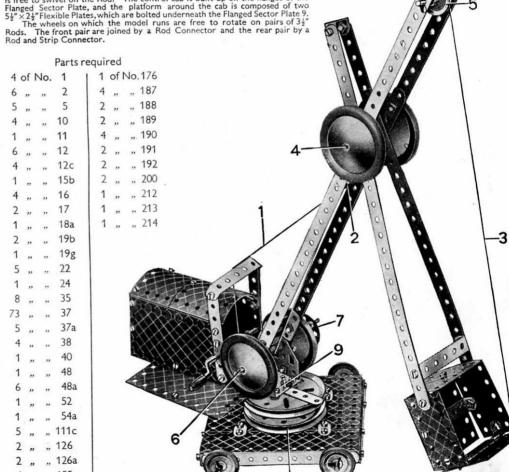
#### 4.7 GIANT EXCAVATOR

The Cord 1 is fastened to a Crank Handle journalled in holes in the sides of the cab, and after passing round the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip above the cabin is tied to the jib at 2. This Cord controls the luffing movement of the jib. The Cord 3 is tied to the bucket and is passed over the 1" Pulley Wheel 5 and then wound round Rod 6. By turning the handle 7 on the Bush Wheel 7 the bucket is raised or lowered.

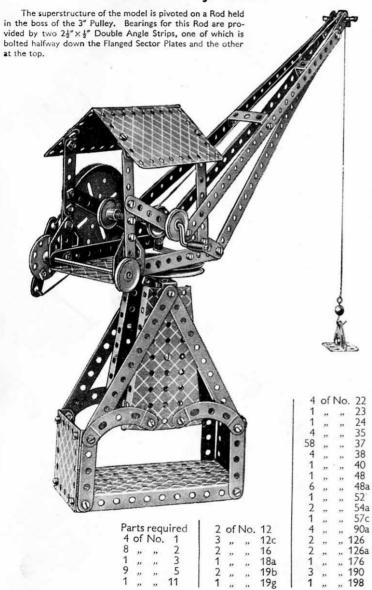
The bucket arm is pivoted on Rod 4, which passes through holes in the 12½" Strips forming the jib and the bucket arm. Road

Wheels fastened at each end of Rod 4 retain it in position.

A 3" Pulley Wheel 8 is bolted to the base by two Bolts, and a Flanged Sector Plate 9, to which the cab is fastened, is similarly attached to the upper 3" Pulley. A 1½" Rod is held in the boss of Pulley Wheel 8, and the Pulley attached to Flanged Sector Plate 9 is retained in position by a Spring Clip so that the superstructure is free to swivel on the Rod. The control cab is built up on the flanges of the Flanged Sector Plate, and the platform around the cab is composed of two 5½" × 2½" Flexible Plates, which are bolted underneath the Flanged Sector Plate 9.



## 4.8 ELEVATED JIB CRANE



### 4.9 GANTRY CRANE

|   |    |    |    | Parts | required                       |
|---|----|----|----|-------|--------------------------------|
|   | 4  | of | No |       | 8 of No. 38                    |
|   | 6  | ,, | ,, | 2     | 1 ,, ,, 40                     |
|   | 9  | ,, | ,, | 5     | 1 , , , 44                     |
|   | 1  | ,, | ,, | 10    | 1 ,, , 48                      |
|   | 1  | "  | ,, | 11    | 4 ,, ,, 48a                    |
|   | 6  | ,, | ,, | 12    | 1 ,, ,, 51                     |
|   | 4  | "  | ,, | 12c   | 1 ,, ,, 52                     |
|   | 1  | ,, | ,, | 15b   | 2 ,, , 54a 9                   |
|   | 3  | ,, | ,, | 16    | 1 ,, ,, 57c                    |
|   | 1  | ,, | "  | 18a   | 4 ,, ,, 90a 5                  |
|   | 1  | ,, | "  | 18b   | 4 ,, ,, 111c                   |
|   | 2  | ,, | ,, | 19Ь   | 2 ,, ,, 126a                   |
|   | 1  | "  | ,, | 19g   | 3 ,, ,, 187                    |
|   | 5  | ,, | ** | 22    | 1 ,, ,, 188                    |
|   | 1  | ,, | ,, | 23    | 2 ,, ,, 189                    |
|   | 1  | ,, | ,, | 24    | 4 ,, ,, 190                    |
|   | 8  | ,, | ,, | 35    | 2 ,, ,, 200                    |
| 6 | 4  | ,, | ,, | 37    | 1 ,, ,, 212                    |
|   | 6  | ,, | ,, | 37a   | 2 " " 217a                     |
|   |    | 6  |    |       |                                |
|   | W. |    |    | 1     | 4 10                           |
|   |    |    | 30 | 6     |                                |
| ী | 11 | R  | E  |       |                                |
| Ľ | 7) | TA | 0  | 2     |                                |
| 0 | 0  | 1  |    |       | The sides of the cabin ea      |
| 4 | -  | 6, | 9  | 0     | The top of the cabin, which co |

The sides of the cabin each consist of two  $2\frac{v}{2}$  Flexible Plates overlapped one hole. The top of the cabin, which consists of two  $1\frac{u}{6}$  radius Curved Plates, is attached to the sides by means of Obtuse Angle Brackets at each corner as shown.

The hoisting carriage is a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate 7. Bearings for one of the  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rods carrying the 1" Pulley Wheels are provided by the holes in the turned up ends of a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip, and for the other Rod by the holes in a Double Bracket. The Bolt 1 (Fig. 4.9a) secures a Cranked Bent Strip 4 vertically to the underside of the Flanged Plate 7. A 1" Rod passes through the lower holes of the Cranked Bent Strip and is held in position by Spring Clips.

Two Flat Trunnions form the pulley block. They are fastened together at their wide ends by a §" Bolt, which carries a ½" loose Pulley 5 on its shank between the two Flat Trunnions.

The Cord that operates the hoisting carriage 7 is tied at 10. It is then passed round Rod 3, which carries the two 3" Pulleys, and is taken to the Crank Handle 9. The Cord is wound round the Crank Handle several times to enable it to grip the shaft, and finally is tied to the rear end of the carriage. The hoisting cord is tied to Rod 6 fitted with a Bush Wheel, and wound round it several times. It is then taken over the 1" Rod held in the Cranked Bent Strip 4, round Pulley 5, back over the 1" Rod, and tied at 2. Strip 11 is the lever of a band brake, the cord of which passes around a 1 Pulley on Rod 6.

1 of No. 51

2 .. .. 126a 1 " " 176

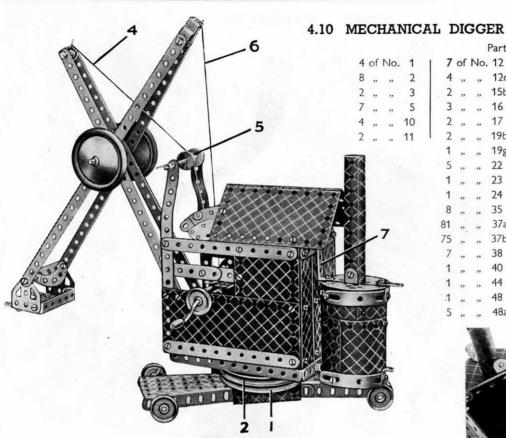
Parts required

7 of No. 12

1 of No. 212

1 " " 213

2 .. .. 214 4 .. .. 215 2 .. .. 217a 2 .. .. 217b



The bogie is constructed from two Flanged Sector Plates, the flanges of which are connected by two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips. A gap of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " is left between the ends of the Plates. A 3" Pulley 1 is then bolted boss down-

wards, to the Flanged Sector Plates by two  $\frac{8}{4}$ " Bolts.

A 2" Rod is locked in the boss of Pulley 1, and on it is placed Pulley 2, boss downward. The base of the cab (Fig. 4.10a) is a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate, which rests on Pulley 2 and is retained on the 2" Rod

by a Road Wheel 3.

The construction of the cab is clear from the illustrations. The boiler comprises a cylinder built up from two  $1\frac{1}{16}$ " radius Curved Plates, a  $4\frac{1}{3}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate, and two  $5\frac{1}{3}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates. The edges of the cylinder are strengthened with Formed Slotted Strips. Semi-Circular Plates are attached to the top of the boiler by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$  \frac{1}{2}" Double Angle Strip. The Chimney is a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$  2\frac{1}{2}" Flexible Plate rolled into a tube and fixed in place by a Double Bracket. The boiler is fastened to the back of the cab by a 1\frac{1}{2}" \times \frac{1}{2}" Double Angle Strip 7 at the top, and by a \frac{2}{4}" Bolt at the bottom, where it is spaced from the cab by three Washers.

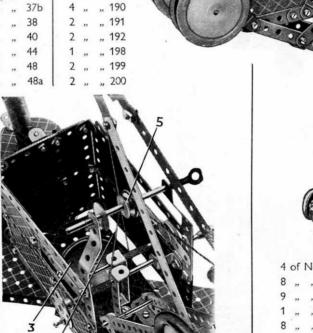
The Cord 4 is taken over the & Pulley 5 and tied to the Double Bracket at the top of the jib. This #" Pulley 5 is clamped loosely between the two #" Discs by two Spring Clips to form a deep-grooved

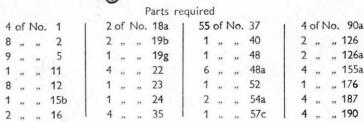
The Cord 6 is wound around the Crank Handle and is tied to the Cranked Bent Strip at the top of the dipper stick.

#### 4.11 HAMMERHEAD CRANE

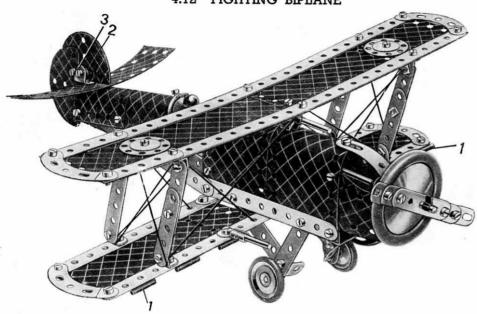
The jib of the crane is bolted to the upper 3" Pulley, and the lower 3" Pulley is bolted to two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips fastened to the narrow ends of the Flanged Sector Plates. A  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod is secured in the boss of the upper Pulley, but is free to rotate in the boss of the lower Pulley. A Bush Wheel fastened to the lower end of the Rod retains the jib in place.

The four Road Wheels are fastened to a 4" Rod that passes through the holes of two Flat Trunnions bolted to the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " small radius Curved Strips.





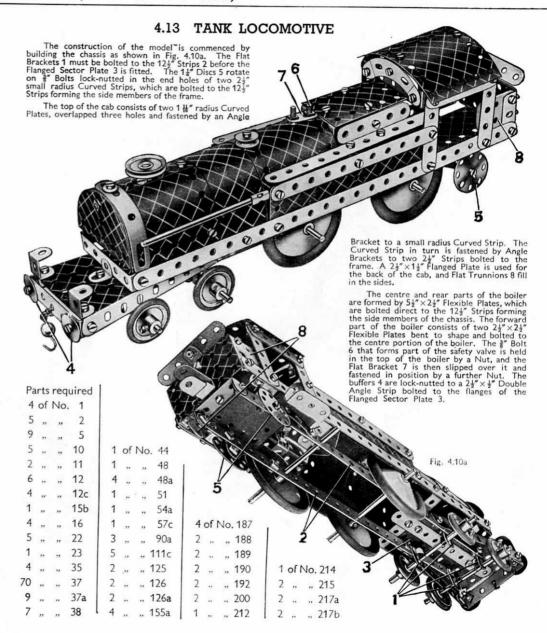
### 4.12 FIGHTING BIPLANE

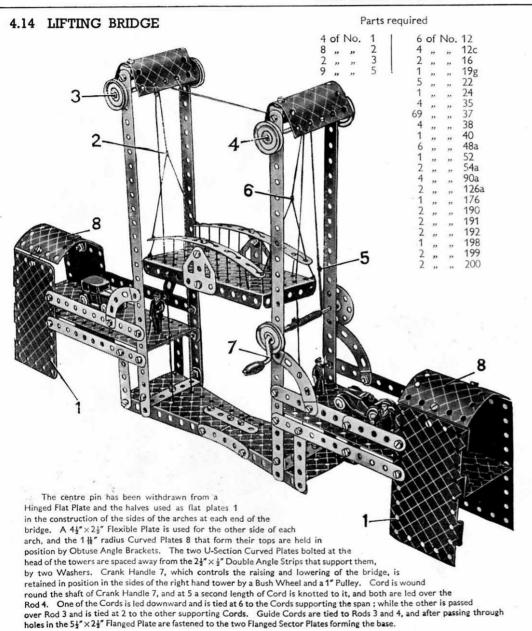


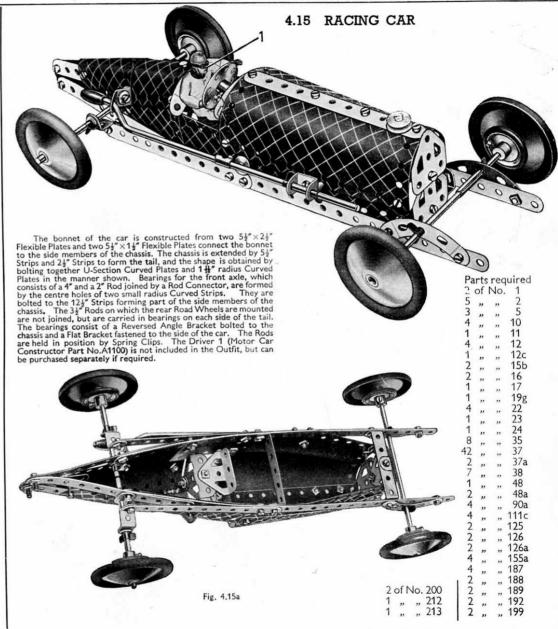
|   |   | Parts req | uired |
|---|---|-----------|-------|
| 6 | 1 | 1 of No.  | 40    |

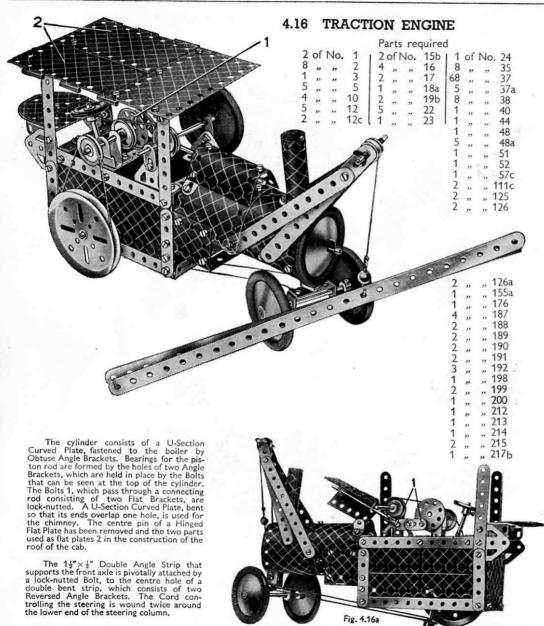
| 4 | of  | No. | 1           | 1  | of | No. | 16  | 1 1 | of N | Vo. | 40   | 1 1 | of N | Vo. | 187 | 1   | 1 ( | of N | lo. | 212          |
|---|-----|-----|-------------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|--------------|
| 6 | ,,  | ,,  | 2           | 2  | ,, | ,,  | 17  | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 48   | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 188 |     | 2   | ,,   | .,  | 214          |
| 2 | ,,  | ,,  | 3           | 1  | "  | ,,  | 18a | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 48a  | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 189 | - 1 |     |      |     | 215          |
| 9 | ,,  | "   | 5           | 4  | ,, | ,,  | 22  | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 90a  | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 190 |     |     |      |     | <b>217</b> a |
| 4 | ,,  | ,,  | 10          | 6  | ,, | ,,  | 35  | 5   | ,,   | ,,  | 111c | 2   | ••   | **  | 191 |     |     |      |     | 217ь         |
| 2 | ,,, | ,,  | 11          | 74 | ,, | ,,  | 37  | 2   | ,,   | "   | 125  | 2   | **   | ,,  | 192 |     |     |      |     |              |
| 8 | ,,  | ,,  | 12          | 1  | 22 | ,,  | 37a | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 126a |     |      |     | 198 |     |     |      |     |              |
| 3 | "   | ,,  | <b>12</b> c | 5  | ,, | ,,  | 38  | 2   |      |     | 155a |     |      |     | 199 |     |     |      |     |              |

The two 3" Formed Slotted Strips that can be seen in the illustration, one forming the top and one the underside of the nose of the plane, are joined end to end by a Bolt through their slotted holes. The Bolt holds also a Reversed Angle Bracket inside the nose, and an Obtuse Angle Bracket, which is outside the nose. The 3½" Rod that forms the propeller shaft passes through the free hole of the Obtuse Angle Bracket, through the unoccupied part of the slots in the 3" Formed Slotted Strips, and through the hole of the Reversed Angle Bracket. The Rod is held in position by Spring Clips. The centre pin of a Hinged Flat Plate has been withdrawn, and the two parts used as flat plates 1, to form part of the lower wing. The Semi-Circular Plate 2 is fastened to the fuselage by means of a Double Bracket 3, and its spaced from the inside of the Bracket by three Washers. Flat Trunnions are used for the sides of the cockpit. The 1"fast Pulleys forming the front and the back of the cockpit are each fastened by a Bolt passing through the top of the U-Section Curved Plates and into the tapped hole of the boss.

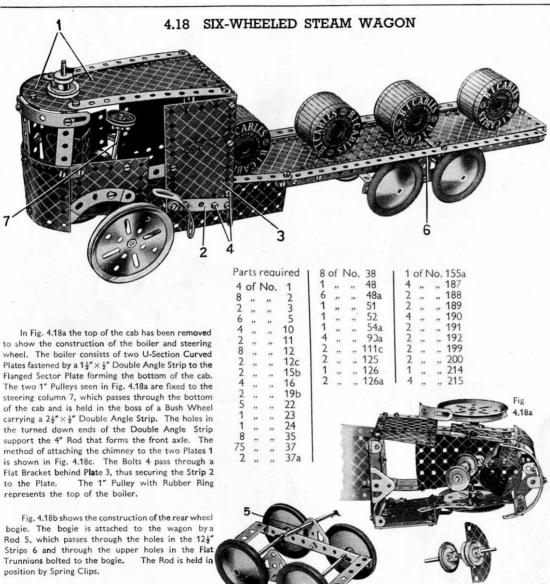


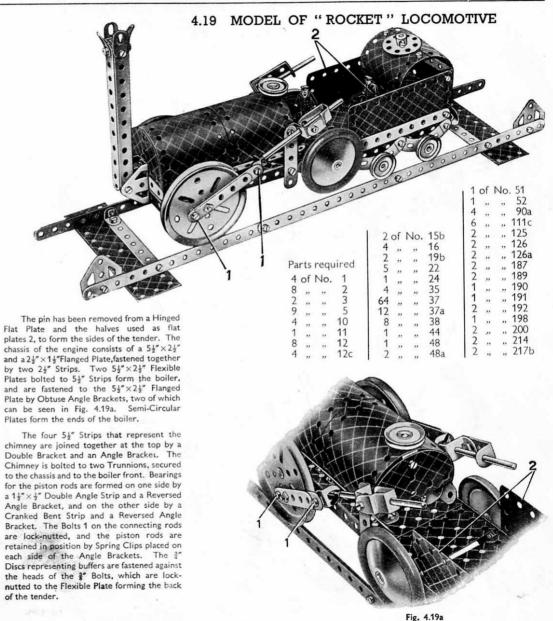






4.17 RIVER GUN-BOAT Each side of the forward part of the ship consists of a  $2\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$  and a  $5\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$  Flexible Plate. These are bolted to the 12½" Strip 1 and to the Flanged Sector Plate 2. The funnel is represented by two U-Section Curved Plates bent so that their ends overlap two holes at each side, and it is fastened to the deck by two Angle Brackets. The forward gun turret, also a Flanged Sector Plate, is fastened to the raised portion of the deck by means of an  $\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}''$ Parts required Angle Bracket. The guns are represented by two 2" Rods, held by Spring Clips in the holes of 4 of No. 1 1 of No. 40 a 1½"×½" Double Angle Strip bolted to the narrow end of the Flanged Sector Plate 2. A 1½" Rod, held by a Spring Clip and a Cord Anchoring Spring in a Trunnion 3, forms the rear gun. The gun in front of the funnel is held in place by a 2" Bolt passed through the centre hole of the Flanged Plate and locked in the boss of the Pulley by the 3" Bolt representing the gun barrel. .. 217a 2 " " 217b Read the "Meccano Magazine," published monthly. Place a regular order with your Meccano dealer or newsagent today.



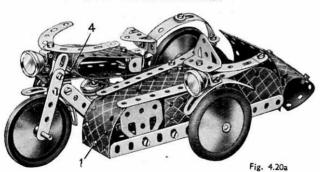


These Models can be built with MECCANO No. 4 Outfit (or No. 3 and No. 3a Outfits)

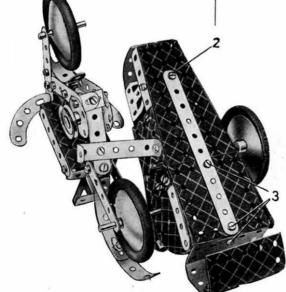
The  $5\frac{1}{2}''\times1\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flexible Plate that forms the front of the sidecar is bolted at 1 to a  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times\frac{1}{2}''$  Double Angle Strip, which is fastened by Bolt 2 to the  $4\frac{1}{2}$  Flanged Sector Plate forming the bottom of the sidecar. The Bolts 3 pass through the Flexible Plates and also through a  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times\frac{1}{2}''$  Double Angle

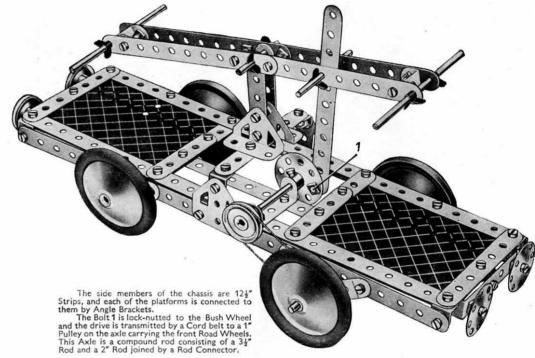
pass through the Header consists of two 1" Pulleys mounted on a 2" Rod, one end of which is journalled in the Strip 4 that forms the top of the frame. The other end of the Rod is held between the two Bolts that fasten the 14"

The model is fitted with two Spotlights taken from a Meccano Lighting Set. These are fastened by the Angle Brackets supplied with the Lighting Set, to the handlebars and sidecar mudguard. The battery for supplying current for the Spotlights can be concealed in the sidecar.



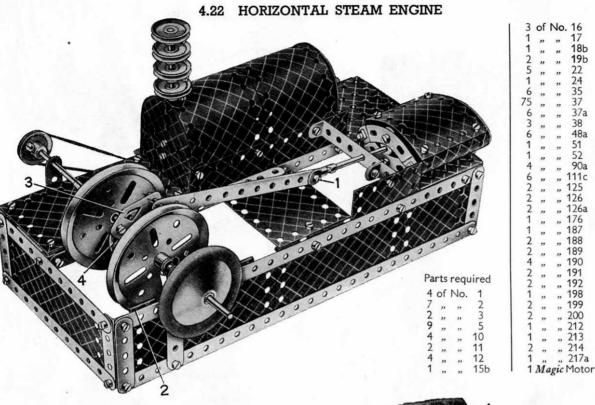
|                            |      |     | Part        | ts re | equ | ire         | d   |      |             |  |
|----------------------------|------|-----|-------------|-------|-----|-------------|-----|------|-------------|--|
| 5                          | of   | No. | 2           |       | 1   | 1           | of  | No   | . 54a       |  |
| 1<br>8<br>5<br>2<br>8      | ,,   | ,,  | 2<br>3<br>5 |       |     | 4           | ,,  | ,,   | 90a         |  |
| 8                          | ,,   | ,,  |             |       | 1   | 1           | ,,  | ,,   | 111c        |  |
| 5                          | ,,   | ,,  | 10          |       |     | 1           | ,,  | ,,   | 125         |  |
| 2                          | ,,   | ,,  | 11          |       |     | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 126         |  |
|                            | ,,   | 22  | 12          |       | 1   | 1 2 2 3 2 2 | .,  | ,,   | 126a        |  |
| 1                          | ,,   | .,, | 12c         |       | 1   | 3           | ,,  | ,,   | 187         |  |
| 1<br>1<br>2<br>1<br>3<br>1 | . ,, | **  | 16          |       |     | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 188         |  |
| 2                          | ,,   | **  | 17          |       |     | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 189         |  |
| 1                          |      | 22  | 18a         |       | 1   | 1           | ,,  | ,,   | 190         |  |
| 3                          | ,,   | ,,, | 22          |       | l   | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 199         |  |
| 1                          | ,,   | ,,  | 35          |       |     | 1           | ,,  | ,,   | 200         |  |
| 51                         | ,,   | **  | 37          |       |     | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 214         |  |
| 2                          | "    | ,,  | 38          |       |     | 4           | ,,  | .,,  | 215         |  |
| 1                          | 22   | 25  | 48          |       |     | 2           | ,,  | ,,   | 217a        |  |
| 51<br>2<br>1<br>3          | "    | "   | 48a         |       |     | Li<br>(I    | Vot | incl | Set<br>uded |  |
|                            |      |     |             |       | 1   |             | in  | Out  | tfit)       |  |





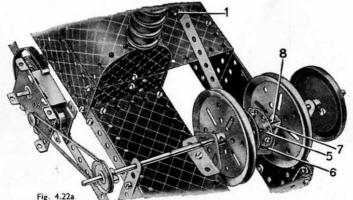
#### Parts required

| 4 | of                         | No.  | 1                                   | 1 2   | of  | No.  | 18a   | 4   | of      | No      | . 90a   |
|---|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|---------|---------|---------|
| 6 | ,,                         | ,,   | 2                                   | 4   | ,,  | ,,   | 22  | 4   | ,,      | ,,      | 111c    |
| 2 | ,,                         | ,,   | 3                                   | 1   | ,,  | 200  | 24  | 2   | ,,      | ,,      | 126     |
| 8 | ,,                         | ,,   | 5                                   | 8   | ,,,   | "  | 35  | 2   | ,,      | ,,      | 126a    |
| 2 | ,,                         | ,,   | 11                                  | 54  | ,,  | ,,   | 37  | 4   | ,,      | .,      | 187     |
| 8 | ,,                         | ,,   | 12                                  | 7   | ,,  | ,,   | 37a   | 4   | ,,      | ,,      | 190     |
| 1 | ,,                         | ,,   | 15b                                 | 2   | ,,  | ,,   | 38  | 2   | ,,      | ,,      | 191     |
| 3 | ,,                         | ,,   | 16                                  | 1   | ,,  | ,,   | 48  | 1   | ,,      | ,,      | 213     |
| 2 | ,,                         | ,,   | 17                                  | 2   | ,,  | ,,   | 48a   | 2   | ,,      | **      | 217a    |
|   | 6<br>2<br>8<br>2<br>8<br>1 | 6 ",<br>2 ",<br>8 ",<br>2 ",<br>8 ",<br>1 ", | 6 " " 2 " " 8 " " 2 " " 1 " " 3 " " | 2 " " 3<br>8 " " 5<br>2 " " 11<br>8 " " 12<br>1 " " 15b<br>3 " " 16 | 6 " " 2 4<br>2 " " 3 1<br>8 " " 5 8<br>2 " " 11 54<br>8 " " 12 7<br>1 " " 15b 2<br>3 " " 16 1 | 6 " " 2   4 "   2 " " 3   1 "   3   8 " " 5   8 "   2 " " 11   54 "   8 " " 12   7 "   1 " " 15b   2 "   3 " " 16   1 "   3 "   17   3 "   3 "   16   1 "   3 "   3 "   17   3 "   3 "   17   3 "   3 "   17   3 "   3 "   17   3 "   3 "   18   18   18   18   18   18   18 | 6 " " 2 4 " " 2 " " 3 1 " " 8 " 5 8 " " 2 " " 11 54 " " 8 " 12 7 " " 1 " 15b 2 " " 3 " 16 1 " " | 6 " " 2 4 " " 22<br>2 " " 3 1 " " 24<br>8 " " 5 8 " 35<br>2 " " 11 54 " 37<br>8 " " 12 7 " 37a<br>1 " " 15b 2 " 38<br>3 " " 16 1 " 48 | 6 " " 2 | 6 " " 2 | 6 " " 2 |

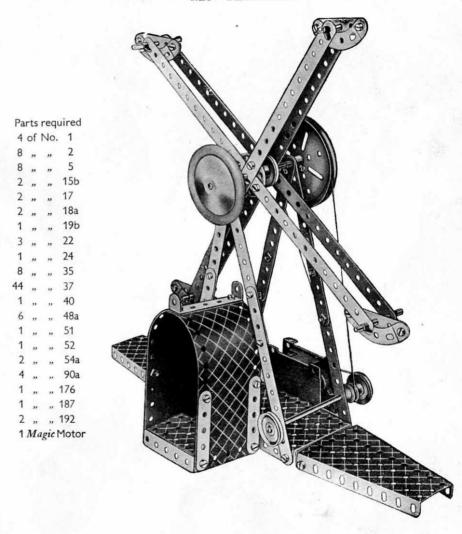


The Bolt 1 is lock-nutted. The centre pin is withdrawn from a Hinged Flat Plate and the two halves used as flat plates at 2. The Flat Trunnion 3 is bolted to Bush Wheel 4 and forms one web of the crank. The Bush Wheel is fastened to a 2" Rod, which carries also a 3" Pulley, and a Rod Connector joins this Rod to a 3\frac{1}{2}" Rod that transmits the drive from the Magic Motor. The other web of the crank is made by bolting a 1\frac{1}{2}" Disc 5 to a Flat Trunnion 6, one of the bolts holding also a Reversed Angle Bracket 7. A Spring Clip 8 is fixed in position so that when the crankshaft is rotated the Rod on which the 3" Pulley and the Road Wheel are fastened is rotated by the Reversed Angle Bracket 7. The cylinder is composed of two 1\frac{1}{1}" radius Curved Plates and two U-Section Curved Plates bolted together as shown, and the complete unit is fastened in position to the 5\frac{1}{2}" X 2\frac{1}{2}" Flanged Plate that forms the base.

The boiler consists of two  $5\frac{1}{2}^{\infty} \times 2\frac{1}{2}^{\infty}$  Flexible Plates bolted to  $5\frac{1}{2}^{\infty} \times 1\frac{1}{2}^{\infty}$  Flexible Plates, and its ends are closed by Semi-circular Plates and  $2\frac{1}{2}^{\infty} \times 1\frac{1}{2}^{\infty}$  Flexible Plates. The fire-box door is represented by a Trunnion. The chimney is a  $4^{\infty}$  Rod fitted with  $1^{\infty}$  Pulleys, and is held in place by a Cord Anchoring Spring. Fig. 4.22a shows the arrangement for driving the model with a Magie Notor.



#### 4.23 FLYBOATS



The Magic Motor is bolted to the flange of the  $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flanged Plate, and the drive is taken from the pulley of the Motor to a 1" Pulley fastened on a Rod journalled in the  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips that support the main shaft. A  $\frac{1}{2}''$  fast Pulley also is secured on this Rod, and drives through a belt of Cord a 3" Pulley on the main shaft. The arms that support the boats are bolted to a Bush Wheel fastened on the main shaft. Each of the boats consists of a  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip and a  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  small radius Curved Strip bolted together.

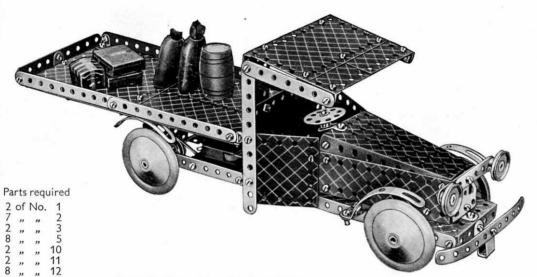
22 24

" 189

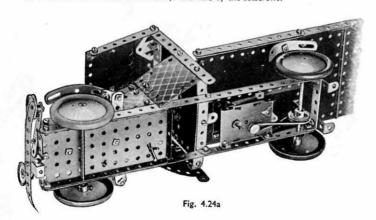
4 " " 215 1 *Magic* Motor

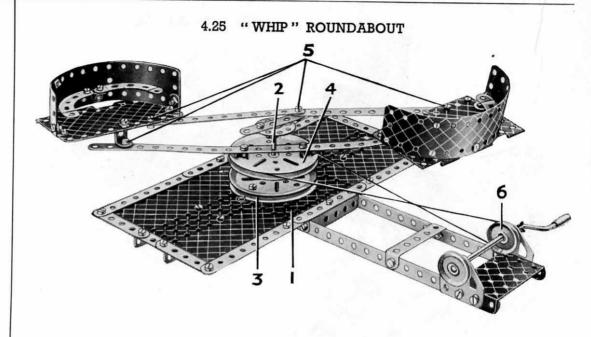
190 " 191

#### 4.24 MOTOR LORRY



The chassis of the model consists of two  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips bolted to a  $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$  Flanged Plate and secured at their free ends by a  $2\frac{1}{2}' \times \frac{1}{2}''$  Double Angle Strip. Both the front and rear axles are journalled directly in the chassis. The Magic Motor is attached by its flanges to one of the  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips, and the drive is taken through a Driving Band from the pulley of the Motor to a 1" fast Pulley fastened on the back axle of the lorry. The platform is fixed to the end of the chassis by two  $2\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}''$  Double Angle Strips, the ends of which can be seen in Fig. 4.24a and also to the back of the cab by a  $1\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{4}''$  Double Angle Strip. The front bumper consists of a  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip curved to shape and fastened by a Cranked Bent Strip to the  $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flanged Plate forming the form of the chassis. The head lamps, which are 1" Pulleys, are fixed in place by  $\frac{3}{8}'''$  Bolts pushed through the  $2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Strips into the bosses of the Pulleys and held by the setscrews.





#### Parts required

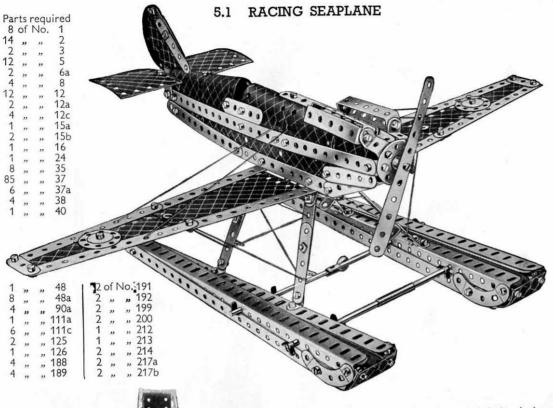
|    |    |     |     |      | 90110  |     |     |      |  |
|----|----|-----|-----|------|--------|-----|-----|------|--|
| 3  | of | No. | 1   | 1    | 52     | off | Vo. | 37b  |  |
| 7  | ,, | ,,  | 2   | - 1  | 8      | ,,  | ,,  | 38   |  |
| 2  | "  | ,,  | 3   |      | 1      | ,,  | ,,  | 40   |  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 5   |      | 1      | ,,  | ,,  | 48a  |  |
| 4  | "  | ,,  | 10  |      | 1      | ,,  | ,,  | 51   |  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,, | 11  |      | 1      | ,,  | ,,  | 52   |  |
| 6  | "  | ,,  | 12  |      | 2      | ,,  | ,,  | 54a  |  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 17  |      | 4      | ,,  | ,,  | 90a  |  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 19b |      | 6      | ,,  | ,,  | 111c |  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 19g |      | 2      | ,,  | "   | 126a |  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 22  |      | 2      | ,,  | "   | 188  |  |
| 1  | "  | ,,  | 24  |      | 2      | ,,  | ,,  | 189  |  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 35  |      | 2      | ,,  | "   | 191  |  |
| 65 | ,, | ,,  | 37a | - (  | 2      | ,,  | "   | 192  |  |
|    |    |     | 1   | of N | 0. 198 | 3   |     |      |  |

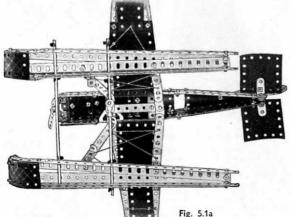
The base of the model is formed by a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate 1 extended on each side by a Flanged Sector Plate, a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " and a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate. The edges of the base are strengthened with Strips. Two 12½" Strips are bolted to the flanges of Plate 1 and their ends are connected by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate. Two Flat Trunnions provide bearings for a Small Crank Handle.

A 3" Pulley 3 is bolted to Flanged Plate 1 and in its boss is fixed a 2" Rod 2. A second 3" Pulley 4 is spaced from Pulley 3 by a Spring Clip and is free to turn on Rod 2. Across its face is bolted a 12½" Strip, the Strip being spaced from the Pulley by a Spring Clip and two Washers placed on the shank of each securing Bolt.

A Bush Wheel fitted with a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip is secured on Rod 2 in the position shown, the end of the Strip being connected to the cars by  $5\frac{1}{2}$  Strips. All the Bolts 5 are lock-nutted.

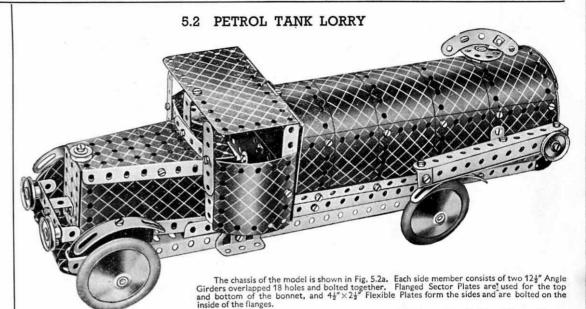
The 1" Pulley 6 mounted on the Crank Handle, drives Pulley 4 through a belt of Cord.





A 2½"×1½" Flexible Plate is bolted to Angle Brackets underneath the nose, but it is removed in Fig. 5.1a to show the construction of the fuselage. The rudder is bolted to a 3½" Strip, which is held upright between four spacing Washers (two on each side) on the 1" Bolt that holds the 121" Strips together at the tail.

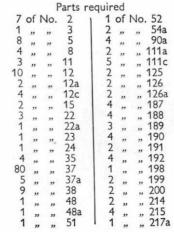
The leading edge of the wing is fastened to the fuselage by a Trunnion, and the trailing edge is fixed to a 1½" × ½" Double Angle Strip that spaces the underside of the fuselage. The floats are attached by Obtuse Angle Brackets bolted to the wings. The front tie rod of the floats is made up of two 4" Rods joined by a Rod Connector, and the rear tie rod consists of a 4½" Rod and a 3½" Rod joined by a Rod and Strip Connector. A 121" Strip is bolted between the two 124" Angle Girders that form the top of each float.

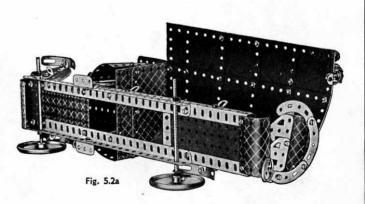


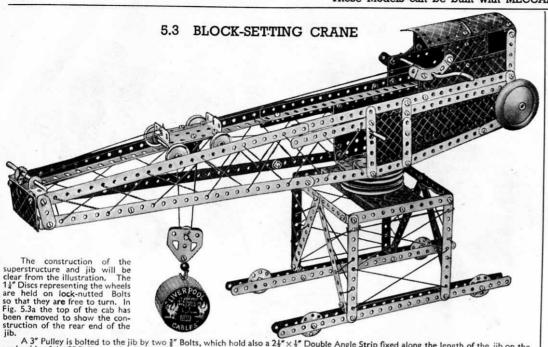
The steering wheel is a 14" Disc carried on a Bolt lock-nutted to the Flanged Sector Plate.

The roof and back of the cab consist of a Hinged Flat Plate and two  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times 1\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flexible Plates overlapped one hole. The cab is fastened to the chassis by Angle Brackets, and to the bonnet by the  $1\frac{1}{2}''\times\frac{1}{2}'''$  Double Angle Strip that forms the central division of the windscreen.

In Fig. 5.2a the tank is opened out to show its construction. The top of the tank consists of four  $5\frac{1}{2}$  ×  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Flexible Plates and a  $5\frac{1}{2}$  ×  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Flexible Plate. It is extended on the rear side by two  $5\frac{1}{2}$  ×  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Flexible Plates, and  $12\frac{1}{2}$  Strips are bolted to each longitudinal edge. The complete tank is attached to the Angle Girders by four Obtuse Angle Brackets. The tank filler cap is a Bush Wheel fitted with a  $2\frac{1}{2}$  small radius Curved Strip, and is fastened to the shank of the  $\frac{1}{2}$  Bolt at the top of the tank.







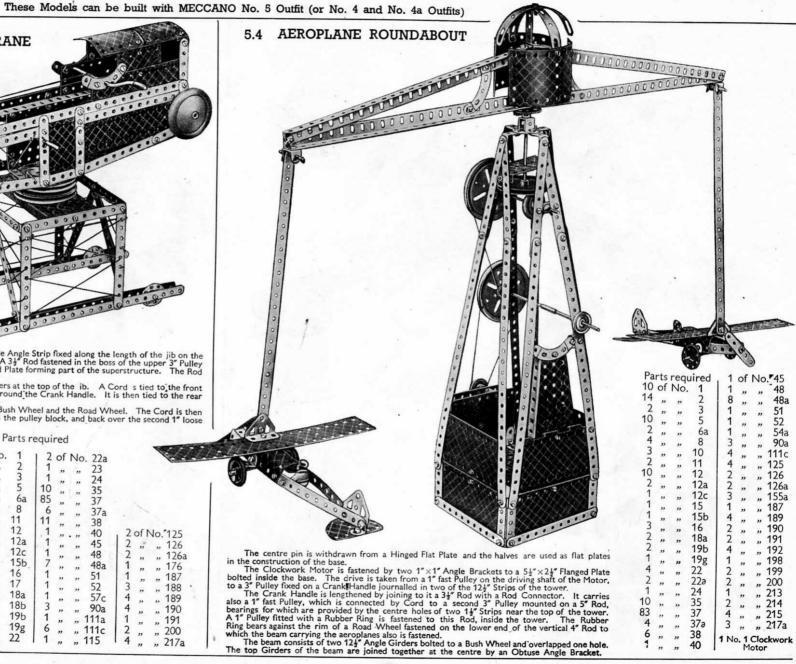
A 3" Pulley is bolted to the jib by two \(\frac{3}{6}\)" Bolts, which hold also a \(2\frac{1}{2}"\times\frac{1}{2}"\) Double Angle Strip fixed along the length of the jib on the underside of the 3" Pulley, so that its ends form a bearing between the two Pulleys. A \(3\frac{1}{2}\)" Rod fastened in the boss of the upper 3" Pulley passes through the boss of the lower 3" Pulley, which is bolted to a \(5\frac{1}{2}"\times\frac{1}{2}"\) Flanged Plate forming part of the superstructure. The Rod is retained in position below the Flanged Plate as shown in Fig. 5.3h

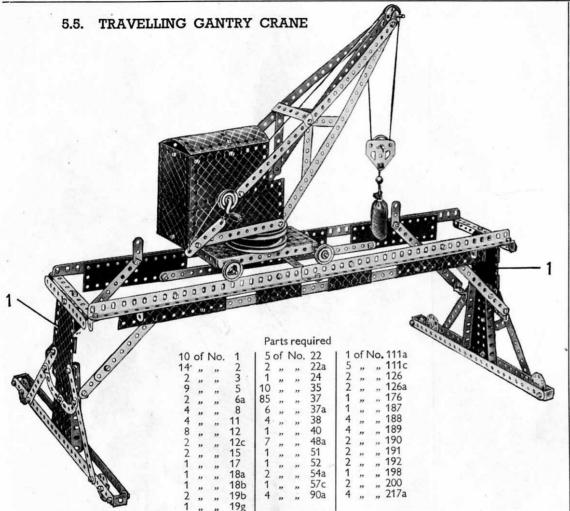
retained in position below the Flanged Plate as shown in Fig. 5.3b.

The hoisting carriage is shown in Fig. 5.3c; it runs on rails formed by Angle Girders at the top of the ib. A Cord s tied to the rend of the carriage, and is taken over a 3½ Rod at the jib head and wound six times around the Crank Handle. It is then tied to the rear

A second Cord is tied to a Cord Anchoring Spring on the  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod carrying the Bush Wheel and the Road Wheel. The Cord is then led around one of the 1" loose Pulleys in the carriage around the  $\frac{1}{2}$ " loose Pulley in the pulley block, and back over the second 1" loose Pulley. Finally it is tied to the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate at the jib head.

| The state of the L2 x 12 Thexible Flate at the jib head. |                                |   |
|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Fig. 5.3a  | Parts required                 |   |
| Fig. 5.3c  | 10 of No. 1   2 of No. 22a   1 | 25<br>126<br>226a<br>76<br>87<br>88<br>99<br>90<br>91 |
| - 18.555   | 5 22 4 "" " "                  | 17a   |





The pin has been withdrawn from a Hinged Flat Plate and the halves are used as flat plates 1 in the construction of the supports for the gantry. Four 1½" Discs are fastened to the 12½" Strips by lock-nutted Bolts, so that the gantry can travel along the ground. Each of the rails along which the craile runs consists of two 12½" Angle Girders, overlapped three holes and joined across by 5½" Strips. Trunnions connect the rails to the supports.

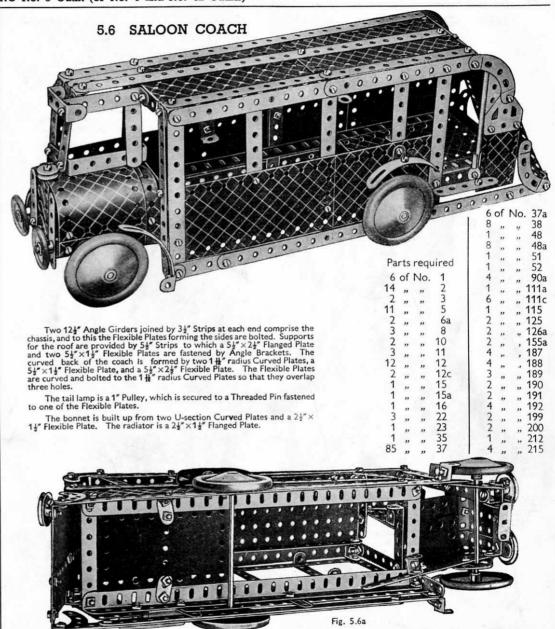
Strips. Trunnions connect the rails to the supports.

A 5½ × 2½ Flanged Plate fitted with a 3" Pulley forms the base of the crane, and the 1" Pulleys are fastened on 5" Rods journalled in the end holes of the Flanged Plate.

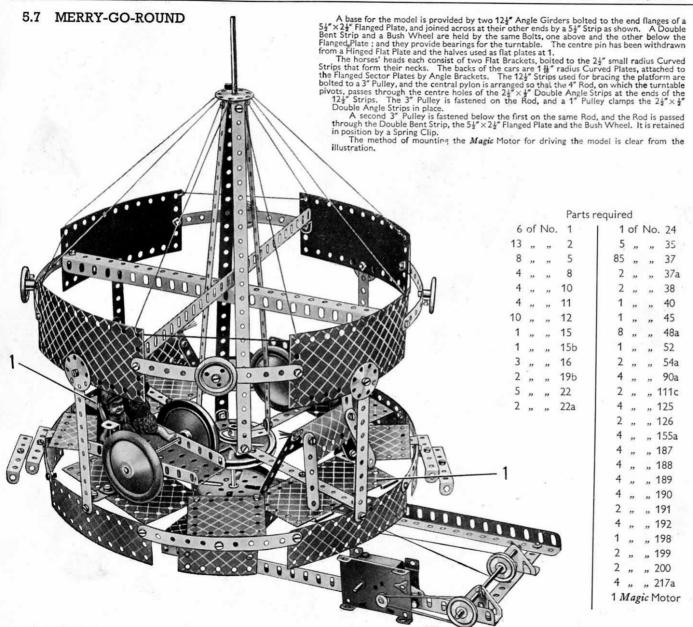
The cab of the transconsists of Flexible Plates fastened together by  $2\frac{1}{2}^{\prime\prime} \times \frac{1}{2}^{\prime\prime}$  Double Angle Strips, and a Crank Handle fitted with a 1" Pulley and a Road Wheel is passed through the sides. The Bolts that hold the lower 12½" Strips of the jib carry also a  $2\frac{1}{2}^{\prime\prime} \times 1\frac{1}{2}^{\prime\prime}$  Flanged Plate that has a second 3" Pulley fixed to it. A 2" Rod in the boss of this Pulley passes through the lower Pulley and Flanged Plates, and is retained in position beneath it by a Bush Wheel.

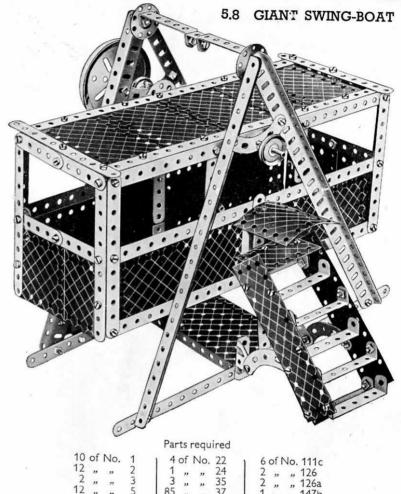
retained in position beneath it by a Bush Wheel.

A Cord is tied to a Cord Anchoring Spring on the shaft of a Crank Handle, and after passing over the 1" loose Pulleys at the jib head and in the pulley block, is fastened to the jib as shown.



## These Models can be built with MECCANO No. 5 Outfit (or No. 4 and No. 4a Outfits)





|                   |     |     |                  | Par          | ts | requ | ired |   |               |      |     |      |
|-------------------|-----|-----|------------------|--------------|----|------|------|---|---------------|------|-----|------|
| 10                | of  | No. |                  | 1 4          | of | No.  | 22   | 1 | 6             | of N | Vo. | 111c |
| 12                | "   | ,,, | 2<br>3<br>5<br>8 | 1            | ,, | ,,   | 24   |   |               | ,,   | ,,  | 126  |
| 2<br>12           | ,,, | ,,, | 3                | 1<br>3<br>85 | ,, | ,,   | 35   |   | 2             | ,,   | ,,  | 126a |
|                   | ,,  | "   | 5                |              | ,, | ,,   | 37   |   | 1             | ,,   | ,,  | 147b |
| 4                 | "   | "   |                  | 6            | ,, | ,,   | 37a  |   | 3             | ,,   | ,,  | 188  |
| 4                 | "   | "   | 11               | 6            | ,, | ,,   | 38   |   | 2             | ,,   | ,,  | 189  |
| 0                 | **  | ,,, | 12               | 1            | ,, | ,,   | 45   |   | 1 3 2 4 2 4 1 | ,,   | ,,  | 190  |
| 1                 | "   | "   | 12a              | 8            | ,, | 99   | 48a  |   | 2             | ,,   | ,,  | 191  |
| 1                 | "   | "   | 15               | 1 1          | ,, | "    | 51   |   | 4             | ,,   | ,,  | 192  |
| 1                 | "   | "   | 16               | 1 1          | ,, | ,,   | 52   | 1 |               | "    | ,,  | 198  |
| 2                 | "   | 22  | 17<br>19b        | 2 4          | ,, | "    | 54a  | - | 1             | ,,   | ,,  | 200  |
| 4 4 6 2 1 1 1 2 1 | "   | "   |                  | 1 4          | "  | "    | 90a  | 1 | 1             | ,,   | ,,  | 213  |
|                   | "   | "   | 19g              | ) 1          | 27 | "    | 111a | ı | 2             | "    | "   | 217a |
|                   |     |     |                  | 1 M          | ag | ic M | otor |   | 72            |      |     |      |

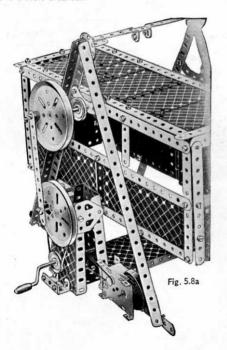
#### 5.8 GIANT SWING-BOAT-continued

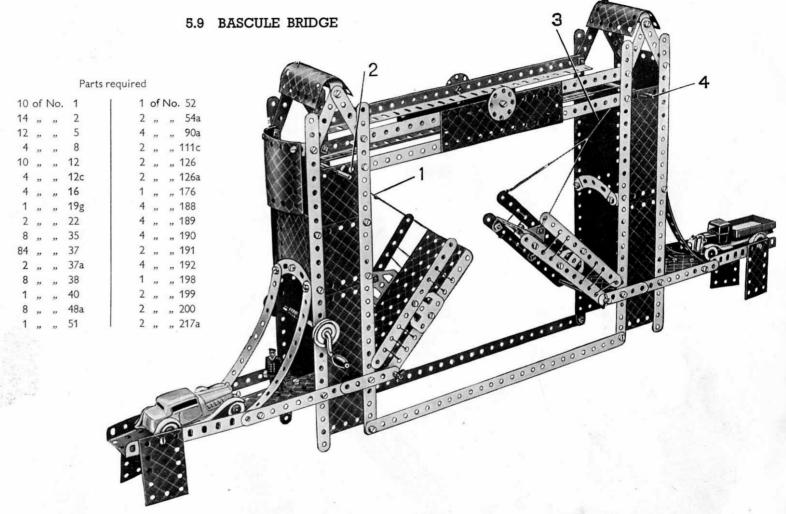
The main supports for the swing-boat are formed by  $12\frac{1}{2}$ \* Angle Girders, which are bolted to a base made by fastening two  $12\frac{1}{2}$ \* Strips to a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ \*  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ \* Flanged Plate. The steps are supported by two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " small radius Curved Strips, bolted to the sides of the staircase and to two Trunnions fastened to the base. The platform at the top consists of a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ \*  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ \* Flexible Plate held in position by two 1\*  $\times 1$ \* Angle Brackets.

The 1 1 1 m radius Curved Plate is fastened to a Double Bent Strip bolted to one end of a 5 1 m Strip, the other end of which is fastened to the base.

The swing-boat is pivoted on a compound rod consisting of a 5" Rod and a 4" Rod joined by a Rod Connector. The compound rod is held in the boss of a Bush Wheel bolted to the side of the swing-boat.

The Magic Motor is bolted direct to the base. The drive is taken by a Driving Band from the small pulley of the Motor to a "Pulley on the shaft of a 3½" Crank Handle journalled it, holes in two Flanged Sector Plates. A second 1" Pulley on the Crank Handle is connected by a Driving Band to a \*" Pulley on a 2" Rod journalled in the Flanged Sector Plates. A 5½" Strip is attached to a Pivot Bolt, and its other end is pivoted on a Bolt lock-nutted to the top 3" Pulley. The two Flanged Sector Plates are bolted at the bottom to a 2½" ×1½" Flanged Plate and to two Double Brackets.





The centre pin has been withdrawn from a Hinged Flat Plate, and one of the halves is used in the construction of the side of one of the towers. Each of the main towers consists of four  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips to which are bolted Flexible Plates as shown. The  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips are braced across by the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips that support the approach roadway, the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " small radius Curved Strips, and a further Double Angle Strip at the top of the tower. The U-Section Curved Plates are spaced from the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips by three Washers. The two towers are joined across at the top by four Angle Girders, and at the bottom by two  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips.

Four  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips form bearings for the  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rods on which the halves of the span are pivoted. The left-hand half is a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate fitted with Flat Trunnions and  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips as shown. The other half of the span is a part of the Hinged Flat Plate, and is connected to two  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strip and Angle Brackets.

The halves of the span are raised and lowered by turning a Crank Handle journalled in the sides of the left-hand tower. Cord 1 passes over Rod 2 and is fastened to a Cord Anchoring Spring on the Crank Handle. Cord 3 passes over Rod 4 and around Rod 2, and is then knotted to Cord 1 inside the tower.

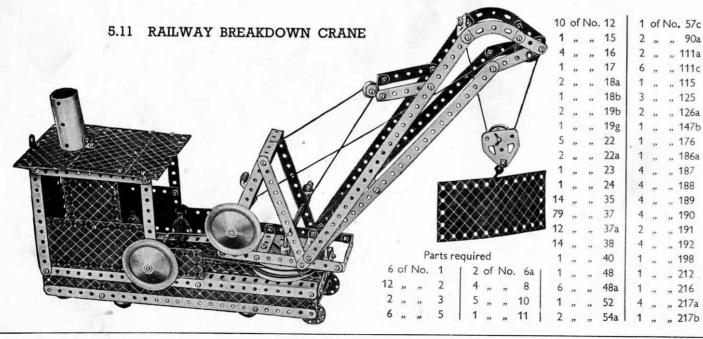
Each side of the vessel which are joined at the for stern to a 4½ × 2½ Flexible shown in Fig. 5.10a. It is a Girders forming the sides of the vessel which are joined at the for stern to a 4½ × 2½ Flexible shown in Fig. 5.10a. It is a Girders forming the sides of the vessel which are joined at the for stern to a 4½ × 2½ Flexible shown in Fig. 5.10a. It is a Girders forming the sides of the vessel which are joined at the for stern to a 4½ × 2½ Flexible shown in Fig. 5.10a. It is a Girders forming the sides of the vessel which are joined at the for stern to a 4½ × 2½ Flexible shown in Fig. 5.10a.

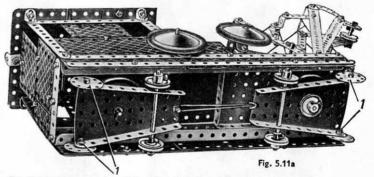
Each side of the vessel consists of three  $12\frac{1}{4}$ " Strips and two Angle Girders, which are joined at the forward end to a  $5\frac{1}{4}$ " ×  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Flexible Plate, and at the stern to a  $4\frac{1}{4}$ " ×  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " Flexible Plate. The deck of the model is constructed as shown in Fig. 5.10a. It is secured to Strips bolted between two of the Angle Girders forming the sides of the ship.

The sides of the cabin behind the bridge are attached by a 2½" x ½" Double Angle Strip and Flat Brackets to the two Angle Girders in the sides of the ship. The back of the cabin is completed with 2½" x ½" Double Angle Strips. The back of the wheelhouse, a 2½" x 2½" flexible Plate, is bolted to the 5½" x 2½" flanged Plate, the Bolts holding also Angle Brackets and 2½" Strips. The front of the wheelhouse is a 2½" x 1½" flexible Plate, which is held in position by two Angle Brackets.

The funnel, a  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Cylinder, is fastened to the top of the cabin by an Angle Bracket.

|    |    |     |      |    |    | Pa | rts re | quire | be |        |     |    |        |
|----|----|-----|------|----|----|----|--------|-------|----|--------|-----|----|--------|
| 7  | of | No. | 1    | 1  | of | No | . 15a  | 1     | of | No. 48 | 1 1 | of | No.176 |
| 8  | "  | ,,  | 2    | 2  | ,, | ,, | 15b    | 5     | ,, | " 48a  | 4   | ,, | ,, 188 |
| 9  | ,, | ,,  | 3    | 1  | ,, | ,, | 16     | 1     | ,, | ., 51  | - 3 | ,, | " 189  |
| 9  | ,, | ,,  | 5    | 2  | ,, | ,, | 17     | 1     | ,, | " 52   | 4   | ,, | " 190  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 6a   | 4  | ,, | ,, | 22     | 2     | ,, | " 54a  | 2   | ,, | " 191  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 8    | 2  | ,, | ,, | 22a    | 1     | ,, | " 57c  | 3   | ,, | " 192  |
| 5  | ,, | 29  | 10 . | 1  | ,, | ,, | 24     | 2     | ,, | " 111a | 2   | "  | 199    |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 11   | 14 | ,, | ,, | -35    | 6     | ,, | " 111c | 1   | ,, | " 212  |
| 10 | ,, | "   | 12   | 85 | ,, | ,, | 37     | 2     | ,, | ,, 125 | 1   | ,, | " 213  |
| 2  | "  | ,,, | 12a  | 6  | ,, | ,, | 37a    | 2     | ,, | " 126  | 1   | ,, | ., 216 |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 12c  | 1  | ,, | ,, | 40     | 2     | ,, | " 126a | 1   | ,, | 217a   |
| 1  | "  | "   | 15   | 1  | ,, | ,, | 44     | 2     | ,, | " 155a |     |    | **     |



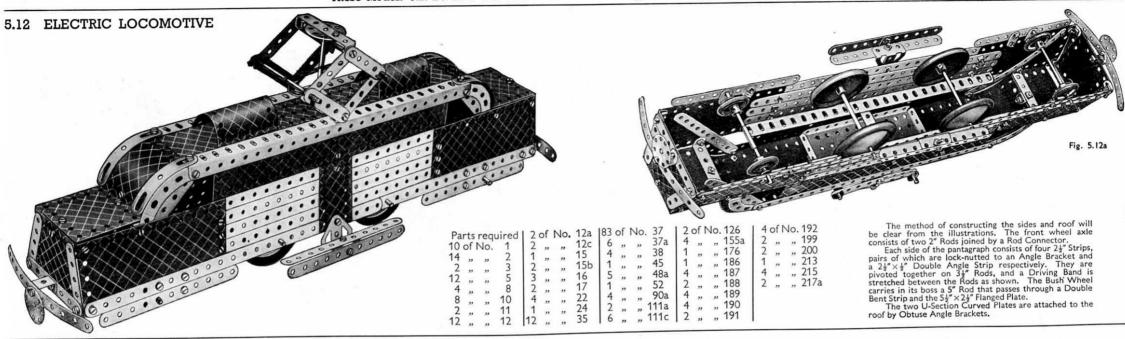


The chassis of the model consists of two U-section girders, built up from Angle Girders and joined at each end by  $3\frac{\pi}{2}$ " Strips and Angle Brackets. A  $5\frac{\pi}{2}$ " Flanged Plate and a  $5\frac{\pi}{2}$ "  $2\frac{\pi}{2}$ " Flexible Plate, overlapping one hole, are attached to the Angle Girders by Flat Brackets. The framework on which the jib is pivoted is fastened to a 3" Pulley by two  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ " Bolts, which have two Washers on their shanks for spacing purposes. The  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ " Bolts on which the jib luffs are lock-nutted.

The 3" Pulley on the jib swivels on a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod passed through its boss, and is held in place by a Cord Anchoring Spring.

The front bogie (Fig. 5.11a) pivots on the 3½" Rod and is held between a Road Wheel and a 1" Pulley as shown. The rear bogie is similarly pivoted on a 2" Rod, bearings for which are provided by the 5½" × 2½" Flexible Plate and two 2½" Strips overlapped three holes. The bogies are connected by a Driving Band, and the Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. Luffing of the jib is controlled by the built-up crank handle, consisting of a Double Bracket fitted with an Angle Bracket that carries a Pivot Bolt. The Bolt holding the Angle Bracket clamps the Double Bracket to the Rod.

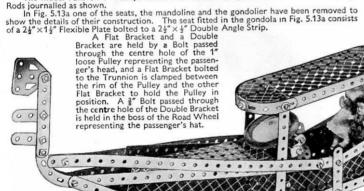
", 217a Hoisting is controlled by the Crank Handle, and the slewing movement is carried out by a belt of Cord passed around the upper 3" Pulley at the base of the jib and then wound several times around the Rod journalled in the sides of the cab.



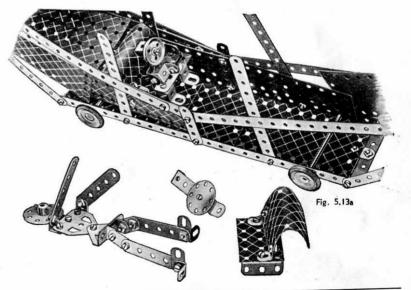
### 5.13 GONDOLA

The bottom of the gondola consists of a framework of two 12½" Angle Girders, joined across at each end by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip and Angle Brackets. A  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip is bolted in the centre hole of each of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips, and this supports the Flexible Plates that fill in the bottom

The model runs on 1" Pulleys fitted with Rubber Rings, which are mounted on 31" Rods journalled as shown.



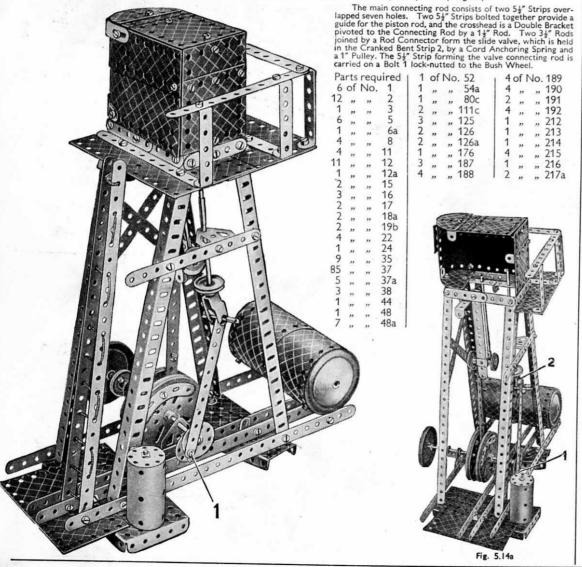
| Par   | rts  | requ | uired   |   |     |     |                   |
|---|------|------|---|---|-----|-----|-------------------|
| 7   | of I | No.  | 1   |   |     |     |                   |
| 7 14 2 2 2 2 7 3 5 5 1 4 4 2 1 4 1 1 2 85 6 6 6 1 1 3 | ,,   | ,,   | 1<br>2<br>3<br>5<br>6a<br>8   |   |     |     |                   |
| 2   | ,,   | ,,   | 3   |   | c 1 | 1-  | E4                |
| 12  | "    | ,,,  | 5   | 10                                      | ) 1 | ٧٥. | 51                |
| 2   | ,,   | ,,   | 6a  | 1 1 2 4 6 1 3 2 2 4 1 1 4 1 2 4 2 2 4 1 | "   | "   | 52<br>54a         |
| 2   | **   | ,,   | 8   | 2                                       | "   | "   | 274               |
| 7   | ,,   | ,,   | 10  | 4                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 90a               |
| 3   | ,,,  | ,,   | 11  | 6                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 111c              |
| 5   | ,,   | ,,   | 12  | 1                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 115               |
| 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 12a   | 3                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 125<br>126        |
| 4   | ,,   | ,,   | 12c   | 2                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 126               |
| 2   | ,,   | ,,   | 16  | 2                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 126a              |
| 1   | ,,   | "    | 10<br>11<br>12<br>12a<br>12c<br>16<br>18a<br>22<br>22a<br>24<br>35<br>37<br>37a<br>38<br>44<br>48 | 4                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 155a              |
| 4   |      | ,,   | 22  | 1                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 187               |
| 1   | "    |      | 22a   | 1                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 188               |
| 1   | ,,   | "    | 24  | 4                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 189<br>190        |
| 2   | "    | "    | 35  | 1                                       |     | ,,  | 190               |
| 2   | "    | "    | 27  | 2                                       | "   |     | 191               |
| 85  | ,,   | "    | 3/  | 4                                       | ,,  | "   | 102               |
| 6   | ,,   | ,,   | 3/a   | 4                                       | "   | "   | 172               |
| 6   | ,,   | ,,   | 38  | 2                                       | "   | "   | 192<br>199<br>214 |
| 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 44  | 2                                       | ,,  | "   | 214               |
| 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 48  | 4                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 215               |
| 3   | ,,   | ,,   | 48a   | 1                                       | ,,  | ,,  | 217a              |
|   |      |      |   |   |     |     |                   |



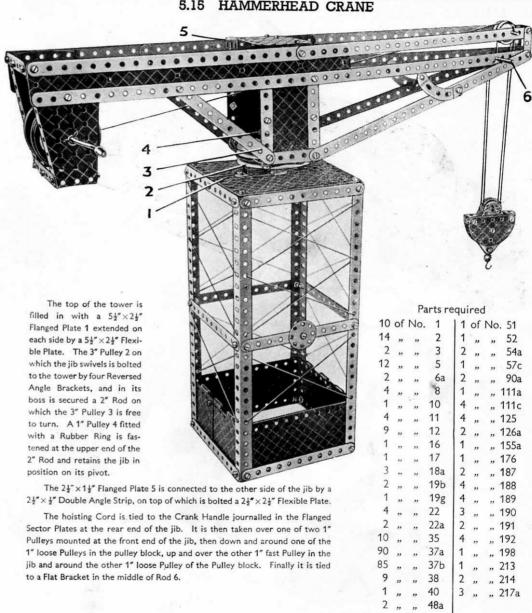
#### 5.14 MARINE ENGINE

Bearings for the crankshaft are provided on the rear side by a Flat Trunnion and a Reversed Angle Bracket bolted to it, and on the other side by a second Flat Trunnion and a 1½" Disc. A 3½" Rod is held in the rear bearings by a 1" Pulley and a Spring Clip, and in the other bearings is a 2" Rod, which is retained in place by a Bush Wheel and a Spring Clip.

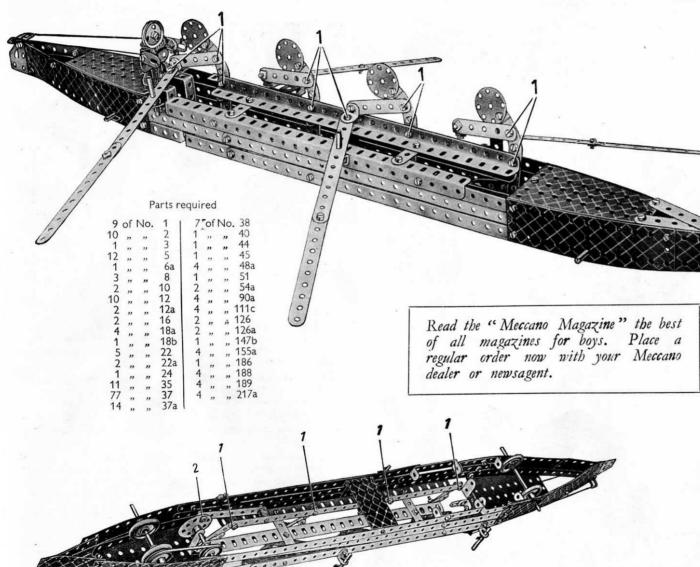
To the inner ends of these Rods are fastened 3" Pulleys that form the crank webs. A 2" Rod is pushed through the outer hole of one of these and then into a Reversed Angle Bracket bolted to the second Pulley. The Rod is held in place by four Spring Clips.



### 5.15 HAMMERHEAD CRANE



### 5.16 ROWING FOUR



Each side of the boat consists of an Angle Girder extended by  $12\frac{1}{2}$  "Strips, the one at the stern overlapping nine holes, and that at the bows overlapping eight holes. Two  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates are bolted to the  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips at the bows and stern as shown. The sides are filled in by  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips and  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips bolted to the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plates. Flanged Sector Plates form the deck and are bolted to the sides at their broad ends.

The hull is b-aced by a  $2\frac{1}{2}'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}''$  Flanged Plate bolted across it as shown in Fig. 5.16a. The rowing crew are carried on an Angle Girder bolted to two  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Strips fastened to the Angle Girders forming the sides. Each member of the crew consists of a  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  small radius Curved Strip overlapping a  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip three holes. A further  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip fitted with an Angle Bracket and bolted to the "body" forms the arms, and a  $1\frac{1}{4}''$  Disc represents the head. The four figures are pivotally attached to the Angle Girder in the positions shown. The lower end of the  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip forming part of the body of each figure is also pivotally attached to a  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  Strip underneath the boat. The oars are pivotally attached to the Angle Brackets and they also are pivoted on  $1\frac{1}{2}''$  Rods as shown.

The Nuts on Bolts 1 are left sufficiently loose to enable the oars to move easily, but for better working they should all be lock-nutted. To do this seven Nuts more than are included in the Outfit will be required.

The drive is taken from the Pulleys on which the model runs to the Rod carrying the Bush Wheel (Fig. 5.16a). The Bush Wheel is connected to the Pivot Bolt on the 12½" Strip by a 3½" Strip The Pivot Bolt carries six Washers on its shank. Bolt 2 should be lock-nutted.

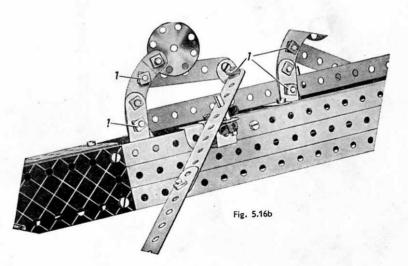


Fig. 5.16a

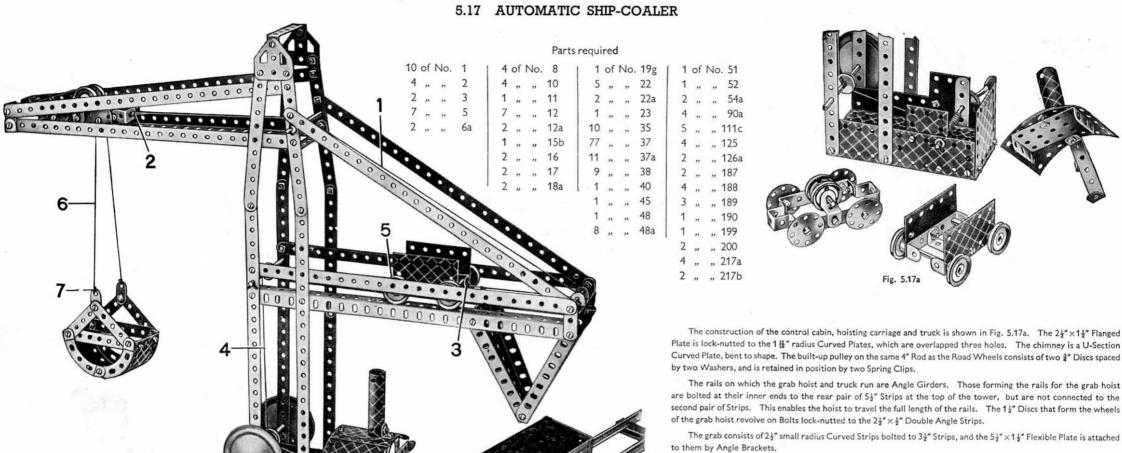


Plate is lock-nutted to the 1 1 radius Curved Plates, which are overlapped three holes. The chimney is a U-Section Curved Plate, bent to shape. The built-up pulley on the same 4" Rod as the Road Wheels consists of two 3" Discs spaced

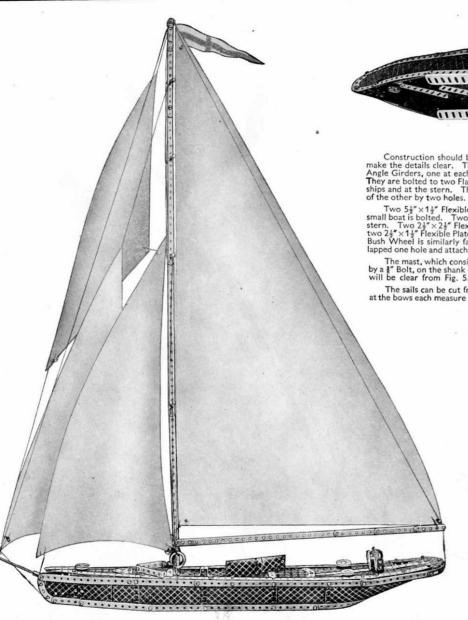
The rails on which the grab hoist and truck run are Angle Girders. Those forming the rails for the grab hoist are bolted at their inner ends to the rear pair of 5%" Strips at the top of the tower, but are not connected to the second pair of Strips. This enables the hoist to travel the full length of the rails. The 1 ‡" Discs that form the wheels

The grab consists of 2½" small radius Curved Strips bolted to 3½" Strips, and the 5½" ×1½" Flexible Plate is attached

The operating Cords are arranged as follows. Cord 1 is tied at 2 to the grab hoist, passed over a 34" Rod in the tower, and then around a 1½" Rod held by Spring Clips in a Double Bracket. Finally it is tied to the rear of the truck at 3. Cord 4 is fastened to the truck at 5, led over a ½" loose Pulley on a 3½" Rod halfway up the tower, and around the built-up pulley on the Rod that carries the Road Wheels. It is then wound around the Crank Handle.

Cord 6 is fastened to Flat Bracket 7 on the grab, and is taken over one of the 1" loose Pulleys on the grab hoist. It then passes through the end holes of the 1"×1" Angle Brackets at the end of the jib, and is led over the second 1" loose Pulley and finally tied to the other Flat Bracket on the grab.

The length of the grab operating Cord should be adjusted so that the grab reaches the tower at the same time as the truck reaches the inner end of the rails.



#### 5.18 RACING YACHT

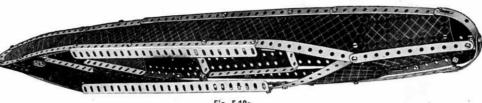


Fig. 5.18a

Construction should be commenced by building up the sides of the hull, and reference to the illustrations will make the details clear. The pin has been withdrawn from a Hinged Flat Plate, and the two parts are bolted to the Angle Girders, one at each side of the hull near the stern. The Strips along the sides of the deck are then added. They are bolted to two Flanged Sector Plates forming the forward part of the deck, and to two Angle Brackets amidships and at the stern. The Flanged Sector Plates are bolted so that the narrow end of one overlaps the broad end of the other by two holes.

Two  $5\frac{1}{2}''\times1\frac{1}{2}''$  Flexible Plates connect the rear Flanged Sector Plate to a  $5\frac{1}{2}''\times2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flanged Plate, to which the small boat is bolted. Two  $5\frac{1}{2}'''$  Strips overlapped three holes are fastened to the Flanged Plate and to a  $2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Strip at the stern. Two  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times2\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flexible Plates are bolted to this compound strip, together with a  $2\frac{1}{2}''\times1\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flanged Plate and two  $2\frac{1}{2}'''\times1\frac{1}{2}'''$  Flexible Plates. The 1" Pulleys are secured by Bolts that pass through the deck into their bosses. The Bush Wheel is similarly fastened to the Trunnion. The small boat consists of two U-Section Curved Plates overlapped one hole and attached to the deck by an Angle Bracket.

The mast, which consists of three  $12\frac{1}{2}$  Strips, a  $5\frac{1}{2}$  Strip and a  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Strip, is fastened between two Angle Brackets by a  $\frac{3}{4}$  Bolt, on the shank of which are four Washers between the Angle Brackets. The method of rigging the model will be clear from Fig. 5.18b.

The sails can be cut from white cardboard or stiff paper. The mainsail measures  $20'' \times 38'' \times 43''$ . The two sails at the bows each measure  $10'' \times 22'' \times 25''$ . The topsail is  $12'' \times 14'' \times 24''$ , and is 6'' in width at its widest part.

#### Parts required

| 10 | of | No. | 1   | 8   | of   | No.  | 35   | 1 1 | of N | 10. | 126a |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|
| 14 | "  | ,,  | 2   | 85  | ,,   | ,,   | 37   | 3   | ,,   | "   | 155a |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 3   | 4   | "    | ,,   | 37a  | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 176  |
| 12 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 14  | ,,   | ,,   | 38   | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 188  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 6a  | 1   | ,,   | "    | 40   | 4   | ,,   | "   | 189  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 8   | 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 45   | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 190  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 3   | ,,   | ,,   | 48a  | 2   | "    | ,,  | 191  |
| 10 | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 51   | 4   | ,,   | ,,  | 192  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 12a | 1   | ,,   | ,,   | 52   | 1   | "    | ,,  | 198  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 15  | 2   | . ,, | , ,, | 54a  | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 199  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 15b | 3   | ,,   | , "  | 90a  | 2   | ,,   | ,,  | 200  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 16  | 2   | ,,   | , ,, | 111a | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 212  |
| 3  | "  | "   | 22  | 6   | ,    | , "  | 111c | 1   | ,,   | ,,  | 214  |
| 1  | ,, | "   | 24  | 1 1 | ,    | , "  | 126  | 2   | "    | ,,  | 215  |

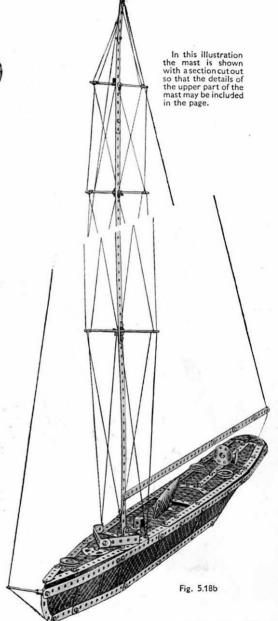


Fig. 5.19a



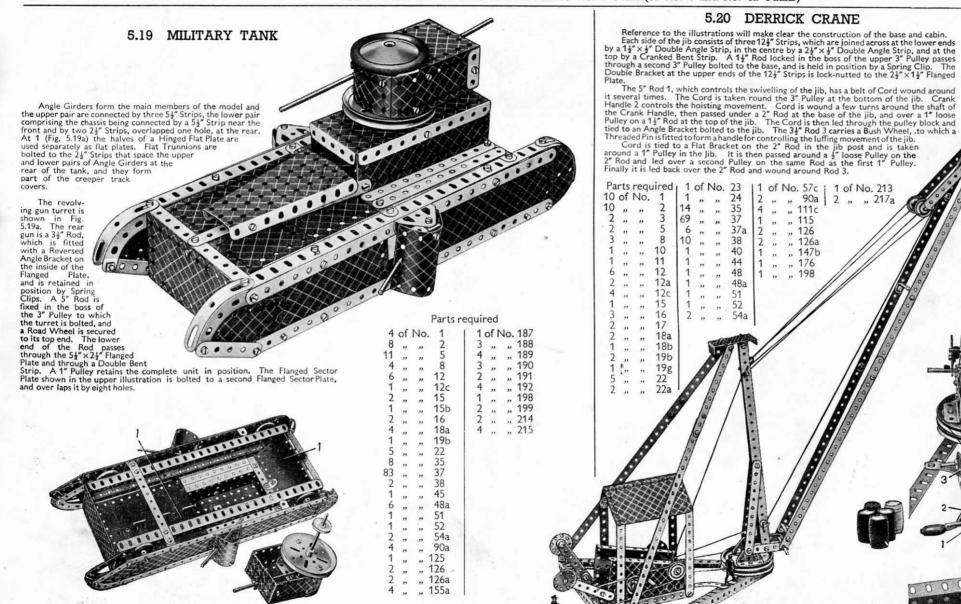


Plate.

The 5" Rod 1, which controls the swivelling of the jib, has a belt of Cord wound around it several times. The Cord is taken round the 3" Pulley at the bottom of the jib. Crank Handle 2 controls the hoisting movement. Cord is wound a few turns around the shaft of the Crank Handle, then passed under a 2" Rod at the base of the jib, and over a 1" loose Pulley on a 1½" Rod at the top of the jib. The Cord is then led through the pulley block and tied to an Angle Bracket bolted to the jib. The 3½" Rod 3 carries a Bush Wheel, to which a Threaded Pin is fitted to form a handle for controlling the luffing movement of the jib. Cord is tied to a Flat Bracket on the 2" Rod in the jib post and is taken around a 1" Pulley in the jib. It is then passed around a ½" loose Pulley on the 2" Rod and led over a second Pulley on the same Rod as the first 1" Pulley. Finally it is led back over the 2" Rod and wound around Rod 3. Finally it is led back over the 2" Rod and wound around Rod 3. 11 of No. 57c | 1 of No. 213 2 " " 90a 2 " " 217a Fig. 5.20a

## 5.21 ELEVATOR The two Flanged Sector Plates are connected to the $5\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate by Angle Brackets, and the four 124" Angle Girders are held in place by the same Bolts. Guides for the elevator are provided by four Cords, three of which are shown at 1. These are tied to Washers underneath the Flanged Plate, and at the top of the shaft are fastened to Angle Brackets held by Bolts 2. Cord 3 is tied to a Washer, and passes through the centre hole of the 21" × 1" Double Angle Strip at the top of the elevator. It then passes over the 3" Pulley 4, and finally is fastened to a Cord Anchoring Spring on a Crank Handle journalled in the 54" Strips that brace the elevator shaft. A length of Cord passes around the rim of the 3" Pulley 5 and is tied to the brake handle, which is a 34" Strip. This Strip is lock-nutted to a Trunnion fastened to a Flat Trunnion. The #" loose Pulley bolted to the 34" Strip maintains the brake band in tension. Parts required 2 of No. 22 48a 52 54a 126 126a ,, 176 187 189 190 191

#### 5.22 BIG WHEEL

Each rim of the wheel consists of four 12½" Strips bolted so that they overlap three holes. The rims are connected by 4" compound strips, and are secured by 6½" compound strips to a Bush Wheel and the inner holes of a 3" Pulley on the supporting shaft. The shaft consists of a 5" and a 4" Rod fastened together by a Rod Connector, and is journalled in the centre holes of two 1½" Discs secured to the ends of two 12½" Angle Girders bolted to the base. The base is formed by bolting 5½" Strips to the shorter flanges of a 5½" × 2½" Flanged Plate, and then extending the length of the Flanged Plate by a Flanged Sector Plate. The construction of the cars can be seen from the illustration.

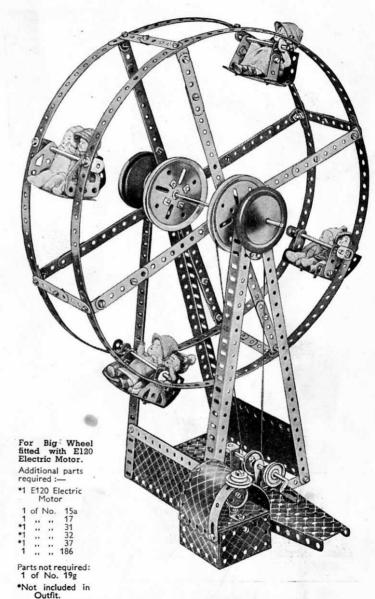
The drive is taken by Cord from a 1" Pulley on the shaft of a Crank Handle to a 3" Pulley on the shaft of the wheel. The Crank Handle is journalled in the holes of a Cranked Bent Strip bolted to the Flanged Sector Plate, and also in the upper hole of a 1½" × ½" Double Angle Strip fixed to the 5½" × 2½" Flanged Plate. The Flexible Plates forming the pay-box are joined together and secured to the framework of the model by 2½" × ½" Double Angle Strips.

Fig. 5.22a shows the Big Wheel driven by an E120 Electric Motor. The drive is taken through a Worm meshed with a 1" Gear, and the 1" Pulley held on a Rod in the Cranked Bent Strip is driven by a Driving Band that runs on the same Rod as the 1" Gear, in order to give a slow drive."

#### Parts required

| 8 of No. 1 14 " " 2 2 " " 3 11 " " 5 2 " " 6a 4 " " 8 5 " " 10 4 " " 11 12 " " 12 2 " " 12a 1 " " 15 1 " " 15 4 " " 16 2 " " 19b 1 " " 19g 3 " " 22 2 " " 22a 1 " " 23 | 1 of No. 24 9 " " 35 85 " " 37 3 " " 38 1 " " 40 1 " " 44 1 " " 48 4 " " 48a 1 " " 51 1 " " 52 1 " " 54a 3 " " 111c | 1 of No.125 2 " " 126 2 " " 126 1 " 147b 2 " 187 4 " 188 2 " 199 3 " 199 2 " 200 1 " 213 1 " 214 2 " 215 4 " 217a |
|--|---|---|
| 2 " " 22a<br>1 " " 23  |   | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000   |

Fig. 5.22a Sectional view showing Motor fitted



j

Every owner of a Meccano Outfit should join the Meccano Guild. This is a world-wide guild for boys, started at the request of boys and as far as possible conducted by boys. Write for full particulars and an application form to the Meccano

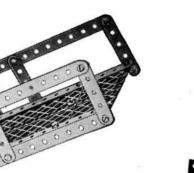
Guild Secretary, Binns Road, Liverpool, 13.

#### 5.23 BEAM BRIDGE

The bridge is pivoted one hole from its end on a 5" Rod, which is supported in two Reversed Angle Brackets bolted to two of the  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Angle Girders forming the supports for the beam. The sides of the beam consist of compound strips, and they are joined by  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips. The Road Wheels, which act as counterweights at the rear end of the beam, are fastened on a 4" Rod. The beam is pivoted 1" out of centre to the front on a 5" Rod, which is supported in two Reversed Angle Brackets bolted to the insides of the two Flat Trunnions at the tops of the towers.

The Crank Handle that controls the raising and lowering of the bridge is journalled near the lower ends of the rear beam supports, and is lengthened by joining a 3½" Rod to it by a Rod Connector. The operating Cord is fastened to the Crank Handle by a Spring Clip, wound around its shaft several times and then taken through the beam and back to the Crank Handle, where it is again tied. Cords attached to the front end of the beam are tied to Double Brackets fastened halfway along the sides of the bridge as shown. When not in use the Crank Handle is kept stationary by a Cord band brake tensioned by a Driving Band.

Fig. 5.23a shows the Beam Bridge arranged for operation by an E20b Electric Motor. The two 5½" Strips bracing the beam supports are removed, and the Motor is bolted in their place. The Driving Band 1 drives the 1" Pulley direct from the Rod carrying the ½" Pinion.



#### Parts required

|    |    |      | Parts | required   |
|----|----|------|-------|--|
| 10 | of | No.  | 1     | 4 of No.187  |
| 13 | ,, | ,,   | 2     | 2 " "188   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,   | 3     | 2 " " 189  |
| 10 | ,, | ,,   | 5     | 4 " " 190  |
| 4  | ,, | ,,   | 8     | 2 " " 191  |
| 5  | ,, | ,,   | 10    | 4 " " 192  |
| 2  | ,, | "    | 11    | 1 " " 213  |
| 8  | ,, | ,,   | 12    |  |
| 1  | "  | ,,   | 12a   | For Beam Bridg<br>fitted with E20  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,   | 15    | Electric Motor.  |
| 1  | "  | ,,   | 15b   | Additional parts   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,   | 16    | required :—<br>*1 E20b Electric  |
| 2  | ,, | ,,   | 19b   | Motor<br>*1 of No. 15  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,   | 19g   | *1 of No. 15<br>1 ., ., 22   |
| 1  | ,, | ,,   | 22    | *1 ., ,, 23a   |
| 4  |    |      | 35    | *1, 32   |
| 82 | "  | "    | 37    | 2 126  |
|    | "  | "    | 100   | 1 ., ., 186  |
| 1  | ,, | ,,   | 40    | 100 miles (100 miles ( |
| 7  | ,, | ,,   | 48a   | Parts not required :   |
|    | "  | ,,   | and a | 2 of No. 2   |
| 1  | "  | ,,   | 52    | 1 19g  |
| 4  | ,, | ,, 1 | 25    | 1 ., ,, 186a   |
| 2  | "  | 1    | 26a   | 1, 213   |
| 1  | "  |      | 86a   | *Not included in<br>Outfit.  |
|    |    |      |       |  |

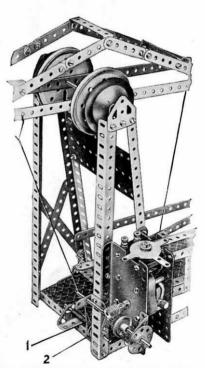


Fig. 5.23a Sectional view showing Motor fitted.

#### 5.24 PITHEAD GEAR

The rear side of the engine house consists of a Flanged Sector Plate and a 2½"×1½" Flanged Plate, which are bolted to an Angle Girder that forms part of the base of the model.

The  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Cylinder lock-nutted to the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate, is fitted at each end with  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Discs by passing a 3" Screwed Rod through holes in their circumferences and screwing Nuts on each end of it. The piston is a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod fitted with a Rod and Strip Connector, and is retained in position by a Cord Anchoring Spring on a Threaded Pin fastened to a Bush Wheel. A 5" Rod is journalled in the holes of the two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips at the head of the shaft, and it carries at its centre a 1" fast Pulley. On each side of the Pulley are a 3" Pulley and a Road Wheel.

A 4" Rod is held in place in the holes of the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips by Spring Clips, and directly below this Rod, at the bottom of the shaft, is a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod, which is supported in the holes of two Reversed Angle Brackets. This Rod carries a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " loose Pulley between two Spring Clips. The arrangement of the Cord forming the guides for the cage can be seen in the illustration. A length of Cord is tied through one of the holes in the 1" loose Pulley at the top of the cage, and is passed over the 1" fast Pulley between the two 3" Pulleys at the top of the shaft. It is then wound six times around the 5" Rod in the engine house, and then led around the  $\frac{1}{2}$ " loose Pulley. Finally the Cord is tied to another hole in the 1" loose Pulley.

Fig. 5.24a shows the Pithead Gear adapted for Clockwork Motor drive. The Motor is bolted to the Angle Girder at the base, and the drive is taken from the 1" Pulley fastened on the Motor shaft to a 1" Pulley on the 5" Rod carrying the Bush Wheel.

Parts required

|    |    |     |     |          |         | 1 41 13 1 | equil eu |             |
|----|----|-----|-----|----------|---------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| 10 | of | No. | . 1 | 1 2 of 1 | No. 12a | 1 5 of 1  | No. 22   | 1 of No. 48 |
| 14 | ,, | ,,  | 2   | 4 "      | " 12c   | 1 "       | " 22a    | 7 " " 48a   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 3   | 2 "      | " 15    | 1 "       | " 23     | 1 " " 51    |
| 11 | ,, | ,,  | 5   | 1        | " 15a   | 1 "       | " 24     | 1 " " 52    |
| 1  | ,, | ,,  | 6a  | 1 "      | " 15b   | 9 "       | " 35     | 1 " " 54a   |
| 4  | ,, | ,,  | 8   | 1 "      | " 16    | 85 "      | " 37     | 1 " " 80c   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 10  | 1 "      | " 17    | 4 "       | " 37a    | 1 " "111a   |
| 2  | ,, | ,,  | 11  | 2 "      | " 19b   | 10 "      | " 38     | 3 " "111c   |
| 5  | ,, | ,,  | 12  | 1 ,      | " 19g   | 1 ,,      | ,, 40    | 1 " " 115   |

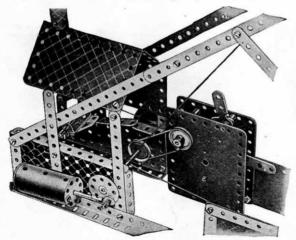


Fig. 5.24a Sectional view showing Motor fitted.

|                               | of P  | ۷٥. | 125                 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|---------------------|
| 1                             | "     | "   | 120                 |
| 1                             | ,,    | "   | 126a                |
| 2                             | ,,    | ,,  | 126a<br>155a<br>176 |
| 1                             | ,,    | ,,  | 176                 |
| 1                             | ,,    | ,,  | 186                 |
| 3                             | ,,    | ,,  | 187                 |
| 3                             |       |     | 188                 |
| 4                             | ••    |     | 189                 |
| 4                             |       |     | 190                 |
| 1                             |       |     | 191                 |
| 4                             | ,,    |     | 192                 |
| 1                             | "     | "   | 198                 |
| 1 1 2 1 1 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 | "     | "   | 199                 |
| 1                             | "     | "   | 212                 |
| !                             | "     | "   | 214                 |
| 1                             | "     | "   | 216                 |
| 1                             | ,,    | ,,  | 212<br>216<br>217a  |
| -                             | - 324 |     | -1 Dia              |

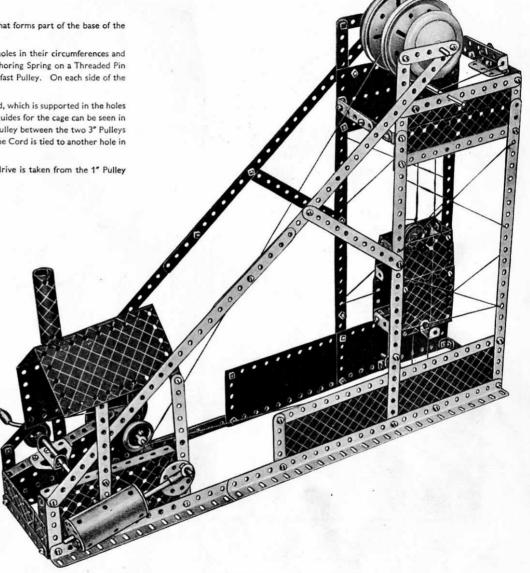
2 (11 425

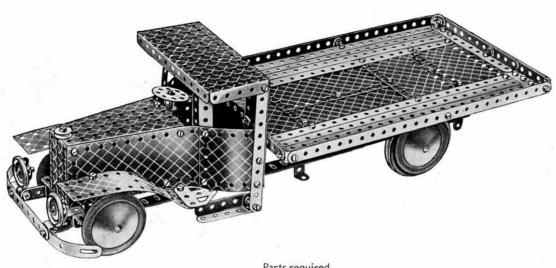
For model Pithead Gear fitted with No. la or No. 2 Clockwork Motor.

Additional Parts required:—

\*1 No. 1a or No. 2 Clockwork Motor Parts not required 2 of No. 155a

 Not included in Outfit.





|       |    |     |                | i ai LS i Ci | quireu           |               |              |
|-------|----|-----|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|
| 10 of | No | . 1 | 1 12 of No. 11 | 1 of No. 17  | 1 6 of No. 37a 1 | 6 of No. 111c | 2 of No. 189 |
| 12 "  | ,, | 2   | 8 " " 12       | 2 " " 19b    | 12 ,, ,, 38      | 2 125         | 2 ,, ,, 191  |
| 1 "   | ,, | 3   | 2 " " 12a      | 2 " " 22     | 8 " " 48a        | 2 " " 126     | 4 ,, ,, 192  |
| 9 "   | ,, | 5   | 1 " " 12c      | 1 ,, ,, 23   | 1 ,, ,, 51       | 2 " " 126a    | 1 ,, ,, 198  |
| 2 "   | ,, | 6a  | 1 " " 15       | 1 ,, ,, 24   | 1 ,, ,, 52       | 2 " "155a     | 2 ,, ,, 200  |
| 4 "   | ,, | 8   | 1 " " 15b      | 4 " " 35     | 2 " " 54a        | 4 " " 187     | 1 ,, ,, 213  |
| 2     |    | 10  | 1 16           | 85 37        | 2 111a           | 3 188         | 2 215        |

# 

Fig. 5.25b. Sectional view showing Motor fitted.

#### For Motor Lorry fitted with No. 1 Clockwork Motor Additional Parts required:—

\*1 No. 1 Clock-work Motor

1 of No. 22

\*1 , , , 23a

\*4 , , , 37

\*1 , , 63

1 , , 186a

Parts not required

1 of No. 213

\*Not included in Outfit.

# 5.25 MOTOR LORRY

The chassis of the lorry consists of two side members each built up from two  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " Angle Girders overlapped 14 holes, and joined at each end by  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ " Double Angle Strips. The front Road Wheels are mounted on a 5" Rod passed through the side members of the chassis, and the back Road Wheels are secured on a compound rod consisting of a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " and a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Rod joined by a Rod Connector and journalled in a similar manner.

Flanged Sector Plates form the top and base for the bonnet and radiator. The narrow end of the bonnet is bolted to the centre hole of the  $2\frac{t}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}'''$  Double Angle Strip joining the forward ends of the chassis, and the wider end is attached to the centre of a  $5\frac{t}{2}'''$  Strip bolted across the chassis. The sides of the bonnet are  $5\frac{t}{2}''' \times 2\frac{t}{2}'''$  Flexible Plates, and are bolted to the flanges of the Flanged Sector Plates. The radiator is a  $2\frac{t}{2}'' \times 1\frac{t}{2}'''$  Flanged Plate, which is fastened by its flanges to the forward ends of the two Flanged Sector Plates. The radiator cap is represented by a  $\frac{t}{2}'''$  loose Pulley. The bumper consists of a  $3\frac{t}{2}'''$  Strip, to the ends of which are bolted 3''' Formed Slotted Strips, and it is fastened to the front end of the chassis by  $1''' \times 1'''$  Angle Brackets and  $1\frac{t}{2}''''$  Strips.

The platform of the lorry is secured to the chassis at the front by  $2\frac{1}{2}" \times \frac{1}{2}"$  Double Angle Strips and at the rear by Trunnions and  $2\frac{1}{2}"$  Strips.

Fig. 5.25b shows the Motor Lorry fitted with a No. 1 Clockwork Motor. The Motor is held to the chassis by four Bolts, and a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " fast Pulley is fastened to the Motor shaft as shown. The drive is transmitted by a Driving Band to a 1" Pulley on the rear axle.

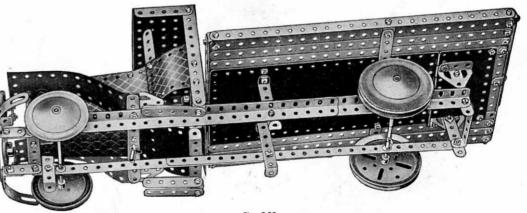


Fig. 5.25a

## MECCANO MOTORS FOR OPERATING MECCANO MODELS-

If you want to obtain the fullest enjoyment from the Meccano hobby you should operate your models by means of one of the Meccano Motors described on this page. You push over the control lever of the clockwork or electric Motor and immediately your Crane,

Motor Car, Ship Coaler or Windmill commences to work in exactly the same manner as its prototype in real life.

Each Motor is specially designed for building into Meccano models:

#### MECCANO CLOCKWORK MOTORS

These are the finest clockwork motors obtainable for model driving. They have exceptional power and length of run and their gears are cut with such precision as to make them perfectly smooth and steady in operation.

Meccano Clockwork Motors are specially suitable for small models built with a limited range of parts. They are extremely simple to operate and have the advantage of being self contained.



#### THE MECCANO MAGIC MOTOR

The Meccano Magic Motor is well designed and strongly constructed and is fitted with a powerful spring giving a long and steady run. It is non-reversing. Each Motor is supplied with a separate \( \frac{1}{2} \) fast Pulley and three pairs of Driving Bands of different lengths.

A Magic Motor is the best power unit for driving small models built from Outfits Nos. O to 5. The larger Clockwork Motors No. 1, No. 1a and No. 2, and the various Electric Motors, are more suitable for driving the heavier models built from Outfits 5 to 10.



#### No. 1 Clockwork Motor

This strongly built and efficient Motor is fitted with a powerful spring that gives a long and steady run, and is exceptionally smooth in action. The Motor is provided with a conveniently placed brake lever by means of which it can be started and stopped. The Motor is of the non-reversing type.



No. 2 Clockwork Motor.

#### No. la Clockwork Motor

This Motor is more powerful than the No. 1 Motor and is fitted with reversing motion. It has brake and reverse levers.

#### No. 2 Clockwork Motor

This is a Motor of super quality. Brake and reverse levers enable it to be started, stopped or reversed, as required.

#### MECCANO ELECTRIC MOTORS

The Meccano Electric Motors shown here have been designed specially to provide smooth-running power units for the operation of Meccano models.



#### No. El Electric Motor (6 volt)

This Motor (non-reversing) will give excellent service. It is operated through a Meccano T6A, T6 or T6M Transformer from alternating current mains, or from a 6-volt accumulator.

#### No.E120 Electric Motor (20 volt)

The E120 Electric Motor is operated through a Meccano T20A, T20 or T20M Transformer from alternating current supply mains. Non-reversing.



#### No. E6 Electric Motor (6 volt)

This fine Motor is fitted with reversing motion and provided with stopping and starting controls. It can be operated through a Meccano T6A, T6 or T6M Transformer from the mains (alternating current) or from a 6-volt accumulator.

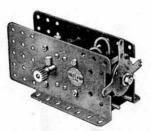


#### No. EO6 Electric Motor (6 volt)

This strongly-built non-reversing Motor of the all-enclosed type will drive all the models built from Outfits up to No. 5, and also some of the lighter models built from Outfits 6 to 8. It can be operated through a Meccano T6A T6 or T6M Transformer from the mains, providing the supply is alternating current, or from a 6-volt accumulator.

#### No. EO20 Electric Motor (20 volt)

The EO20 is a powerful non-reversing Motor of similar construction to the EO6 Motor illustrated above. It is designed to work from alternating current mains supply through a Meccano T20A, T20 or T20M Transformer.



#### No.E20b Electric Motor (20 volt)

This 20-volt Electric Motor is an extremely efficient power unit, fitted with reversing motion and provided with stopping and starting controls. It is operated through a Meccano T20A, T20 or T20M Transformer from alternating current supply mains.

#### MECCANO TRANSFORMERS

There are six Transformers in the series, as described below, all of which are available for the following A.C. supplies:—100/110 volts, 50 cycles; 200/225 volts, 50 cycles; 225/250 volts, 50 cycles. Any of the Transformers can be specially wound for supplies other than these at a small extra charge. When ordering a Transformer the voltage and frequency of the supply must always be stated.



No. T20A Transformer



No. T6 Transformer

## FOR 20-volt ELECTRIC MOTORS

No. T20A TRANSFORMER (Output 35 VA at 20/3½ volts). Has two separate circuits at 20 volts, one of which is controlled by a 5-stud speed regulator, and a third circuit at 3½ volts for lighting up to 14 lamps.

No. T20 TRANSFORMER (Output 20 VA at 20-volts). Has one 20-volt circuit controlled by a 5-stud speed regulator.

No. T20M TRANSFORMER (Output 20 VA at 20-volts). This Transformer is provided with one 20-volt circuit, but is not fitted with speed regulator.

# FOR 6-volt ELECTRIC MOTORS

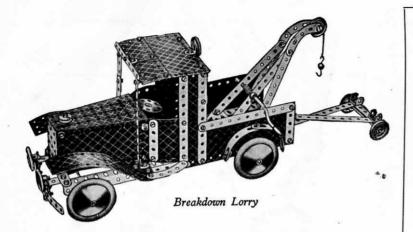
No. T6A TRANSFORMER (Output 40 VA at 9/3½ volts). Has two separate circuits at 9-volts, one of which is controlled by a 5-stud speed regulator, and a third circuit at 3½ volts for lighting up to 18 lamps.

No. T6 TRANSFORMER (Output 25 VA at 9 volts). Has one 9-volt circuit and is fitted with a 5-stud speed regulator.

No. T6M TRANSFORMER (Output 25 VA at 9 volts). Has one 9-volt circuit, but is not fitted with a speed regulator.

#### Resistance Controllers

By means of these Controllers the speed of Meccano 6-volt and 20-volt Motors can be regulated exactly as desired.

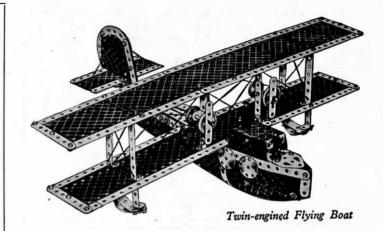


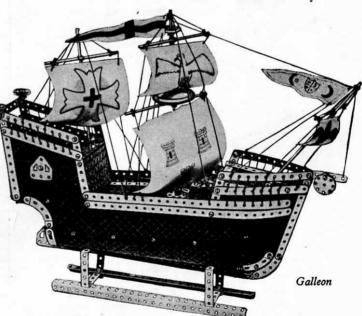
#### BUILD BIGGER AND BETTER MODELS

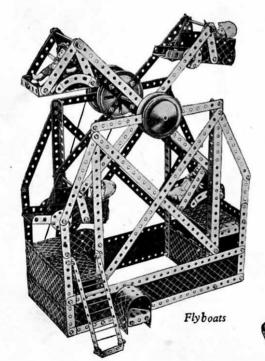
When you have built all the models shown in this Manual you will be keen to build bigger and more elaborate models. Your next step is to purchase a Meccano No. 5a Accessory Outfit containing all the parts required to convert your No. 5 into a No. 6 Outfit. You will thus be able to build the full range of No. 6 Outfit models, a selection of which is illustrated on this page and opposite.

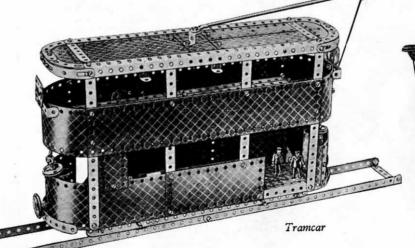
If you prefer to do so, you can build up and develop your Outfit quite easily by adding various parts to it from time to time. The model-building possibilities of the Meccano System are limitless, and the more Meccano parts you have, the bigger and better the models you will be able to build.

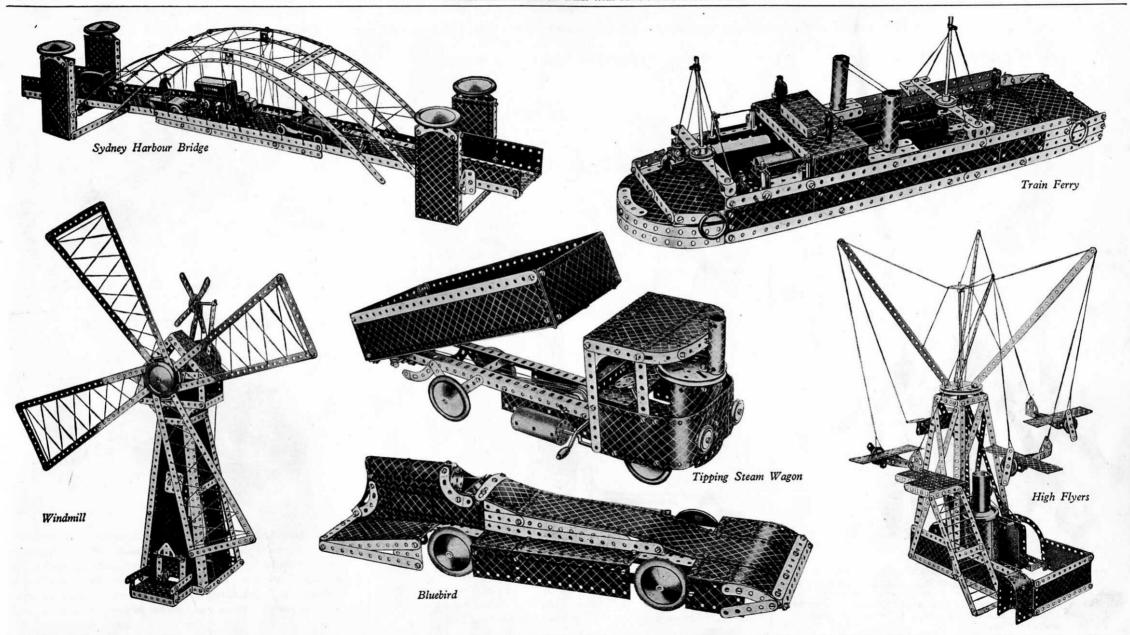
Ask your dealer to post you regularly the latest Meccano parts lists and other Meccano literature.





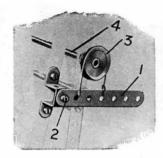




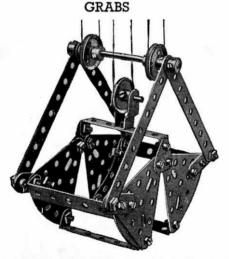


## Here are a few simple and interesting movements showing how easily real mechanisms can be reproduced with Meccano.

#### STRAP AND LEVER BRAKE



This device will be found very useful as a quick emergency handbrake. Although it is the simplest of such devices, it is also one of the most valuable and can be used in a great variety of models.



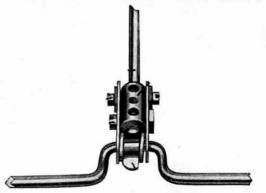
Here is a typical example of the many kinds of grab that can be constructed from Meccano. If the grab is fitted to a model crane or ship-coaler, all its movements can be controlled from an operating box built into the frame of the model. The outer sides of the jaws may be filled in with cardboard and the grab can then be used to pick up loads of sand, grain, marbles, etc.

#### INTERMITTENT ROTARY MOTION



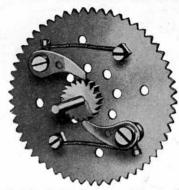
Intermittent rotary motion can be obtained by means of the above device. Such an arrangement is useful in revolution counters, measuring machines, etc. In addition to mechanisms that give true intermittent motion, different types of cams that convert a regular rotary motion into a constant or intermittent reciprocating motion can be constructed.

#### BIG END FOR MECCANO CRANKSHAFT



A Spring Clip is first clipped on to the centre of the cranked portion of the Crankshaft, and on each side of this is carried a Washer. On the outside of each of the Washers is placed a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip, and these are connected together by means of a Coupling. A  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Bolt passes completely through the two  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Strips at their centre holes and also through the inner transverse tapped hole of the Coupling. The outer tapped holes are fitted with Set-Screws, under the heads of which a Washer is placed.

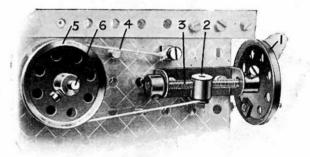
#### PAWL AND RATCHET MOVEMENT



By means of this device it is possible to construct certain types of automatic brakes and free wheels.

The illustration shows the method of building up a free-wheel unit.

#### STRAP AND SCREW BRAKE



The type of brake shown above is used to apply a constant retarding effect to a rotating shaft. It can thus be utilised in a crane to prevent the load from falling back when the winding spindle is released. An advantage of the brake is that the speed of the shaft to which it is applied can be varied as required; the retarding action of the brake cannot vary when once set unless the hand wheel is turned.

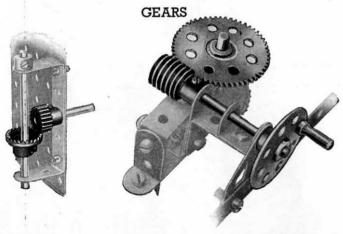
#### WORM AND PINION BEARING



The compact rear axle drive unit illustrated above is intended chiefly for use in small models of motor cars. Two Corner Angle Brackets are secured by Bolts passing through their elongated holes to a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip, to which a Double Bent Strip also is secured. The Rod carrying the Worm is passed through the centre hole of the Strips and held in position by a Collar.

The driven Rod is journalled in the Corner Angle Brackets and carries a Pinion that engages with the Worm.

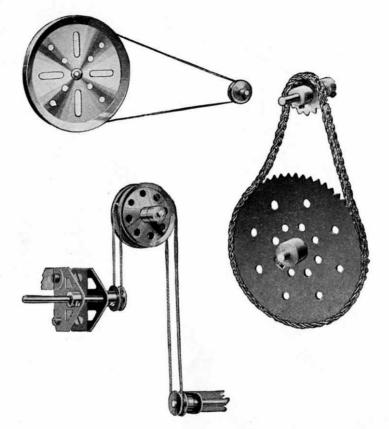
A feature of this bearing that should not be overlooked is that the useful gear ratio of 25:1 is provided by employing a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Pinion.



The Meccano system includes a wide range of Gear Wheels, Bevel Gears, Pinion Wheels, Contrate Wheels and Worms in various sizes. All manner of interesting movements can be obtained by the use of these gears.

How a drive can be transmitted from a vertical to a horizontal shaft or vice versa, is shown on the left. On the right the Worm engaged with a Gear Wheel, gives a very great reduction in shaft speed.

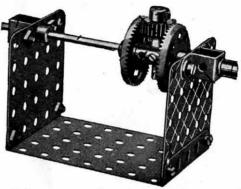
#### BELT AND CHAIN DRIVES



Above we show examples of belt and chain drive. The movements illustrated require no explanation excepting, perhaps, the lower belt drive, which shows a simple method for transmitting the drive from one shaft to another when the shafts are not in line.

Cords usually take the place of belts in Meccano models but miniature belting can be made from strips of canvas, indiarubber, etc., in which case Flanged Wheels should be used instead of grooved Pulleys.

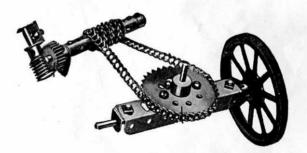
#### EPICYCLIC TRANSMISSION GEAR



Practically every type of mechanical power transmission gear can be reproduced with Meccano.

The device illustrated is designed to provide a gear ratio between two shafts mounted in direct line with one another. Its chief merit lies in the compactness of its construction and lack of external bearings.

#### STEERING GEARS



The various types of steering mechanism commonly in use on vehicles of all descriptions can readily be reproduced with Meccano.

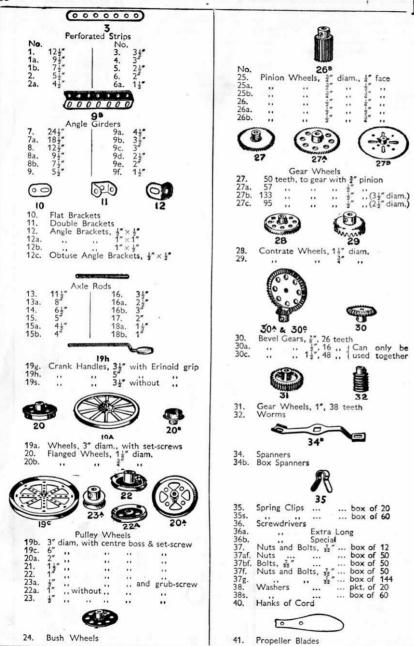
In the example illustrated, the road wheels are controlled by an endless Sprocket Chain operated by a Worm and Pinion mechanism,

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Meccano parts, an illustrated list of which is given in the following pages, combine to form a complete miniature engineering system with which practically any movement known in mechanics can be correctly reproduced. New parts are always being introduced in order to keep Meccano model-building in line with the most modern engineering requirements. The greatest care is taken in the designing of these parts to ensure that they function exactly as their counterparts in actual engineering practice. Ask your dealer for the latest complete illustrated price list and ask him also to keep you advised of all new parts that are added to the system.

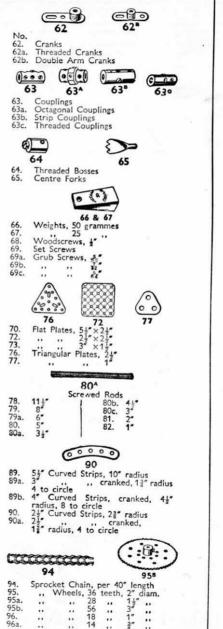
# MECCANO PARTS

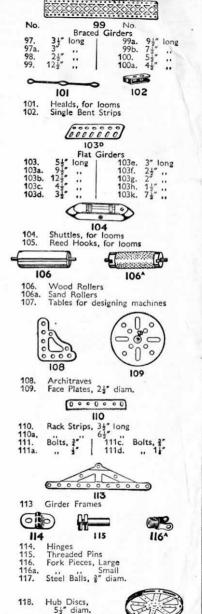


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|   | No. 43.  | Springs  44  45  Cranked Bent Strips  |
|   | 46.<br>47.<br>47a.<br>48a.<br>48b.<br>48c.<br>48d. | 1½" × ½" 2½" × ½" 3½" × ½" 4½" × ½"   |
|   | 50a.   | Eye Pieces, with boss   |
|   | 51.<br>52.<br>52a.<br>53a.                         | 52<br>Flanged Plates, 24" × 14"   |
|   | 54a.   | Flanged Sector Plates, 4½* long   |
|   | <b>55.</b><br>55 <b>a.</b>                         | Perforated Strips, slotted, 5½ long   |
|   | 57.<br>57a.<br>57b.<br>57c.                        | 57° 57° 57<br>Hooks<br>Scientific<br>Loaded, Large<br>Loaded, Small                 |
|   |  | -\$58   |
|   | 58.<br>58a.<br>58b.                                | Spring Cord, 40° Length<br>Coupling Screws for Spring Cord<br>Hooks for Spring Cord |
|   | 59.  | Collars, with grub-screws   |
|   | 61.  | Windmill Sails  |

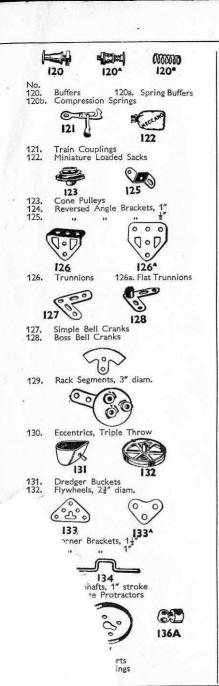
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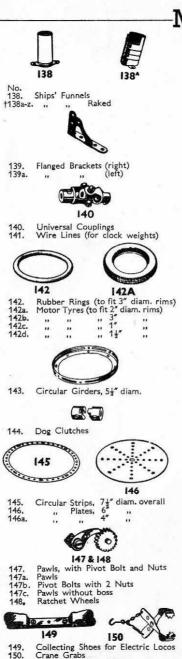
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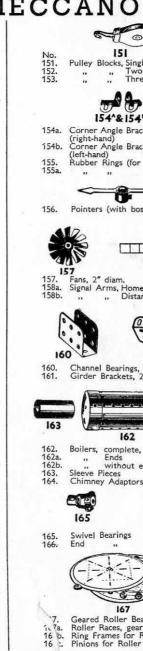


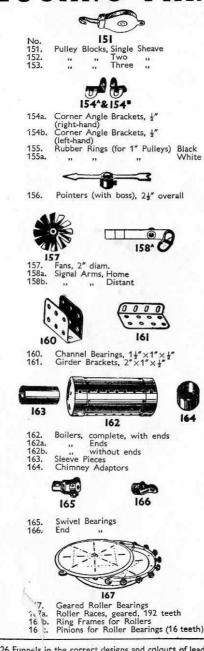


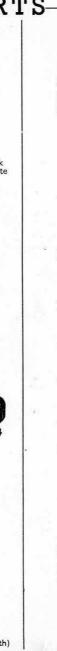
## MECCANO PARTS

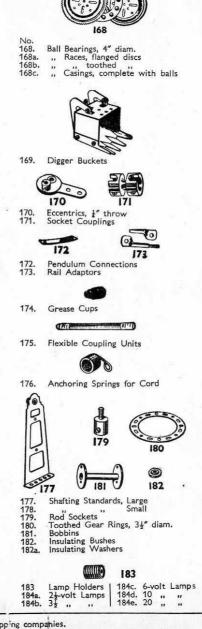


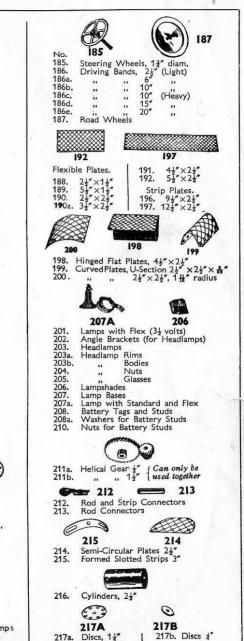












Wheel Discs

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